



Wairoa Wastewater Scheme

Presbyterian Methodist Hall,
28 November 2017



**What should
Wairoa do with its
wastewater?**



The Journey so far

VISION



1) long-term goal is removing wastewater discharges from the Wairoa River

2) commitment to improving river health not just related to wastewater – but in a holistic way

Includes

- implementing improvements for managing wastewater,
- and improving catchment water quality.

THE STARTING POINT



Reconsenting treated wastewater discharges from Wairoa District Council's current wastewater treatment plant needs reconsenting – need to consider alternatives

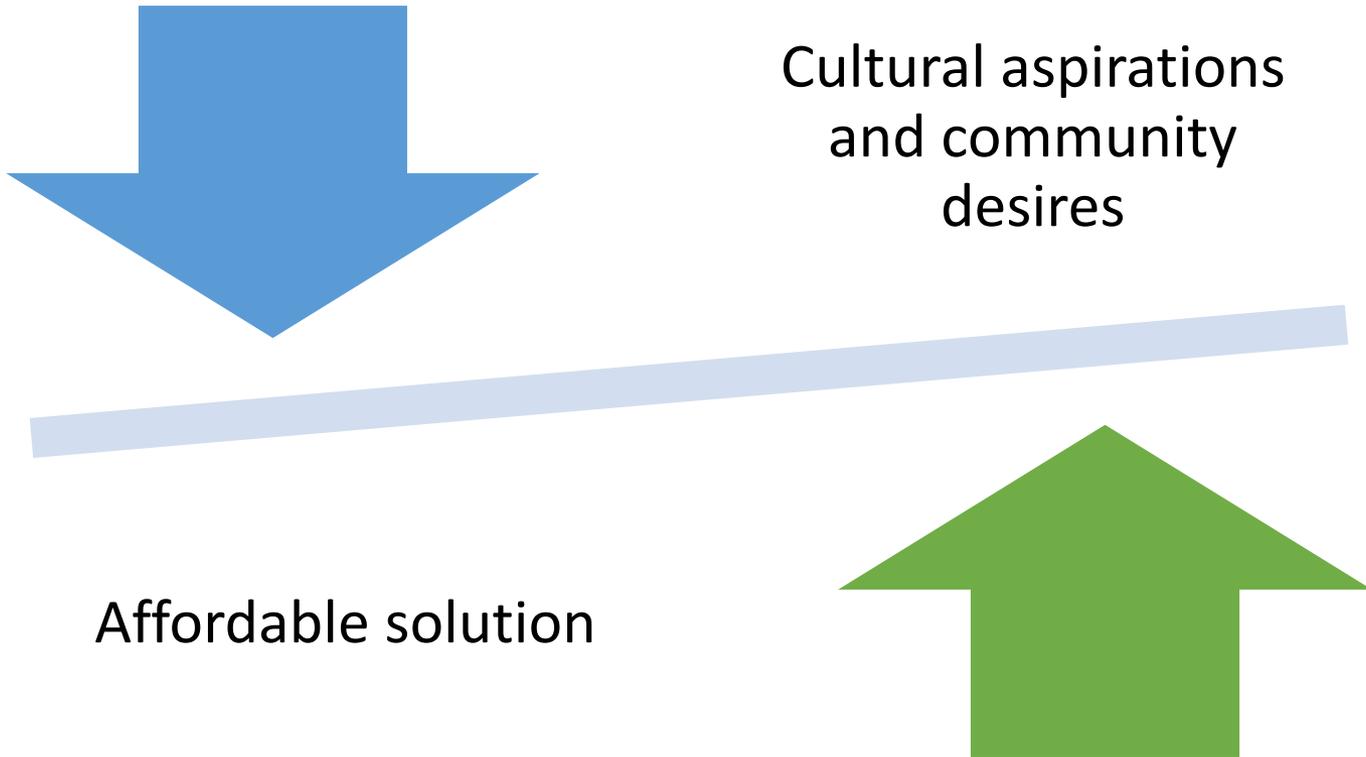
Current system **not considered acceptable by many** - despite not having any significant measurable effects

Exact effects and impact likely being masked condition of the river as a whole

The community would like to see water quality in their river improved.



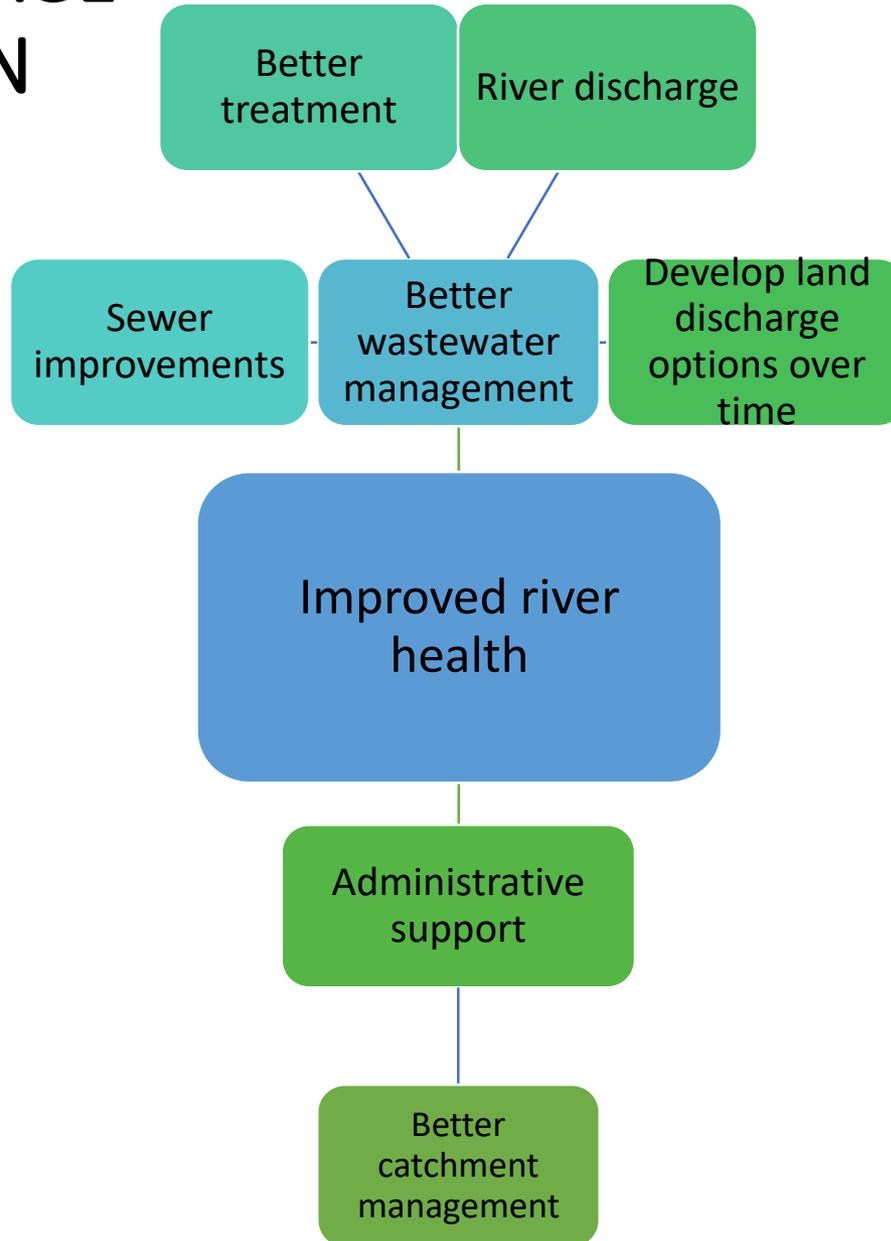
THE INTENT



‘Quick wins’ possible in the short term

- improving effluent quality
- irrigating land close to the wastewater treatment plant

THE PACKAGE - INTENTION



THE PACKAGE - OVERVIEW



Now

- 100 % River discharge



A - Soon

- Sand filter system
- UV treatment before river discharge
- Look at some land application (irrigation)



B - Interim

- As with Soon, but more and larger irrigation areas
- Investigate and construct some storage ponds



C - Future

- As much as possible applied to land
- Possibly only when significant storms there is discharge to river

THE PACKAGE DETAILS



Wastewater Infrastructure Improvements

•Extra treatment

- Filtration - sand/media to remove algae and particulate
- Disinfection - Ultra Violet Light Treatment to reduce bugs even further than current treatment

•Reticulation upgrades

- Sewer pipe replacement
- Pump station upgrades

•Discharge management

- Ceasing illegal connections
- Add storage to allow for continuous slower discharge rate
- Maintain existing discharge
- Make upgrades
- Change to 24/7 discharge
- Make changes over time

Wastewater Irrigation

•Irrigate neighbouring land

- Adjacent land
- Potentially council land including Landfill forestry
- Other farmers in area as needed
- Provide some storage to reduce summer river discharge
- Develop over time based on willingness and funding

Catchment Advocacy

- Contribute to driving catchment improvements
- WDC to be part of catchment decisions
- Work with HBRC and community to make changes
- Work with community to create opportunities
- Partial funding of catchment administration



THE OPTIONS

Many and varied

Many are technically challenged

Many too expensive for the community

Include

- continuing the existing discharge,
- modifying the existing discharge potentially with additional treatment,
- using an ocean outfall and
- various forms of land application.



CONSIDERATIONS

Need to balance

- level of investment required – Parts A, B or C
- potential improvements and benefits from investing

Need to decide on

- minimum level of treatment
- costs
- whether investment is proportionate to the improvement in Wairoa River i.e. better gains with money spent elsewhere

Remember

- **wastewater management is a modern phenomenon that largely didn't exist 100 years ago,**



OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

Manage unique wastes

- commercial wastes
- mortuary waste and
- hospital waste

Reticulation improvements

- reduce stormwater and groundwater entering the system
- pump station capacity improvements



IMPLICATIONS

Financial

- Costs to be affordable to rate payers (\$5 million project = \$200/yr or \$4/wk rate increase over 30 years) - Part A

Cultural

- Inclusion of land for filtration and ideally no wastewater going directly into river

Environmental

- Improved bug removal and ideally minimal wastewater going to water

Recreational

- Limited wastewater entering water and improved bug removal

TIMING



Within 5 Years

- Improvement of areas of the reticulation system (i.e. pipe relining)
- Improve treatment of effluent discharging from the WWTP to the estuary, allowing for 24 hour discharge
- Add an area of irrigation (<50 ha) close to treatment ponds
- WDC to advocate for Wairoa River Catchment initiatives

Within 10 years

- Expand wastewater irrigation area to WDC forestry block (landfill area) and neighbouring land
- Continue reticulation improvements
- Develop storage capacity to make treatment more effective and irrigation options more viable
- Catchment projects underway (i.e. riparian planting and retirement of grazing land in priority sub-catchments)

Within 20 years

- Further irrigation areas identified and infrastructure put in place (i.e. up to 300 ha of irrigation)
- Catchment project works have covered 50% of the catchment area

Within 30 years

- Removal of all (or most) wastewater discharge to the river
- Further irrigation areas identified (i.e. up to 600 ha of irrigation)
- Up to 70% of the catchment area has had project works established and maintenance of these areas will be ongoing

COSTS



Gradual implementation over time starting with additional treatment;

Part A - target \$5 million or about \$200 per connection per year (\$4/wk)

If additional funding could do more – Parts B and C

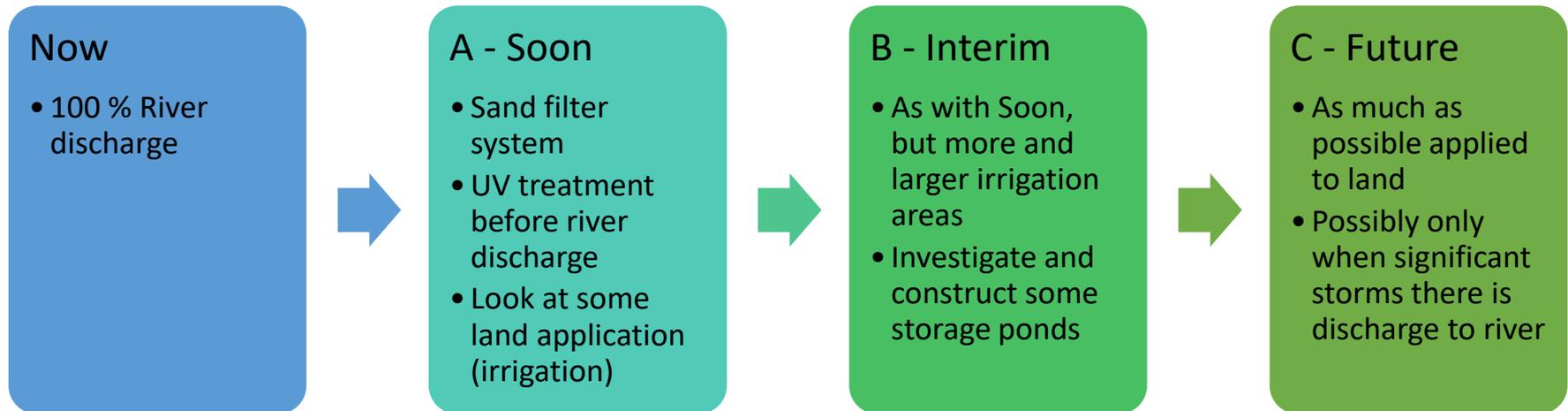
FINAL NOTE



it has taken more than 100 years for the river to reach its current condition

fixing it will not happen overnight

THE PACKAGE - SUMMARY



NEXT



What do you think?

What is right

What is good?

What is Wrong?

Why is it right or wrong?

FEEDBACK



When

- On going
- Good to have some by 8 December
- Council meeting to discuss 13 December
- Recommendation to Council early Feb 2018

How

- Now
- Next couple days
- Email
- Web
- Phone



End

- Extra slides follow



THE SOLUTION

Long term sustainable wastewater solution

- requires multiple angles to be considered to improve river health
- opportunities exist and are needed to improve the Mauri of the Wairoa River

Both objectives can work alongside each other, and potentially can be complementary when addressed as a **Package**.

SUMMARY – INVESTIGATIONS & TECHNICAL INFORMATION



A range of technical reports have been completed summarising background information. These relate to various areas of the wastewater system, the environment and the management of such a system. These reports assist with developing options along with engagement with the community and affected parties.

Reticulation	Treatment	Water	Land	Tangata Whenua	Planning
<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Wastewater flows and modelling investigated	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Analysis of current treatment and flows entering the wastewater treatment ponds	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•River monitoring and assessment of water quality around the outfall pipe	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Land assessment and costs for wastewater irrigation suitability around Wairoa	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Identification of sites of significance and worldview on Wairoa wastewater	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Policy documentation identified – Freshwater and Coastal and Options for wastewater identified

Please visit the Wairoa District Council Website for further information
<http://www.wairoadc.govt.nz/services/water/wastewater/>



SUMMARY – OPTIONS & COSTS

Status Quo

- 1.1 Status Quo
- 1.2 River-low bugs/24-hour continuous discharge

< \$2 M

River

- 2.1 River-low bugs
- 2.2 River-low bugs/HRLP-OLF
- 2.3 River-HRLP-OLF
- 2.4 River-50% flow/low bugs/HRLP-OLF
- 2.5 River(new)-low bugs -HRLP-OLF

\$2 - 5 M

Ocean

- 3.1 Ocean
- 3.2 Ocean-HRLP-OLF

\$15 - 20 M

Land

Rule of thumb:

$\$5 \text{ M} = \$200/\text{y} = \$4/\text{wk}$

$\$10 \text{ M} = \$400/\text{y} = \$8/\text{wk}$

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gation rate 1
uffer/irrigation rate 1
uffer/irrigation rate 1
ation rate 2
gation rate 2
uffer/irrigation rate 2
uffer/irrigation rate 2

> \$20 M

Combo

- 5.1 Combo-River/land-HRLP-OLF/14 day sto
- 5.2 Combo-River/land-HRLP-OLF/90 day sto
- 5.3 Combo-50% flow/River/land-HRLP-OLF/14
- 5.4 Combo-50% flow/River/land-HRLP-OLF/90 day

\$10 < 20 M

