

Extraordinary Meeting of Council

AGENDA

To adopt the 2016/17 Annual Plan

1.00pm Wednesday 22 June 2016

Council Chamber, Wairoa District Council, Coronation Square, Wairoa.

The agenda and associated papers are also available on our website: www.wairoadc.govt.nz

For further information please contact us 06 838 7309 or by email info@wairoadc.govt.nz



Agenda

<u>Chairman:</u> His Worship the Mayor Mr C Little

Councillors: D. Eaglesome-Karekare (Deputy Mayor), M Bird, B Cairns, H Flood, J

Harker, M Johansen.

Pages

Procedural Items

- 1. Karakia
- 2. Apologies for Absence
- 3. Declarations of Conflict of Interest
- 4. Public Participation

A maximum of 30 minutes has been set aside for members of the public to speak on any item on the agenda. Up to 3 minutes per person is allowed.

General Items

5. Adoption of the 2016/17 Annual Paln

3-150

A Morton - Chief Financial Officer

NB: Funding Impact Statement and the Indicative Rating Sample will be distributed as soon as available via an addendum

6. Resolution to set Rates for the year commencing 1st July 2016 to 151-152 30th June 2017

A Morton – Chief Financial Officer

NB: Appendix 1 will be distributed as soon as available via an addendum

Council

22nd June 2016



Annual Plan 2016/2017

Department

Finance

Author

A Morton - Chief Financial Officer

1. Purpose

1.1 To adopt the Annual Plan for the year ended 30 June 2017.

Recommendation

The Chief Financial Officer RECOMMENDS that Council;

- 1. Receives the Report
- 2. Adopts the Annual Plan for the year ended 30 June 2017
- 3. Adopts the Register of Fees and Charges to apply from 1 July 2016.
- 2. Background
- 2.1 Council are required to adopt an Annual Plan before the commencement of the year to which it relates (Local Government Act 2002 S95. SS.3)
- 2.2 As the Annual Plan 2016/2017 does not include significant or material differences from the content of the long-term plan for the financial year to which the proposed annual plan relates (LGA 2002, S.95 ss.2a.) it has been determined that a period of public consultation is not required.
- 2.3 Council have met and discussed the assumptions contained within the Annual Plan 2016/2017.
- 2.4 Adoption of the Annual Plan 2016/2017 is required before Council can implement any of the policies, strategies and projects for the 2016/2017 financial year.
- 2.5 The total Rates requirement included within the 2016/2017 plan is \$11,686,129 (exclusive of GST) which represents a total increase of \$178,639, including the service and capital repayments associated with the completed Mahia and Opoutama wastewater schemes, which total \$644,471. If those increases associated with the Mahia and Opoutama wastewater schemes are excluded, the increased rate requirement is \$11,041,658 or a 1.5% increase on the 2015/2016 Long Term Plan.
- 3. Options
- 3.1 The options identified are:
 - a. The Annual Plan for year ended 30 June 2017 be adopted together with the Register of Fees and Charges to apply from 1 July 2016 (as included within the Annual Plan 2016/17).
 - b. The Annual Plan for year ended 30 June 2017 be adopted.
 - c. The Register of Fees and Charges to apply from 1 July 2016 be adopted.
 - d. Do not adopt either the Annual Plan 2016/2017 or the

Register of Fees and Charges to apply from 1 July 2016.

- 3.2 Council are required to adopt an Annual Plan before the commencement of the year to which it relates (Local Government Act 2002 S95. SS.3) and is unable to introduce any revised Fees and Charges until the Register of Fees and Charges to apply from 1 July 2016 is adopted.
- 3.3 Adoption of the Annual Plan 2016/2017 is required before Council can implement any of the policies, strategies and projects for the 2016/2017 financial year.
- 3.4 Whilst it is preferable for the Annual Plan 2016/2017 and Register of Fees and Charges to apply from 1 July 2016 to be adopted together, Council may wish to adopt each separately, or adopt one without the other.
- 3.5 If either the Annual Plan 2016/2017 or the Register of Fees and Charges to apply from 1 July 2016 were not to be adopted, Council would not be able to implement any of the policies, strategies, projects or fees and charges as included within the respective documents until they had been adopted.
- 3.6 The preferred option is Option a. this meets the purpose of local government as it will help meet the current and future needs of communities for good-quality infrastructure, local public services, and performance of regulatory functions in a way that is most cost-effective for households and businesses.
- 4. Corporate
 Considerations
 What is the
 change?
 Compliance with
 legislation and
 Council Policy
 What are the key
 benefits?
- 4.1 This decision will not trigger a s17a review.
- 4.2 Annual Plan The attached Annual Plan 2016/2017 complies with the respective requirements of the LGA 2002.
- 4.3 Council will be able to implement its policies, strategies, projects, and Fees and Charges for the 2016/2017 financial year.

Who has been consulted?

- 4.4 As the Annual Plan 2016/2017 does not include significant or material differences from the content of the long-term plan for the financial year to which the proposed annual plan relates (LGA 2002, S.95 ss.2a.) it has been determined that a period of public consultation is not required.
- 5. Significance
- 5.1 Council will have limited ability to make any further changes to the Annual Plan 2016/2017.
- 6. Risk
- 6.1 There is reputational risk associated with the non-adoption

Management

Further Information Appendices

of either or both of the Annual Plan 2016/2017 and Register of Fees and Charges to apply from 1 July 2016.

None.

Background
Papers
References (to or
from other
Committees)
Confirmation of
statutory
compliance

Appendix 1- Annual Plan 2016/2017 (including within it the Register of Fees and Charges to apply from 1 July 2016). 2015-2025 Wairoa District Council Long Term Plan

None.

In accordance with section 76 of the Local Government Act 2002, this report is approved as:

- a. containing sufficient information about the options and their benefits and costs, bearing in mind the significance of the decisions; and,
- b. is based on adequate knowledge about, and adequate consideration of, the views and preferences of affected and interested parties bearing in mind the significance of the decision.

Signatories

Author: A Morton

Approved by: F Power

WAIROA DISTRICT COUNCIL

DRAFT ANNUAL PLAN 2016/17

AS AT 16 JUNE 2016



2016/2017 Draft Annual Plan

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JOINT STATEMENT FROM THE MAYOR AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

'Nā ngā pakihiwi o ō tātou tīpuna, ka taea e tātou te titiro whakamua.'
'From the shoulders of our ancestors, we are able to see the future.'

Kia ora tātou and welcome to the Wairoa District Council Annual Plan for 2016/17. This is year two of our current 10-year plan and we are on track to delivering our plans as signalled in the LTP.

Council's Long Term Plan (LTP) 2015-2025, which was strongly informed by submissions from the Wairoa community, lays out a plan for maintaining sound infrastructure and core services as well as looking for new and creative solutions to see Wairoa prosper. During consultation on the LTP we heard from over 100 people and community groups who gave us valuable feedback. We want to thank those who got involved in helping us to shape our district's future. The course of action set down ensures that ratepayers and the community have an affordable strategy now and for future growth.

We are not proposing any major changes to our existing LTP. We have however been working hard to increase efficiencies within Council's operations, and the Annual Plan for 2016/17 now proposes a general rates increase for this year of 1.55%, a pleasing 68.70% reduction in the previously anticipated rates increase for the 2016/17 year.

As agreed through the LTP and in consultation with the community Council will use reserves to reduce the forecasted rates increases from 2016-2017 until 2021. Council then proposes to repay those reserves. This effectively reduces the amount of rates payable in the 2016/2017 year. Council has sufficient reserves to enable this to occur. As these are general reserves and at this stage have no specific purpose, this is a prudent use of the reserves. The amounts required to be transferred will be confirmed as part of the Annual Plan process.

Key focus areas noted in the LTP include an emphasis on economic development and our goal will be to partner with others to further develop a Council environment which assists businesses and innovative individuals to bring about real change for Te Wairoa. An Orbital Launch Site and a movie post-production industry are just the beginning. While encouraging novel and sustainable new businesses into our district, our infrastructure strategies are also set to move our district forward, continuing to work within our means and focuses on maintaining current assets and service levels.

The future of our district starts now.

Fergus Power

CEO

WAIROA DISTRICT COUNCIL

Craig Little, JP

Chittle

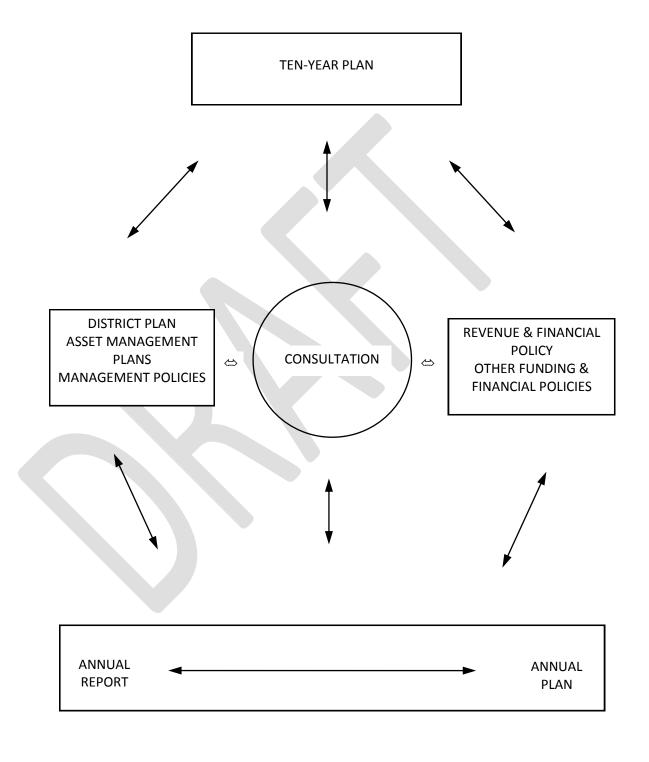
MAYOR WAIROA

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RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN COUNCIL'S POLICIES AND PLANS



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LOCAL GOVERNMENT REFORM – WHAT DOES IT MEAN FOR WAIROA DISTRICT COUNCIL?

In March 2012 the Government announced an eight-point reform programme for local government. This is part of the Government's broader programme for building a more productive, competitive economy and better public services.

The first phase of the programme culminated in legislation that was passed in December 2012 and made some substantial amendments to the Local Government Act 2002.

The Local Government Act 2002 Amendment Act 2014 became law on 8 August 2014.

The Amendment Act amends the Local Government Act 2002 to:

- change what development contributions can be used for;
- allow for objections to development contributions charges;
- encourage more collaboration and shared services between local authorities;
- make consultation requirements more flexible;
- provide for a new significance and engagement policy;
- enable more efficient and focused consultation on long-term plans and annual plans;
- remove unnecessary duplication between annual plans and long-term plans;
- introduce new requirements for infrastructure strategies and asset management planning;
- enable elected members to use technology to participate in council meetings, rather than attending in person;
- require councils to disclose information about their rating bases in long-term plans, annual plans and annual reports; and
- require disclosure of risk management arrangements for physical assets in annual reports.

The Act also includes provisions that enable the Local Government Commission to:

- establish local boards (similar to those in Auckland) as part of new unitary authorities, and in existing unitary authorities; and
- create council-controlled organisations and joint committees as part of a reorganisation scheme.

We believe that there is still a mandate for local Councils to deliver the services we currently deliver.

We will continue to focus on delivering our outcomes:

- 1. A strong, prosperous and thriving economy.
- 2. A safe and secure community.
- 3. A lifetime of good health and well-being.
- 4. An environment that is appreciated, protected and sustained for future generations.
- 5. Supportive, caring and valued communities.
- 6. A safe and integrated transport system.
- 7. Strong district leadership and a sense of belonging.
- 8. Safe and accessible recreational facilities.
- 9. A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage.

We will continue delivering on the commitments that we made in our 2012-2022 Ten-Year Plan, with a focus on being more cost-efficient.

The Local Government Act 2002 Amendment Bill (No 3) was introduced in November 2013.

The Government has also made decisions about the details of local government financial prudence regulations. The ability to make these regulations was provided for in the legislation that was passed in 2012. These decisions mean the regulations can now be prepared. They are expected to be published in the first half of 2014.

Work is also underway on aspects of the reform programme that do not involve legislative change. This includes exploring options for a local government performance improvement and monitoring framework, and work arising from the Productivity Commission's inquiry into local regulation.



MISSION/VALUES/THEMES WHĀINGA/NGĀ WHAI TIKANGA/NGĀ KAUPAPA

VISION

Connected Communities.
Desirable Lifestyles.
Treasured Environments.

Creating the ultimate living environment. To be a vibrant attractive and thriving district, by developing sustainable lifestyles based around our unique environment; the envy of New Zealand and recognised worldwide.

VALUES

The vision for our district and the mission for our organisation are underpinned by Wairoa District Council's commitment to the fundamental core values below. These values guide the way we do business in all activities and services for the benefit of the community:

- Communication
- Customer First
- Innovation and Excellence
- Valuing Employees and Partnerships
- Visionary Leadership.

THEMES

The following themes reflect the community outcomes we aim to achieve through our mission, vision and values:

- Community Health and Well-being
- Environmental Management
- Positive Economic Growth
- Unique District Identity
- Vibrant Community.

MOEMOEĀ

Hapori Tūhono Āhua Noho Tōrere Taiao Piki Kōtuku

Auaha mutunga kore o te taiao piki kōtuku. Ka kitea te ihi me te ātanga, kia anga whakamua tonu ai ngā mahi i roto i tā tātou rohe, kia whakapūmau tonu ai te āhua noho tōrere i tō tātou taiao ahurei, kia āhua pūhaehae ai o Aotearoa nei me te ao whānui.

NGĀ WHAI TIKANGA

Ko tā tātou wawata, tā tātou whainga mō te rohe

whānui nei hei tautokotia tonutia te noho here e Te Kaunihera-a-Rohe o Te Wairoa ki ngā pūtaketake whai tikanga, kei raro nei. Ko ngā whai tikanga hei ārahi ki tā tātou manaakitanga i ngā mea katoa ki te taha o te hapori o Te Wairoa:

- Whakaputa Whakaaro
- Wāhanga Āwhina Tāngata
- Wairua Hihiko Hou me te Hiranga
- Whakamana i ngā kaimahi me ngā mahi ngātahi
- Matakite Kaiārahitanga

NGĀ KAUPAPA

Koia ngā kaupapa nei a te hapori hei whai whakaaro me ngā tukunga iho a tā mātou tino kaupapa hei whakatutuki i tēnei pūtake puta noa i tā tātou whāinga, tā tātou whai tikanga me tā tātou kaupapa:-

- He Hapori Hauora me te Oranga
- Te Roopu Whakahaere o te Taiao
- Whakatupu Ohaoha Inetahi
- He Tuakiri Ahurei o te Rohe
- He Hapori Tīkorikori

'Nā ngā pakihiwi o ō tātou tīpuna, ka taea e tātou te titiro whakamua.'
'From the shoulders of our ancestors, we are able to see the future.'

COMMUNITY PROFILE

WAIROA - WHO ARE WE?

The 2013 Census provided us with an up-to-date profile of what we look like in terms of who makes up our unique community, along with what we do, how we live and who we live with.

Here are a few highlights:

- The population is 7890.
- The median age is 38.8, with an increasing number of 0-4 year olds, and 50-69 year olds.
- The majority of our families are made up of couples with no children (38.9%), followed by couples with children (34.8%).
- 59% of our population are of Māori descent.
- 5% were born overseas. Of those born overseas, most are from the UK.
- \$42,400 is the median household income.
- 49.3 percent of us own our own homes.
- 11.7% are unemployed.
- Our dominant industries are agriculture, manufacturing, forestry and fishing.
- Health care is an emerging industry.

To get a more detailed picture of the facts behind our community, pay a visit to the Community Profile online. Go to www.wairoadc.govt.nz and click on the Community Profile icon at the top of the home page.

OUR ENVIRONMENT

The Wairoa district covers a total area of about 4,118 square kilometres with approximately 130 kilometres of coastline. The majority of the region is hill country, merging with mountains in the west, deeply dissected with gorges. Areas of coastal and river flats of versatile soils give greater variety to the landscape.

The Wairoa district boasts one of the most spectacular ranges of wilderness landscapes in New Zealand – rainforest-surrounded Lake Waikaremoana in Te Urewera, the surf and fishing beaches of balmy Māhia Peninsula, thermal hot springs at Mōrere and the sunny riverside town of Wairoa at the centre of the district. There are also numerous lakes, rivers and wetlands – a number of which are of local, regional and national importance – including the Mohaka, Nūhaka and Wairoa Rivers. There are also a series of interconnected wetlands, the largest of which is Lake Whakakī. Within the district, there are high quality trout-fishing areas, and coastal lagoons that are important for providing waterfowl habitat and game-bird hunting opportunities.

HIGHLIGHTS

UPDATES

Marine Parade Toilets – New toilet facilities were included in the 2015-2016 budget to complement the planned upgrade of Marine Parade. Council decided this was a necessary service to meet the needs of visitors to the main business area of town. The estimated cost of the project is \$250,000. This budget has been carried into this plan and currently the location and design of the new facilities is undergoing a spatial planning review prior to a construction start.

District Signage – The tourism experience in Wairoa will be enhanced with the placement of large signs at all entry points to the district. There are currently no signs to indicate district boundaries, which Council has identified as a lost opportunity to showcase the district. The budgeted cost of the signs is \$80,000.

Archives Facility – The Public Records Act 2005 sets the framework for creating and managing information in government. Its purpose is to promote government accountability through reliable recordkeeping, enhance public confidence in the integrity of government records and protect New Zealand's documentary heritage. The Public Records Act 2005 sets a framework for recordkeeping in public offices and local authorities.

Council has previously identified as part of the Long Term Plan 2015-2025 process that its current repository requires attention in order to meet the standards enshrined in the Public Records Act 2005. Accordingly Council in the 2015/16 financial year provided \$30,000 for the design and planning of a new archives facility to be built over 2016/17 (\$410,000) and 2017/18 (\$420,660) years.

The detailed design of the facility is near completion and Council anticipates starting the building project as planned in 2016/17.

Walkway Loop Design Feasibility – The previous Council witnessed the positive impact the walkway has had on the district and were interested in investigating an extension or loop to the current track. A small sum has been set aside in this plan to evaluate the options. The first round of consultation has occurred on the new strategy and a second round is planned in order to incorporate a coastal approach including viewing platforms of the Onenui rocket launching programme.

Whakamahia Beach Enhancement – The concepts of 'kaitiakitanga' and 'guardianship' will form the basis of this project to create an attractive and accessible platform from which both locals and visitors can enjoy the Whakamahia area. The area from Pilot Hill to the end of Whakamahia Road will become an extension of our town, providing worthy presentation of the place where river meets sea. Improvements to the walkway, roading, designated picnic areas including BBQs and basic comfort facilities are currently under construction.

Māhia Community Wastewater Scheme – The construction phase of the Māhia community wastewater scheme has been completed and the plant and core reticulation infrastructure has been commissioned.

The scheme is expected to service 371 existing connections and is designed to service up to 619. Surplus capacity is incorporated into the scheme to cater for future economic growth and development of the Māhia township.

The initial capital funding plan was intended to rate participants to the scheme in the 2013/14 financial year. After extensive feedback, Council decided to prepare an amended Capital Funding Plan and defer the rate collection to the 2014/15 financial year.

As previously established, the ultimate costs will be met by those ratepayers with access to the scheme and not the wider Wairoa community.

The scheme is now fully operational and revised rating calculations are included within this Plan.

Ōpoutama Community Sewerage Scheme – The construction phase of the **Ōpoutama** community wastewater scheme has been completed and the plant and core reticulation infrastructure have been commissioned.

Council has confirmed the funding and cost allocation model relating to this project as equitable sharing of the subsidy through all the contributing properties.

The scheme is now fully operational and revised rating calculations are included within this Plan.

Road Maintenance – There is significant pressure nationally to reallocate road maintenance funding. The new financial assistance subsidy rates for approved roading authorities sees Council receiving a higher overall subsidy however emergency funding has been reduced. This has been reflected within this plan.

Community Centre and Skate Park – Council assumed ownership of the Wairoa Community Centre in 2011. A \$1.8 million programme of refurbishment and upgrade was proposed which included a range of renewal projects, a new learners' pool and an upgrade to the skate park.

The new skate park extension and learn to swim pool are now fully operational and general refurbishment of the centre is ongoing. Costs for the relocation of the gym area are contained within this plan.

Public Cemetery at Māhia – This project was originally approved in the 2009 Long-term Plan (LTP) but not progressed to completion for lack of suitable land acquisition. A public advertisement in 2011 seeking land for the purpose returned some interest, but no land that was deemed suitable. Although no specific funding is allocated for the project in this particular plan, Council is still keen to explore the possibility of a public cemetery at Māhia. To this end Council will continue to investigate suitable land options with the public.

Implement Reserves Management Plans – Over the course of the past few years Council has adopted Reserve Management Plans for Māhia Beach, Māhia Reserves, Māhanga, Ōpoutama, Waikōkopu (draft), Wairoa Riverbank and Rangi-houa (Pilot Hill). Some provision is made in this plan to fund the capital projects contained in some of the Reserves Management Plans. Council has decided to progressively fund, via the capital works programme, the implementation of the Reserve Management Plans and \$50,000 has been budgeted for Rangi-houa (Pilot Hill) this financial year.

Wairoa Sewerage Reticulation Investigations – Wastewater has loomed large for Wairoa over recent years and whilst the Māhia Beach scheme and the Ōpoutama scheme are nearing fruition, wastewater will continue to be an issue for years to come. The Wairoa sewerage scheme is ageing with increasing infiltration through deteriorating pipe joints and the system can overflow during heavy rain. This plan has allowed for investigations and repairs to the system. Further underground work will occur over the coming years as we attempt to minimise overflow incidents.

A major issue for the wastewater treatment plant is the renewal of discharge consent. While the current consent is valid until 2018, we have seen from our experience with Māhia that obtaining consents is not necessarily a straightforward process. Dialogue with Hawke's Bay Regional Council has been initiated and a key issue to address over the next few years is whether continued discharge of treated effluent direct to the Wairoa River is acceptable and what the costs of alternatives might be. A significant amount of investigation is underway on the Wairoa wastewater system and a consultant has been engaged to assist with the analysis and programme for the reconsenting process.

Wairoa Water Supply – The Christchurch earthquake has offered up some good lessons on the resilience of water supply systems and an amount of \$50,000 has been set aside in this plan for earthquake-actuated shut-off valves at our reservoirs as well as investigations of alternative bore supplies available during emergency events. The installation of earthquake actuated valves is underway.

Māhanga Water Supply – The Māhanga water supply does not meet the national drinking water standards. It is in fact designated as a non-potable supplementary supply. Furthermore the pressure available from the supply means it is not suitable for firefighting, even though there are hydrants in the reticulation. Preliminary work carried out several years ago indicated capital investment of around \$300,000 was required to upgrade the supply. As the drinking water supplier, Council is required by law to either meet the national standards by 2016 or discontinue/transfer the supply. The process of discontinuing/transferring a drinking water supply cannot happen without a 75% majority from a binding referendum conducted under the Local Electoral Act and this cost is programmed in the plan. Council is currently seeking further advice on this matter.

Forestry Roading Differential – Council has made the considered decision to adjust the rural roading differential for forestry properties from 1.31 to 1.54. This will result in forestry properties meeting a substantially similar share of the rural roading costs as the previous year. Those forestry properties, which occupy over 25% of our rateable rural land, will now contribute a little over 15% of the rates burden to maintain our rural road network. The difference between the proportion of land area and share of rating burden is now comparable to (low intensity) pastoral farming. The updated differential seeks to better balance the allocation of rural roading costs between different land uses.

The Council will continue to work with the industry, local government and other land users to determine to what extent, forestry places additional pressure on our roading networks. Council's engineering manager is contributing to a set of national guidelines on this matter.

New Footpaths, Piping Open Drains – The 2015-25 LTP includes an annual sum of \$100,000 for piping open drains and a similar amount for new footpaths. This is included in this plan.

A priority list for these activities has been developed and will be published on Council's website for comment.

Marine Parade Upgrade – The Marine Parade upgrade has had final approval from Council. This includes replacement of the roundabout as well as the gardens along Marine Parade and on the bridge approaches (both ends). The garden work is now complete and remaining funding in relation to some of the roundabout work has been carried over subject to the project not commencing this financial year.

Te Urewera Rainforest Route Upgrade (SH38) – Over the previous Council term, consultation with tangata whenua and neighbouring Councils led to the formation of a group which focused on promoting the upgrade of Te Urewera Rainforest Route from Frasertown to Rainbow Mountain (intersection with SH5).

A post settlement group has now been formed which includes tangata whenua representatives, Te Uru Taumatua as well as representatives from the Wairoa and Whakatāne District Councils, New Zealand Transport Authority and Department of Conservation.

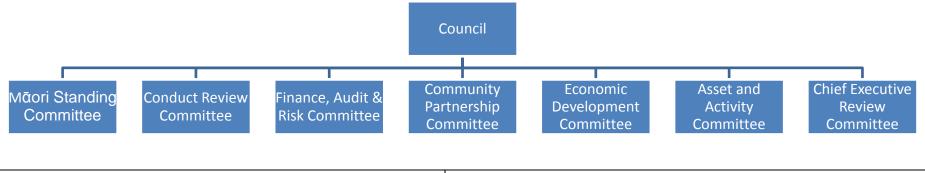
This plan has set aside some seed funding to help with the running costs of the group as well as contributing to some of the research projects. NZTA, Te Uru Taumatua, Whakatāne district and Wairoa Councils are meeting regularly on this issue.

Waste Management – The district philosophy of moving toward zero waste has had a consequence of reducing waste volumes over the weighbridge and increasing the quantity of recycling (no user charges). This is putting pressure on maintaining the current charging regime for waste management and future rate impacts are inevitable unless we change the way we are managing this process.

Council has agreed to consider options to extend the district landfill to become a regional facility to improve the economics of the operation. A trial is underway to understand the impacts of accepting out-of-district waste. A sum has been set aside in this plan to improve the existing diversion facilities as well as make alterations to the existing cell to facilitate bulk-waste disposal.

Future landfill utilisation options including accepting waste from outside the district will continue to be evaluated. Incremental improvements to diversion facilities continue to be carried out.

WAIROA DISTRICT COUNCIL 30 JUNE 2016



| His Worship the Mayor Mr Craig Little | Councillors: |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| | Denise Eaglesome-Karekare (Deputy Mayor) |
| | Mike Bird |
| | Benita Cairns |
| | Hine Flood |
| | Jeremy Harker |
| | Min Johansen |

MĀORI STANDING COMMITTEE MEMBERS

| Chairperson: Mr Graeme Symes | Esther Foster |
|------------------------------|--|
| | Kiwa Hammond |
| | Gaye Hawkins |
| | Sam Jury |
| | Paul Kelly |
| | Neuton Lambert |
| | Hereturikoka Nissen |
| | Peter Whaanga |
| | Councillor Mike Bird (Council Representative) |
| | Councillor Hine Flood (Council Representative) |

MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE

Chief Executive Officer

Fergus Power

| OFFICE OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE | ENGINEERING FINANCE SERVICES SERVICES | | CORPORATE SERVICES | OPERATING SERVICES |
|--|--|--|---|--|
| FERGUS POWER | JAMIE COX | ANDREW MORTON | JAMES BATY | HELEN MONTGOMERY |
| CEO | ENGINEERING MANAGER | CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER | CORPORATE SERVICES MANAGER | CHIEF OPERATIONS OFFICER |
| Transformation Communications Human Resources Stakeholder Relations Māori Governance | Roads, Streets & Bridges Cemeteries Sports Grounds Reserves Airport Control Water Supply Wastewater Stormwater Waste Management Street Lighting Traffic Management Asset Management Property Administration Pensioner Housing | Accounting Services Information Services Financial Management Revenue Collection Rating Risk Management | Secretarial Services Social Services Library Public Halls Recreational Official Information Records and Archives Elections Work Health and Safety | Subdivision Resource Planning Building Control Environmental Health Liquor Licensing Animal Control Bylaws Emergency Management Economic Development Information Centre Tourism & Events |

16 June 2016

COMMUNITY OUTCOMES

Community outcomes are aspirational statements that describe what the community believes are important for its present and future economic, social, cultural and environmental well-being.

The community outcomes were derived from a regional-wide approach by the five Hawke's Bay Councils: Hastings District Council, Napier City Council, Central Hawke's Bay District Council, Wairoa District Council and the Hawke's Bay Regional Council, to work collectively with the community to identify community outcomes and determine a long-term vision for the future of our region. The community have reconfirmed the outcomes identified.

The community outcomes in this plan remain unchanged and are as follows:

- 1. A strong, prosperous and thriving economy.
- 2. A safe and integrated transport system.
- 3. A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage.
- 4. Safe and accessible recreational facilities.
- 5. Supportive, caring and valued communities.
- 6. Strong district leadership and a sense of belonging.
- 7. A safe and secure community.
- 8. A lifetime of good health and well-being.
- 9. An environment that is appreciated, protected and sustained for future generations

It is important to note that Council is not solely responsible for the delivery of these community outcomes. Council will work with the community, key organisations and stakeholders to achieve the community outcomes together. Council's role therefore will vary, depending on the specific outcomes and the activities involved.

More information on the outcomes and the way in which Council will work towards achieving them can be found in the LTP 2015-2025 on Council's website or from Council's office.

Council Activities

Council activities are divided into two strategic goal areas being:

Community Development & Participation

Council's aim is to provide services and facilities to encourage community focus, ensuring access to information and leisure opportunities and to promote the expansion of the economy by encouraging tourism options and business development.

Safe Living Environment

Council's aim is to provide services and facilities which contribute to community health and safety and ensure that the natural and physical resources of the district are preserved for future generations.

These are in turn supported by:

- management services
- investments.

In addition Council has grouped its activities into seven "Key Activity Areas" and the following table shows how these grouped key activity areas relate to the work of Council, the strategic goal areas of Council, and shows where there is a direct linkage to the community outcomes identified in the LTP.

Community Outcomes

ECONOMIC WELL-BEING

- A strong, prosperous and thriving economy.
- A safe and integrated transport system.

SOCIAL AND CULTURAL WELL-BEING

- A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage.
- Safe and accessible recreational facilities.
- Supportive, caring and valued communities.
- Strong district leadership and a sense of belonging.

ENVIRONMENTAL WELL-BEING

- A safe and secure community.
- A lifetime of good health and well-being.
- An environment that is appreciated, protected and sustained for future generations.



| Council's Strategic Response | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| UNITY DEVELOPMENT & PARTICIPATION SAFE LIVING ENVIRONMENT | | | | | |
| Community Representation | Resource Planning | Waste Management | | | |
| Māori Relationships | Environmental Health | Emergency Management | | | |
| Economic Development | Bylaw Compliance: | Land Transport | | | |
| Parks & Reserves | Dog Control | | | | |
| Airport | Livestock Control | | | | |
| Library | General Bylaw | | | | |
| Community Support | Enforcement | | | | |
| Property | Cemeteries | | | | |
| Land Transport | Building Control | | | | |
| | Liquor Control | | | | |
| | Water Supply | | | | |
| | Stormwater | | | | |
| | Wastewater | | | | |

Key Activity Areas

| | | ECONOMIC | WELL-BEING | | SOCIAL AND CULT | URAL WELL-BEING | | EN\ | /IRONMENTAL \ | WELL-BEING |
|-------------------------|----------------------|---|---|--|--|--|---|------------------------------|--|---|
| ACTIVITIES GROUP | ACTIVITY | A strong, prosperous and thriving economy. | A safe and integrated transport system. | A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage. | Safe and accessible recreational facilities. | Supportive, caring and valued communities. | Strong district leadership and a sense of belonging. | A safe and secure community. | A lifetime of good health and well-being. | An environment that is appreciated, protected and sustained for future generations. |
| 1. Water Services | Water Supply | ✓ | | | | * | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | Stormwater | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | Wastewater | ✓ | | ✓ | | ~ | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 2. Waste Management | Waste Management | ✓ | ~ | 1 | 1 | 1 | | ✓ | ✓ | √ |
| 3. Transport | Land Transport | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 1 | 1 | √ | ✓ | ✓ | √ |
| | Airport | ✓ | ✓ | 1 | * | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 4. Community Facilities | Cemeteries | | | ~ | | ✓ | | | | ✓ |
| | Library | | | _ | 1 | ✓ | | | ✓ | |
| | Parks & Reserves | | | 1 | | 1 | | ~ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | Community Support | | | ~ | ~ | ✓ | | | | |

| | | ECONOMIC WELL-BEING | | | SOCIAL AND CULTURAL WELL-BEING | | | ENVIRONMENTAL WELL-BEING | | |
|-----------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|------------------------------|--|---|
| ACTIVITIES GROUP | ACTIVITY | A strong, prosperous and thriving economy. | A safe and integrated transport system. | A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage. | Safe and accessible recreational facilities. | Supportive, caring and valued communities. | Strong district leadership and a sense of belonging. | A safe and secure community. | A lifetime of good health and well-being. | An environment that is appreciated, protected and sustained for future generations. |
| 5. Planning & Regulatory | Resource Planning | | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ |
| | Environmental Health | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | |
| | Building Control | ✓ | | | 1 | | | ✓ | ✓ | |
| | Liquor Control | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | Bylaw Compliance – Dog Control | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | Bylaw Compliance – Livestock Control | | | | | | | √ | | |
| | Bylaw Compliance – General Bylaws Enforcement | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | Emergency Management | | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |

| 6. Leadership & Governance | Community Representation | ✓ | 1 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|---|----------|----------|---|---|----------|---|
| | Māori Liaison | | | ✓ | | | ✓ | | | |
| | Economic Development | ✓ | | | | | | | | |
| 7. Corporate Functions | Property | ✓ | | ✓ | √ | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | Corporate & Funds Management | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | * | * | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |

Each of the above outcomes is aligned to Council services which will contribute towards their achievement. We are responsible for monitoring our performance each year, and the results are provided in our Annual Report. How we are going with each of our services will give a good indication of how we are going overall in achieving the community outcomes. See the Council activity management plans for performance information.

Activity Group One WATER SERVICES

1. Water Supply

For more details:

Refer to the relevant section of the Water Supply Asset Management Plan.
Alternatively contact Wairoa District Council's Asset Management Department on (06) 838 7309 or visit our offices to discuss any queries you may have.

What the Council does

Wairoa District Council owns and operates water supply systems in Wairoa, Frasertown, Tuai and Māhanga. Each system comprises the following key components:

- water sources (surface takes and groundwater bores)
- water treatment (Māhanga is untreated and is a supplementary supply only)
- water storage
- water reticulation network
- pump stations.

The Wairoa and Frasertown reticulation comprises of treated water supplied by the water treatment plant in Frasertown sourced from the Wairoa River. The Māhanga supply is a non-potable supply sourced from a shallow groundwater bore and is considered a 'supplementary' supply. Residents are required to have a tank for collection of rainwater from the roof of the house. The Tuai supply is sourced from the Waimako Spring, and then reticulated. The Tuai supply has recently been upgraded and now complies with the Drinking water Standards.

Council develops and implements a Water Supply Asset Management Plan to ensure that agreed levels of service can be delivered to existing and future residents in the most cost-effective way. This has involved the creation of policy to ensure a level of asset management is delivered. Section 1.1.

The water supply webpage can be accessed through the Wairoa District Council website www.wairoadc.govt.nz.

Why the Council does this

There is a statutory basis for Council's involvement in this activity. Section 2.1.

Current legislation and regulations which set the minimum service levels that must be provided, and which affect asset operation, maintenance and development of the water supply activity include:

- Local Government Act 2002
- Health Act 1956
- Health (Drinking Water) Amendment Act 2007
- Resource Management Act 1991
- Local Government (Rating) Act 2002.

Council is required to maintain water supply services under Section 130 of the Local Government Act 2002. Section 1.1.

The water supply activity primarily contributes to the following community outcomes:

- A strong, prosperous and thriving economy.
- A safe and secure community.
- A lifetime of good health and well-being.
- An environment that is appreciated protected and sustained for future generations.
- Supportive, caring and valued communities.

Council's goal is to comply with the New Zealand Drinking Water Standards. Section 1.2.

16 June 2016

Service Levels and Performance Measures

| LEVEL OF SERVICE STATEMENT | PERFORMANCE MEASURE |
|---|---|
| Council will own, operate and maintain reliable drinking water systems serving Wairoa, Frasertown, Tuai and Mahanga, protecting public health | All domestic householders and non-domestic premises connected to the water supply systems will be provided with a service that delivers a reliable supply of drinking water |
| | Community's willingness to pay for the service will be considered |
| | The provision of facilities shall be adequate for current and foreseeable demand |
| | Customers' water pressure will be maintained |
| Council will comply with current standards, legislation and Council bylaws | Council shall meet all legislative requirements |
| | Council shall comply with Fire Fighting Standards |
| | Council's Water Supply Bylaw shall be enforced |
| | Council shall meet the requirements of the Drinking Water Standards |
| | Customers will have water service available to them except during planned maintenance or an emergency |
| | The taste, smell and look of the water are monitored |
| | Council shall comply with conditions of consent for all systems |
| Council will maintain water supplies to ensure long-term sustainability | Asset database to be maintained |
| | % of water loss from the reticulation systems through leakage, shall reduce with time |
| | The average consumption of drinking water per day per resident shall reduce with time |
| | (due to system leakage, estimated 2014 consumption is 1,400m3/person/day) |
| | All maintenance, renewals and other programmed and reactive works are completed on time and within budget |
| | Operational and maintenance activities are undertaken in a safe and healthy |

| LEVEL OF SERVICE STATEMENT | Performance Measure |
|--|---|
| | manner |
| Customers will receive a prompt and efficient | Level of customer satisfaction through annual survey indicates a 'fairly good', 'very |
| service | good' or better minimum 80% approval rating |
| | Council shall respond to faults / interruptions in the network reticulation |
| | Complaints received annually shall not exceed: |
| | 20 for drinking water clarity |
| | 20 for drinking water taste |
| | 20 for drinking water odour |
| | 40 for drinking water pressure or flow |
| | 40 for continuity of supply |
| | 20 for response to issues |
| | expressed per 1000 connections. |
| Council will implement systems/processes to | Contingency plans shall be implemented for emergency events such as |
| ensure continued service delivery in emergency | earthquake, tsunami, fire which result in the inability to provide the service |
| events | |
| | There shall be a minimum of 24-hours' storage of potable water at all times |

PROSPECTIVE FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT - WATER SUPPLY

For the year ending 30th June 2017

| BUDGET 2015/16 | | BUDGET 2016/17 | PER LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|----------------------|---|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| | Sources of Operating Funding | | | |
| - | General rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties | (27,528) | - | (27,528) |
| 728,366 | Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for water supply) | 957,652 | 1,054,413 | (96,761) |
| 1,148,884 | Subsidies and grants for operating purposes Fees charges and targeted rates for water | 1,070,633 | 1,133,341 | - (62,707) |
| | Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other receipts | 107,574 | 133,738 | (26,164) |
| | Total Operating Funding | 2,108,331 | 2,321,492 | (213,160) |
| , , | | | | , , , |
| | Applications of Operating Funding | | | |
| | Payments to staff and suppliers | 1,411,557 | 1,584,736 | (173,179) |
| | Finance costs | 6,228 | 113,027 | (106,799) |
| | Internal Charges and overheads applied Other operating funding applications | 342,617 | 298,050 - | 44,567 - |
| | | | | |
| 1,599,767 | Total applications of operating funding | 1,760,402 | 1,995,813 | (235,411) |
| 470,147 | Surplus (Deficit) of operating funding | 347,929 | 325,679 | 22,251 |
| | Sources of capital funding | | | |
| | Courses of capital farialing | | | |
| - | Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions | 1,484,000 | 1,000,000 | 484,000 |
| - | Increase (decrease) in debt | 103,800 | 103,800 | - |
| - | Gross proceeds from sale of assets | - | 10,000 | (10,000) |
| - | Lump sum contributions | - | · - | - |
| - | Total sources of capital funding | 1,587,800 | 1,113,800 | 474,000 |
| | Application of capital funding | | | |
| | Capital expenditure | | | |
| - | - to meet additional demand | - | - | - |
| 284,750 | - to improve the level of service | 103,800 | 103,800 | (240.700) |
| 340,000 (154,603) | - to replace existing assets Increase (Decrease) in reserves | 1,460,473 371,456 | 1,801,233 (465,554) | (340,760) 837,010 |
| (134,003) | Increase (Decrease) of investments | 371,430 | (403,334) | - |
| 470,147 | Total application of capital funding | 1,935,729 | 1,439,479 | 496,250 |
| (470,147) | Surplus (Deficit) of capital funding | (347,929) | (325,679) | (22,250) |
| | Funding Balance | <u> </u> | | |
| 625,037 | Group depreciation and amortisation Page - 23 | 468,440 | 244,584 | 223,856 16 June 20 |

Activity Group One WATER SERVICES

2. Stormwater

For more details:

Refer to the relevant section of the Stormwater Asset Management Plan. Alternatively contact Wairoa District Council's Asset Management Department on (06) 838 7309 or visit our offices to discuss any queries you may have.

What the Council does

The stormwater activity is a network of pipes, open drains and outlets. The stormwater activity specifically relates to Wairoa urban area, Tuai village and Māhia Beach. Other rural networks of primarily open drains with some culverting are treated as part of the roading asset inventory.

Stormwater assets includes:

- · Approximately 39km of pipework
- Manholes, catchpits and sumps
- Inlets and outlets
- iunctions

Section 4.1.

The Council develops and implements a Stormwater Asset Management Plan to ensure that these assets can deliver agreed levels of service to existing and future residents in the most cost-effective way. This has involved the creation of policy to ensure an appropriate level of asset management is delivered. Section 1.1.

The stormwater webpage can be accessed through the Wairoa District Council website www.wairoadc.govt.nz.

Why the Council does this

There is a statutory basis for Council's involvement in this activity. Section 2.1.

Current legislation and regulations which set the minimum service levels that must be provided and which affect asset operation, maintenance and development of the stormwater activity include the Resource Management Act 1991.

The stormwater activity primarily contributes to the following community outcomes:

- A strong, prosperous and thriving economy.
- A safe and secure community.
- A lifetime of good health and well-being.
- An environment that is appreciated, protected and sustained for future generations.
- Supportive, caring and valued communities.
- A safe and integrated transport system.
- Safe and accessible recreation facilities.

Service Levels and Performance Measures

| LEVEL OF SERVICE STATEMENT | Performance Measure |
|--|---|
| Council will own, operate and maintain a stormwater system within the town limits of Wairoa, Tuai and Mahia that will protect properties | All domestic households and non-domestic premises connected to the stormwater system will be provided with a service that removes stormwater from their properties |
| from flooding events | Community's willingness to pay for the service will be considered |
| | The stormwater system shall be managed to limit the number of flooding events where 'flooding event' means an overflow of stormwater from the stormwater system and the impact of those flooding events on properties |
| Council will comply with current legislation and Council bylaws | Council shall meet all legislation requirements |
| | Council shall comply with conditions of consent for any systems |
| | Council's Stormwater Bylaw shall be enforced (once adopted) |
| Council will maintain stormwater systems to ensure long-term sustainability | Asset database to be maintained |
| | Address impacts of infiltration and inflow into Wairoa system |
| | All maintenance, renewals and other programmed and reactive works are completed on time and within budget |
| | Operational and maintenance activities are undertaken in a safe and healthy manner |

PROSPECTIVE FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT - STORMWATER

For the year ending 30th June 2017

| BUDGET 2015/16 | | BUDGET 2016/17 | PER LTP PER LTP | VARIANCE |
|-------------------|---|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| | Sources of Operating Funding | | | |
| - | General rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties | (8,720) | - | (8,720) |
| 298,504 | Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for water supply) | 296,457 | 393,085 | (96,628) |
| | Subsidies and grants for operating purposes Fees charges and targeted rates for water supply | - | - | - |
| 53,719 | Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other receipts | 59,357 | 73,860 | (14,503) |
| 352,223 | Total Operating Funding | 347,094 | 466,945 | (119,851) |
| | Applications of Operating Funding | | | |
| | Payments to staff and suppliers | 68,120 | 110,259 79,061 | (42,139) (79,061) |
| 71,148 | 13,136 Finance costs 71,148 Internal Charges and overheads applied Other operating funding applications | | 116,944 | (9,856) - |
| 172,008 | Total applications of operating funding | 175,208 | 306,264 | (131,056) |
| 180,215 | Surplus (Deficit) of operating funding | 171,885 | 160,681 | 11,205 |
| | | | | |
| | Sources of capital funding | | | |
| | Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions | - | - | - |
| | Increase (decrease) in debt | - | 103,800 | (103,800) |
| - | Gross proceeds from sale of assets | - | - | - |
| - | Lump sum contributions | - | - | - |
| 114,290 | Total sources of capital funding | | 103,800 | (103,800) |
| | Application of capital funding | | | |
| | Capital expenditure | | | |
| 114,290 | to meet additional demandto improve the level of service | 103,800 | 103,800 | - |
| • | to improve the level of service to replace existing assets | 472,290 | 472,290 | _ |
| | Increase (Decrease) in reserves | (404,204) | (311,609) | (92,595) |
| | Increase (Decrease) of investments | | - | - |
| 294,505 | Total application of capital funding | 171,886 | 264,481 | (92,595) |
| (180,215) | Surplus (Deficit) of capital funding | (171,886) | (160,681) | (11,205) |
| | Funding Balance | | - | |
| 180,159 | Group depreciation and amortisation | 171,886 | 201,886 | (30,000) |

Activity Group One WATER SERVICES

3. Wastewater

For more details:

Refer to the relevant section of the Wastewater Asset Management Plan.
Alternatively contact Wairoa District Council's Asset Management Department on (06) 838 7309 or visit our offices to discuss any queries

What the Council does

Wairoa District Council owns and operates wastewater systems in Wairoa, Tuai, and Māhia and Ōpoutama. Each system comprises the following key components:

- network of pipes
- pump stations
- treatment plants
- disposal facilities.

The Wairoa network services a mix of residential, commercial and light industrial properties, through a network of gravity pipes, pump stations and rising mains.

The Tuai network serves a small village and was designed on the basis that grey water and sewage (black water) are reticulated as separate systems.

The Mahia Beach township system has been recently completed and comprises private septic tanks discharging to a public system of reticulation to a pump station and rising main that transfers wastewater to treatment ponds over the hills. The treated wastewater is used to irrigate a plantation forest owned by Hawke's Bay Regional Council.

The Opoutama system has also been recently completed and comprises a network of pipes and pump stations discharging to a treatment plant at the former Blue Bay subdivision site and the discharge of treated wastewater into the ground.

Council develops and implements a Wastewater Asset Management Plan to ensure that these assets can deliver agreed levels of service to existing and future residents in the most cost-effective way. This has involved the creation of policy to ensure a level of asset management is delivered. Section 1.1.

The wastewater webpage can be accessed through the Wairoa District Council website www.wairoadc.govt.nz.

Why the Council does this

There is a statutory basis for Council's involvement in this activity. Section 2.1.

Current legislation and regulations which set the minimum service levels that must be provided and which affect asset operation, maintenance and development of the wastewater activity include:

- Waste Minimisation Act 2008
- Health Act 1956
- Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996
- Resource Management Act 1991.

The wastewater activity primarily contributes to the following community outcomes:

- A strong, prosperous and thriving economy.
- A safe and secure community.
- A lifetime of good health and well-being.
- An environment that is appreciated, protected and sustained for future generations.
- Supportive, caring and valued communities.
- A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage.

Service Levels and Performance Measures

| LEVEL OF SERVICE STATEMENT | PERFORMANCE MEASURE |
|---|---|
| Council will own, operate and maintain a sewer system to Wairoa, Tuai, Mahia and Opoutama that removes wastewater from properties and | All domestic householders and non-domestic premises connected to the sewer system will be provided with a service that removes wastewater from their properties |
| protects public health and the environment | Council will provide, operate and maintain treatment facilities to enable appropriate disposal/discharge of wastewater |
| | Community's willingness to pay for the service will be considered |
| | The provision of facilities shall be adequate for current and foreseeable demand |
| Council will comply with current legislation and Council bylaws | Council shall meet all legislative requirements |
| | Council shall comply with conditions of consent for all systems |
| | There shall be no dry weather sewerage overflows |
| | Council's Trade Waste and Wastewater Bylaw shall be enforced |
| Council will maintain wastewater facilities to ensure long-term sustainability | Asset database to be maintained |
| | Address infiltration and inflow into the Wairoa system |
| | All maintenance, renewals and other programmed and reactive works are completed on time and within budget |
| | Operational and maintenance activities are undertaken in a safe and healthy manner |
| Customers will receive a prompt and efficient service | Level of customer satisfaction through annual survey indicates a 'fairly good', 'very good' or better minimum 80% approval rating |
| | Council shall respond to sewerage overflows resulting from a blockage or other fault in the sewerage system |
| | The total number of complaints received shall reduce each year |
| Council will implement systems/processes to ensure continued service delivery in emergency events | Contingency plans shall be implemented for emergency events such as flooding, earthquake, tsunami, fire which result in the inability to provide the service |

PROSPECTIVE FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT - WASTEWATER

For the year ending 30th June 2017

| 2015/16 | | BUDGET 2016/17 | PER LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|-----------|--|-------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| | Sources of Operating Funding | | | |
| - | General rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties | (34,969) | - | (34,969) |
| 827,732 | Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for water supply) | 1,433,760 | 1,390,511 | 43,249 |
| | Subsidies and grants for operating purposes Fees charges and targeted rates for water supply | - 7,688 | 7,688 | - |
| | Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other receipts | 162,681 | 125,005 | 37,676 |
| | Total Operating Funding | 1,569,159 | 1,523,204 | 45,956 |
| | Applications of Operating Funding | | | |
| 796,612 | Payments to staff and suppliers | 738,864 | 668,646 | 70,218 |
| | Finance costs | 306,228 | 89,480 | 216,748 |
| | Internal Charges and overheads applied | 268,808 | 224,608 | 44,201 |
| | Other operating funding applications | | - | , - |
| 1,444,093 | Total applications of operating funding | 1,313,900 | 982,734 | 331,167 |
| (333,423) | Surplus (Deficit) of operating funding | 255,259 | 540,470 | (285,211) |
| | Sources of capital funding | | | |
| 3,000,000 | Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions | <u>-</u> | - | - |
| - | Increase (decrease) in debt | 103,800 | 83,040 | 20,760 |
| _ | Gross proceeds from sale of assets | , | - | |
| - | Lump sum contributions | - | - | - |
| 3,000,000 | Total sources of capital funding | 103,800 | 83,040 | 20,760 |
| | Application of capital funding | | | |
| | Capital expenditure | | | |
| - | - to meet additional demand | - | - | - |
| 3,000,000 | • | 1,351,184 | 103,800 | 1,247,384 |
| 195,460 | . • | 103,800 | 884,184 | (780,384) |
| (528,883) | Increase (Decrease) in reserves | (1,095,925) | (364,474) | (731,451) |
| - | Increase (Decrease) of investments | | - | - |
| | | 359,059 | 623,510 | (264,451) |
| 2,666,577 | _Total application of capital funding | , | | |
| | _Total application of capital funding _ _Surplus (Deficit) of capital funding | (255,259) | (540,470) | 285,211 |
| 333,423 | - | | (540,470) | 285,211 |

PROSPECTIVE FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT - WATER SERVICES

For the year ending 30th June 2017

| BUDGET 2015/16 | | BUDGET 2016/17 | PER LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|-------------------|--|--------------------|--------------------|---|
| | Sources of Operating Funding | | | |
| | General rates, uniform annual charges, rates | | | |
| - | penalties Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for | (65,108) | - | (65,108) |
| 1,854,602 | water supply) | 2,681,194 | 2,838,009 | (156,815) |
| - | Subsidies and grants for operating purposes | - | - | - |
| 1,153,796 | Fees charges and targeted rates for water supply | 1,078,888 | 1,141,028 | (62,140) |
| | Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement | 222.542 | 222 524 | (2.002) |
| 524,409 | fees, and other receipts | 329,612 | 332,604 | (2,992) |
| 3,532,807 | Total Operating Funding | 4,024,586 | 4,311,641 | (287,055) |
| | Applications of Operating Funding | | | |
| | Applications of Operating Funding | | | |
| | Payments to staff and suppliers | 2,218,542 | 2,363,642 | (145,099) |
| | Finance costs Internal Charges and overheads applied | 312,456 718,513 | 281,568 639,602 | 30,888 78,911 |
| - | Other operating funding applications | - | - | 78,511 |
| | | | | |
| 3.215.868 | Total applications of operating funding | 3,249,511 | 3,284,812 | (35,300) |
| | | | | (====================================== |
| 316,939 | _Surplus (Deficit) of operating funding | 775,075 | 1,026,829 | (251,755) |
| | | | | |
| | Sources of capital funding | | | |
| 3.000.000 | Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure | 1,484,000 | 1,000,000 | 484,000 |
| | Development and financial contributions | - | - | , - |
| | Increase (decrease) in debt | 207,600 | 290,640 | (83,040) |
| | Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions | - | 10,000 | (10,000) |
| | - | | | |
| 3,114,290 | _Total sources of capital funding | 1,691,600 | 1,300,640 | 390,960 |
| | Application of capital funding | | | |
| | Conital companditure | | | |
| _ | Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand | - | _ | _ |
| 3,399,040 | - to improve the level of service | 1,558,784 | 311,400 | 1,247,384 |
| | - to replace existing assets | 2,036,563 | 3,157,706 | (1,121,143) |
| | Increase (Decrease) in reserves | (1,128,672) | (1,141,637) | 12,965 |
| - | Increase (Decrease) of investments | - | - | - |
| 3,431,230 | Total application of capital funding | 2,466,674 | 2,327,469 | 139,206 |
| (316,940) | _ Surplus (Deficit) of capital funding | (775,074) | (1,026,829) | 251,754 |
| | - | | | |
| | _Funding Balance | - | - | - 10 low - 2045 |
| 1,626,748 | Page - 30 Group depreciation and amortisation | 1,289,184 | 633,584 | 16 June 2016 655,600 |

WATER SERVICES

Forecast Statement of Cost of Service for the year ending 30th June 2017

| BUDGET | | COSTS | REVENUE | NET COST | 2015/25 Yr 2 | |
|-----------|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| 2015/16 | | 2016/17 | 2016/17 | 2016/17 | PER LTP | VARIANCE |
| 1,014,035 | Water Reticulation | 1,336,377 | 288,384 | 1,047,993 | 1,195,099 | (147,106) |
| 500 | Water Production | 891,953 | 889,878 | 2,075 | 2,076 | (1) |
| 399,972 | Stormwater and Drainage | 347,094 | 59,357 | 287,737 | 434,290 | (146,553) |
| 1,453,224 | Sewerage | 1,962,758 | 170,368 | 1,792,390 | 1,498,900 | 293,490 |
| | | | | | | |
| 2,867,731 | • | 4,538,183 | 1,407,987 | 3,130,196 | 3,130,365 | (169) |
| | Less Internal Allocation | 329,612 | 329,612 | | | |
| | | 4,208,571 | 1,078,375 | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Funded by | | | | | |
| 2,641,464 | Rates | | | 2,616,086 | 2,838,011 | (221,925) |
| | Reserves | | | 58,701 | (226,510) | 285,211 |
| 514,712 | Depreciation not Funded | | | 455,409 | 518,864 | (63,455) |
| 2,966,231 | | | - | 3,130,196 | 3,130,365 | (169) |
| , , , , , | | | | | | (/ |
| | Capital Expenditure | | | | | |
| 370,000 | Water Reticulation | 1,098,360 | | 1,098,360 | 1,528,360 | (430,000) |
| 392,000 | Water Production | 465,913 | | 465,913 | 376,673 | 89,240 |
| 450,000 | Stormwater and Drainage | 576,090 | | 576,090 | 576,090 | - |
| 800,000 | Sewerage | 1,454,984 | | 1,454,984 | 987,984 | 467,000 |
| 2,012,000 | | 3,595,347 | | 3,595,347 | 3,469,107 | 126,240 |
| | Funded by | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Rates | | | - | - | - |
| 277,000 | Depreciation Reserves | 1,903,747 | | 1,903,747 | 2,261,507 | (357,760) |
| | Depreciation not Funded | - | | - | - | - |
| 115,000 | Loans | 207,600 | | 207,600 | 207,600 | - |
| 500 | Sale of Assets Subsidies | - 1,484,000 | | - 1,484,000 | 1,000,000 | - 484,000 |
| | Subsidies | 1,404,000 | _ | 1,404,000 | 1,000,000 | 704,000 |
| 392,000 | | 3,595,347 | _ | 3,595,347 | 3,469,107 | 126,240 |

Activity Group Two WASTE MANAGEMENT

1. Waste Management

For more details:

Refer to the relevant section of the Waste Management Asset Management Plan. Alternatively contact Wairoa District Council's Asset Management Department on (06) 838 7309 or visit our offices to discuss any queries you may have.

What the Council does

The waste management activity comprises of asset-based services such as the:

- provision of a landfill
- recycling centre.

Also service-based functions such as:

- litter collection
- domestic refuse collection
- kerbside recycling.

The waste management facilities provide a service by which refuse can be disposed of in a controlled manner. Council's initiative 'zero waste to landfill' is changing the way people dispose of their waste. More emphasis is given to diversion and recycling which means new infrastructure and a different way of operating. Section 4.1.

The assets are as follows:

- landfill cell
- buildings
- weighbridge office, computer hardware and software
- weighbridge pit and plant
- leachate system
- drainage systems
- · access road/handling areas and fencing.

Section 4.1

Council develops and implements a Waste Management Asset Management Plan to ensure that these assets can deliver agreed levels of service to existing and future residents in the most cost-effective way. This has involved the creation of policy to ensure a high level of asset management is delivered. Section 1.1.

The waste management webpage can be accessed through the Wairoa District Council website www.wairoadc.govt.nz.

Why the Council does this

Council would like to better understand our customers to achieve the following benefits:

- improved cost efficiency and reduced costs
- improved customer satisfaction
- · transparency in decision making
- sustainability.

There is a statutory basis for Council's involvement in this activity. Section 2.1.

Current legislation and regulations which set the minimum service levels that must be provided and which affect asset operation, maintenance and development of the waste management activity include:

- Health Act 1956
- Local Government Act 2002
- Litter Act 1979
- Resource Management Act 1991
- Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996
- Waste Minimisation Act 2008.

The waste management activity primarily contributes to the following community outcomes:

- A strong, prosperous and thriving economy.
- A safe and secure community.
- A lifetime of good health and well-being.
- An environment that is appreciated, protected and sustained for future generations.
- Supportive, caring and inclusive communities.
- A safe and integrated transport system.
- Safe and accessible recreation facilities.
- A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage.

Council's main initiative for this activity is 'Reliable and safe collection and disposal of waste'. More emphasis is given to diversion and recycling which means new infrastructure and a different way of operating.

| LEVEL OF SERVICE STATEMENT | Performance Measure |
|--|---|
| Council will continue to own and deliver the waste management activity to ensure protection of public health and the | All domestic households and non-domestic premises have access to a disposal method for their waste, whether this is a kerbside collection, drop-off point or landfill disposal |
| environment | A reliable recyclables service will be provided: |
| | weekly from the kerbside in Wairoa & Frasertown fortnightly at specified drop-off points from Mahia, Nuhaka and Mohaka |
| | Council will operate and maintain the Wairoa landfill for the disposal of domestic and commercial refuse, being open for the public at least: 5 hours per day 359 days per year |
| | Council shall continue to provide for the community-run waste disposal and recycling service in Waikaremoana and Raupunga |
| | Council will provide for the disposal of hazardous waste |
| | Community's willingness to pay for the service will be considered |
| | Most appropriate form of service delivery to be provided |
| Council will comply with current legislation and | Council shall meet all legislative requirements, in particular the Litter Act 1979 |
| Council bylaws | |
| | Council will comply with all resource consent conditions |
| | Review and update current bylaws to support effective and efficient waste minimisation; addressing issues such as illegal dumping, litter, private waste collections and community-based services |
| Council will maintain the landfill to ensure long-term sustainability | Asset database to be maintained including additions and disposal as well as condition information |
| | Council will undertake a continual improvement approach with the aim of continually reducing the amount of waste going into the landfill |
| Causail will an deathle according to | |
| Council will undertake operational, maintenance and renewals activities in a cost-effective manner | All maintenance, renewals and other programmed and reactive works are completed on time and within budget |
| | Landfill and recycling area will be well maintained, clean and tidy at all times |
| | Council shall implement measures to control the spread of litter in Wairoa, Mahia and on reserves |
| | |

| LEVEL OF SERVICE STATEMENT | PERFORMANCE MEASURE |
|---|---|
| | Operational and maintenance activities are undertaken in a safe and healthy manner |
| Customers will receive a prompt and efficient service | Council will monitor opening and closing times to ensure people are satisfied |
| | Level of customer satisfaction through annual survey indicates 'fairly good', 'very good' or better minimum 80% approval rating |
| | Analysis of CSR complaints to enable issues to be addressed |
| Council will implement systems/processes to ensure continued service delivery in emergency events | Contingency plans shall be implemented for emergency events e.g. pandemics where additional collection services are required or where access is prevented due to flooding |



PROSPECTIVE FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT - WASTE MANAGEMENT

For the year ending 30th June 2017

| BUDGET 2015/16 | | BUDGET 2016/17 | PER LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|-------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | Sources of Operating Funding | | | |
| | General rates, uniform annual charges, rates | | | |
| 798,534 | penalties | 784,859 | - | 784,859 |
| - | Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for water supply) | - | 823,370 | (823,370) |
| - | Subsidies and grants for operating purposes | - | - | - |
| 356,800 | Fees charges and targeted rates for water supply | 358,750 | 358,750 | _ |
| 330,000 | Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement | 330,730 | 330,730 | |
| - | fees, and other receipts | - | - | - |
| 1,155,334 | Total Operating Funding | 1,143,609 | 1,182,120 | (38,511) |
| | Applications of Operating Funding | | | |
| 881,663 | Payments to staff and suppliers | 889,764 | 886,497 | 3,267 |
| 56,106 | Finance costs | 3,000 | 46,605 | (43,605) |
| | Internal Charges and overheads applied | 156,845 | 164,140 | (7,295) |
| - | Other operating funding applications | - | - | - |
| 1,082,041 | Total applications of operating funding | 1,049,609 | 1,097,242 | (47,633) |
| 73.292 | Surplus (Deficit) of operating funding | 94,000 | 84,878 | 9,122 |
| | on place (Solion) or operating randoming | | 0.,070 | <u> </u> |
| | Sources of equital founding | | | |
| | Sources of capital funding | | | |
| | Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure | - | - | - |
| | Development and financial contributions | - | - | - |
| _ | Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets | 50,000 | - | 50,000 |
| - | Lump sum contributions | - - | - - | - |
| | | | | |
| | _Total sources of capital funding | 50,000 | | 50,000 |
| | Application of capital funding | | | |
| | Capital expenditure | | | |
| - | - to meet additional demand | - | - | - |
| 20,000 | - to improve the level of service | 50,000 | - | 50,000 |
| - | - to replace existing assets | 55,250 | 10,250 | 45,000 |
| | Increase (Decrease) in reserves | 38,750 | 74,628 | (35,878) |
| - | Increase (Decrease) of investments | - | - | - |
| 73,292 | Total application of capital funding | 144,000 | 84,878 | 59,122 |
| (73,292) | Surplus (Deficit) of capital funding | (94,000) | (84,878) | (9,122) |
| | - Funding Balance | | _ | - |
| | - | | | |
| 73,292 | Group depreciation and amortisation Page - 36 | 95,000 | 95,000 | 16 June 2016 |

WASTE MANAGEMENT

Forecast Statement of Cost of Service for the year ending 30th June 2017

| BUDGET | | COSTS | REVENUE | NET COST | 2015/25 Yr 2 | |
|--------------|-----------------------------|-----------|---------|--------------|--------------|----------|
| 2015/16 | | 2016/17 | 2016/17 | 2016/17 | PER LTP | VARIANCE |
| 789,819 | Waste Management | 1,144,609 | 358,750 | 785,859 | 833,492 | (47,633) |
| 789,819 | | 1,144,609 | 358,750 | 785,859 | 833,492 | (47,633) |
| | Funded by | | | | | |
| 779,697 - | Rates Reserves | | | 784,859 - | 823,370 | (38,511) |
| 10,122 | Depreciation not Funded | | | 1,000 | 10,122 | (9,122) |
| 789,819 | . • | | | 785,859 | 833,492 | (47,633) |
| | Capital Expenditure | | | | | |
| 145,000 | Waste Management | 105,250 | | 105,250 | 10,250 | 95,000 |
| 145,000 | • | 105,250 | - | 105,250 | 10,250 | 95,000 |
| | Funded by | | | | | |
| - | Rates | | | - | - | - |
| - | Depreciation Reserves | 55,250 | | 55,250 | 10,250 | 45,000 |
| - | Depreciation not Funded | | | - | - | - |
| - | Loans | 50,000 | | 50,000 | - | 50,000 |
| - | Sale of Assets Subsidies | | | - | - | - |
| | | | | | | |
| | | 105,250 | | 105,250 | 10,250 | 95,000 |

Activity Group Three TRANSPORT

1. Land Transport

For more details:

Refer to the relevant section of the 2011 Land Transport Asset Management Plan. Alternatively contact the Road Asset Manager, on (06) 838 7309 or visit our offices to discuss any queries you may have.

What the Council does

Council manages and maintains a network of 875 kilometres of roads, 175 bridges, 346 retaining structures, 41 kilometres of footpaths, 844 streetlights, over 3,000 signs and 23,130 square meters of car parking and other road-related amenities.

Council manages this land transport infrastructure for the safe and efficient flow of all traffic – motor vehicles, cycles and pedestrians.

Council delivers agreed levels of service to the existing and future residents in the most cost-effective way possible, including policy to ensure an appropriate level of asset management is delivered. Section 1.

Accordingly Council develops and implements a Land Transport Asset Management Plan to:

- assist the community to achieve its strategic goals
- bring asset management functions closer to physical works operations to achieve these objectives
- meet customer expectations and regulatory requirements
- present outline plans and options for the sustainable future management of assets
- understand the cost of providing the service over the long term and the best funding strategy
- provide transparency in decision making.

The land transport webpage can be accessed through the Wairoa District Council website www.wairoadc.govt.nz.

Why the Council does this

There is a statutory basis for Council's involvement in this activity. Current legislation and regulations which set the minimum service levels that must be provided and which affect asset operation, maintenance and development of the land transport activity include:

- Local Government Act 2002
- Transit New Zealand Act 1989
- Resource Management Act 1991
- Building Act 1991
- Land Transport Management Act 2003
- Health and Safety in Employment Act 2002
- Civil Defence Emergency Management Act 2002
- Traffic Regulations Act 1976
- Public Works Act 1981
- Utilities Access Act 2010.

Section 2.

The land transport activity contributes to the following community outcomes:

- A strong, prosperous and thriving economy.
- A safe and secure community.
- A lifetime of good health and well-being.
- An environment that is appreciated, protected and sustained for future generations.
- Supportive, caring and valued communities.

- A safe and integrated transport system.
- Strong district leadership and a sense of belonging.
- Safe and accessible recreation facilities.
- A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage.



| LEVEL OF SERVICE STATEMENT | PERFORMANCE MEASURE |
|--|---|
| Council delivers a land transport system to the community | The land transport network is trafficable at all times, other than when affected by natural events (e.g. slips) and notified planned road closures |
| | Road closures for planned events (e.g. rallies, bridge repairs etc.) are notified through public notices and residents of affected roads informed |
| Council will manage the land transport system in a sustainable manner, sufficient to meet the current and projected demand | The percentage of the sealed local road network that is resurfaced, expressed as a number (new mandatory performance measure) |
| Customers will receive a prompt and efficient service | The public and other road users satisfied with the overall level of service provided. Target is to have no less than 75% of respondents consider the land transport service to be 'fairly good, very good, or better', as measured by the annual public satisfaction survey |
| | All requests for service and complaints are dealt with properly and promptly. Appropriate Council staff contact and discuss complaints received with complainants (subject to contact details being provided) in an effort to improve relationships and responsiveness to customers. 90% of all CSRs and complaints are dealt with within the prescribed timeframes (new mandatory performance measure) |
| The district-funded footpaths will be maintained in good order | Not more than the number of footpath complaints and CSRs received than the previous year |
| | The percentage of footpaths that fall within the level of service or standard of condition of footpaths set out in Council's relevant document, expressed as a number (new mandatory performance measure) |
| The district-funded land transport activity will contribute to overall road safety by adequately catering for pedestrians, cyclists and other non-motorised road users | Walking & Cycling Strategy programme to be implemented. (Note that general road safety and vehicular safety in particular is dealt with in the NZTA-funded activities) |
| The district-funded streetlights will be maintained in good order | Not more than the number of streetlight complaints and CSRs received than the previous year (Note that most streetlights are covered by the NZTA-subsidised activities. Non-subsidised streetlights are those in place for amenity or not specifically related to road safety) |
| Council provides car parking that is sufficient to meet the current and projected demand | The Wairoa Township and Mahia Beach car parking facilities will be accessible at all times, other than when affected by natural events (e.g. flooding) and notified planned road closures |
| | Not more than the number of parking complaints and CSRs received than the previous year |
| The service is provided at a reasonable cost | The costs of these services are consulted on annually |
| (value for money) | Local supplier opportunities to be considered prior to engagement of an external supplier to reduce overhead costs and increase in-house efficiency |
| Council endeavours to programme, provide, develop and manage the land transport network in a manner that assists the economic development of the district | Physical works and professional engineering services' procurement options directed to best reflect the local resources where possible, to sustain the district's economy, and to promote local knowledge and technical expertise within the community |
| When using the network, all road users will experience a "fair" ride quality on a well-maintained and managed asset (qualified to the extent that it has to be appreciated that over 66% of the network is unsealed) | Council's target is to provide a "fair' ride quality i.e. average sealed road NAASRA <110 for 'fair' ride quality (new mandatory performance measure) |
| Council works with NZ Police and NZTA to promote the safe use of the land transport network by motorists and others | The change from the previous financial year in the number of fatalities and serious injury crashes on the local road network, expressed as a number (new mandatory performance measure) |
| | No accidents attributed to engineering aspects of the road network (e.g. loose chip from reseals) |

Activity Group Three TRANSPORT

2. Airport

For more details:

Refer to the relevant section of the Airport Asset Management Plan. Alternatively contact Wairoa District Council's Asset Management Department on (06) 838 7309 or visit our offices to discuss any queries

What the Council does

The airport activity comprises of asset-based services such as:

- runway (includes lighting)
- taxiway
- buildings
- helicopter pad at Memorial Park.

The airport provides a service for light aircraft and charter operations.

Council is the controlling authority of the airport and helicopter pad and manages and funds this airport to ensure that an operational airport remains within the Wairoa district in order to serve the needs of the community.

Council owns the following:

- the area of land that the Wairoa Airport is situated on
- the waiting lounge building and toilets
- the rural land blocks immediately surrounding the airport.

Section 4.1.

Council develops and implements an Airport Asset Management Plan to ensure that these assets can deliver agreed levels of service to existing and future residents in the most cost-effective way. This has involved the creation of policy to ensure a high level of asset management is delivered. Section 1.

Why the Council does this

For all infrastructure assets, Council has a role to:

- identify levels of service and monitor performance
- manage the impact of growth through demand management and asset development
- identify, assess and manage risks that may impact on the activity
- develop and implement the most cost-effective strategies for operating, maintaining, replacing and/or improving the
 assets
- have a long-term financial plan which identifies required expenditure and how it will be funded.

The benefits of understanding the asset/service environment are:

- · improved cost efficiency and reduced costs
- improved customer satisfaction
- transparency in decision making
- sustainability.

There is a statutory basis for Council's involvement in this activity. Section 2.1.

Current legislation and regulations which set the minimum service levels that must be provided and which affect asset operation, maintenance and development of the airport activity include:

- Airport Authorities Act 1966
- Civil Aviation Act 1990.

The airport activity primarily contributes to the following community outcomes:

- A strong, prosperous and thriving economy.
- A safe and secure community.
- A lifetime of good health and well-being.
- An environment that is appreciated, protected and sustained for future generations.
- A safe and integrated transport system.
- Safe and accessible recreation facilities.
- A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage.

| LEVEL OF SERVICE STATEMENT | PERFORMANCE MEASURE |
|--|--|
| Council will continue to provide the Wairoa Airport service to meet the current and | Council shall continue to provide the service at Wairoa Airport to standards appropriate for its use |
| foreseeable demand of the community | The community's willingness to pay for the service will be considered |
| | The provision of the service shall be adequate for current and foreseeable demand |
| Council will comply with current legislation and Council bylaws | Council shall meet all legislative requirements |
| | Facilities shall meet all relevant safety standards |
| Council will maintain the airport and associated facilities to ensure long term sustainability | Asset database to be maintained |
| Council will undertake operational, maintenance and renewal activities in a cost- effective manner | All maintenance, renewals and other programmed and reactive works are completed on time and within budget |
| | Operational and maintenance activities are undertaken in a safe and healthy manner |
| Customers will receive a prompt and efficient service | Level of customer satisfaction through annual survey indicates a 'fairly good', 'very |
| Service | good' or better minimum 80% approval rating Analysis of CSR complaints to enable issues to be addressed |
| Council will implement systems/processes to ensure continued service delivery in emergency events | Contingency plans shall be implemented for emergency events such as earthquake and flooding where services may be affected or facilities damaged |

PROSPECTIVE FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT - TRANSPORT

For the year ending 30th June 2017

| BUDGET 2015/16 | | BUDGET 2016/17 | PER LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|-------------------|---|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| | Sources of Operating Funding | | | |
| 58,250 | General rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for | (5,810) | 58,417 | (64,227) |
| 3,325,696 | water supply) | 3,612,056 | 3,544,985 | 67,071 |
| 3,321,813 | Subsidies and grants for operating purposes | 4,362,823 | 4,936,619 | (573,796) |
| 863,595 | | 64,493 | 850,468 | (785,975) |
| - | Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other receipts | | - | - |
| 7,569,353 | _ _Total Operating Funding | 8,033,562 | 9,390,489 | (1,356,927) |
| | Applications of Operating Funding | | | |
| 5,440,433 | Payments to staff and suppliers | 5,876,731 | 7,340,765 | (1,464,034) |
| · · | Finance costs | 21,634 | 3,000 | 18,634 |
| 1,112,545 | Internal Charges and overheads applied Other operating funding applications | 1,397,822 | 1,187,768 | 210,054 |
| - | Other operating running applications | | - | - |
| 6,560,781 | Total applications of operating funding | 7,296,187 | 8,531,533 | (1,235,346) |
| 1,008,572 | Surplus (Deficit) of operating funding | 737,375 | 858,956 | (121,581) |
| | | | | |
| | Sources of capital funding | | | |
| 4,750,169 - | Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions | 3,756,478 - | 4,726,913 - | (970,435) - |
| - | Increase (decrease) in debt | 360,572 | - | 360,572 |
| - | Gross proceeds from sale of assets | - | 10,000 | (10,000) |
| - | Lump sum contributions | - | - | - |
| 4,750,169 | Total sources of capital funding | 4,117,050 | 4,736,913 | (619,863) |
| | Application of capital funding | | | |
| - | Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand | - | _ | - |
| 186,500 | - to improve the level of service | 679,982 | 534,982 | 145,000 |
| | - to replace existing assets | 5,578,959 | 6,294,153 | (715,195) |
| (463,998) | Increase (Decrease) in reserves | (1,404,516) | (1,233,266) | (171,250) |
| - | Increase (Decrease) of investments | | - | - |
| 5,758,741 | Total application of capital funding | 4,854,425 | 5,595,869 | (741,445) |
| (1,008,572) | Surplus (Deficit) of capital funding | (737,375) | (858,956) | 121,582 |
| | Funding Balance Page - 43 | - | - | 16 June 2016 |
| 2,573,636 | Group depreciation and amortisation | 2,497,851 | 2,639,108 | (141,257) |

TRANSPORTForecast Statement of Cost of Service for the year ending 30th June 2017

| BUDGET | | COSTS | REVENUE | NET COST | 2015/25 Yr 2 | |
|-----------|----------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| 2015/16 | | 2016/17 | 2016/17 | 2016/17 | PER LTP | VARIANCE |
| 9,921 | Airport | 99,922 | 55,150 | 44,772 | 9,448 | 35,324 |
| 4,709,567 | Roading (NZTA assisted) | 9,219,076 | 4,368,066 | 4,851,010 | 4,961,210 | (110,200) |
| 348,328 | Roading (District funded) | 420,358 | 4,100 | 416,258 | 362,259 | 54,000 |
| - | Infrastructural Works Unit | 778,900 | 778,900 | - | - | - |
| 49,086 | Parking | 54,682 | - | 54,682 | 50,636 | 4,046 |
| 5,116,902 | - - | 10,572,938 | 5,206,215 | 5,366,722 | 5,383,552 | (16,830) |
| | Funded by | | | | | |
| 3,523,379 | Rates | | | 3,606,246 | 3,603,401 | 2,845 |
| - | Reserves | | | 65,017 | 65,017 | - |
| 1,593,524 | Depreciation not Funded | | | 1,695,459 | 1,715,134 | (19,675) |
| 5,116,902 | | | | 5,366,722 | 5,383,552 | (16,830) |
| | Capital Expenditure | | | | | |
| 65,000 | Airport | 335,000 | | 335,000 | 205,000 | 130,000 |
| 5,660,000 | | 5,113,876 | | 5,113,876 | 6,089,070 | (975,194) |
| 348,000 | Roading (District funded) | 598,160 | | 598,160 | 383,160 | 215,000 |
| 55,000 | Infrastructural Works Unit | 50,750 | | 50,750 | 30,750 | 20,000 |
| 10,715 | Parking | 161,155 | | 161,155 | 121,155 | 40,000 |
| 6,138,715 | | 6,258,941 | | 6,258,941 | 6,829,135 | (570,194) |
| | Funded by | | | | | |
| - | Rates | _ | | - | - | - |
| - | Depreciation Reserves | 2,141,891 | | 2,141,891 | 1,886,649 | 255,242 |
| - | Depreciation not Funded | | | - | - | - |
| - | Loans | 360,572 | | 360,572 | 215,572 | 145,000 |
| - | Sale of Assets | | | - | - | - |
| 4,628,000 | Subsidies | 3,756,478 | | 3,756,478 | 4,726,913 | (970,436) |
| 4,628,000 | | 6,258,941 | - | 6,258,941 | 6,829,135 | (570,194) |

Activity Group Four COMMUNITY FACILITIES

1. Cemeteries

For more details:

Refer to the relevant section of the Cemeteries Asset Management Plan.
Alternatively contact Wairoa District Council's Asset Management Department on (06) 838 7309 or visit our offices to discuss any queries you may have.

What the Council does

The cemeteries are an asset and service-based activity that relies primarily on available land to function, along with a network of roading and utilities.

The cemeteries are as follows:

- Wairoa
- Nūhaka (managed by others)
- Frasertown
- Ruakituri

Section 4.1.

Council develops and implements a Cemeteries Asset Management Plan to ensure that these assets can deliver agreed levels of service in the most cost-effective way. This has involved the creation of policy to ensure an appropriate level of asset management is delivered. Section 1.

The cemeteries webpage can be accessed through the Wairoa District Council website www.wairoadc.govt.nz.

Why the Council does this

There is a statutory basis for Council's involvement in this activity. Section 2.1.

Current legislation and regulations which set the minimum service levels that must be provided and which affect asset operation, maintenance and development of the cemeteries activity include:

• Burial and Cremation Act 1964. Section 2.1.

The cemeteries activity primarily contributes to the following community outcomes:

- An environment that is appreciated, protected and sustained for future generations.
- Supportive, caring and valued communities.
- Safe and accessible recreation facilities.
- A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage.

| LEVEL OF SERVICE STATEMENT | Performance Measure |
|---|---|
| Council will continue to own and deliver a cemetery service suitable for the current and foreseeable needs of the community | The provision of cemetery land shall be adequate for current and foreseeable demand |
| | Community's willingness to pay for the service will be considered |
| Council will comply with current legislation and Council bylaws | Council shall meet all legislative requirements |
| | Council's Public Safety Bylaw shall be enforced |
| Council shall provide an up-to-date records and enquiry service | Cemetery interment records are updated and maintained |
| Council will maintain any public cemeteries to ensure long term sustainability | Asset database to be maintained |
| Council will undertake operational, maintenance and renewals activities in a cost-effective manner | All preventative maintenance, renewals and other programmed and reactive works are completed on time and within budget |
| | Operational and maintenance activities are undertaken in a safe and healthy manner |
| Customers will receive a prompt and efficient service | Level of customer satisfaction through annual survey indicates a 'fairly good', 'very good' or better minimum 80% approval rating |
| SCIVICE | How the service is delivered to the community will be monitored through the CSR system |

Activity Group Four COMMUNITY FACILITIES

2. Parks & Reserves

For more details:

Refer to the relevant section of the Parks and Reserves Asset Management Plan. Alternatively contact Wairoa District Council's Asset Management Department on (06) 838 7309 or visit our offices to discuss any queries you may have.

What the Council does

Wairoa District Council owns and operates parks and reserves in the Wairoa district. This is an asset and service-based activity that relies primarily on available land to function.

The parks and reserves activity provides services in the form of:

- sports grounds
- public gardens and memorials
- neighbourhood parks and playgrounds
- access along riverbank reserves
- access along foreshore reserves
- Public toilets.

Section 4.2.

The parks and reserves asset portfolio is made up of the following:

- land/vegetation
- buildings
- walkways
- playground equipment
- · fences, sealed areas and lighting
- boat ramps
- · sports facilities such as lighting, seating, clubrooms
- seating, tables, litter bins and memorials.

Section 4.2.

Council develops and implements a Parks and Reserves Asset Management Plan to ensure that these assets can deliver agreed levels of service to existing and future residents in the most cost-effective way. This has involved the creation of policy to ensure a level of asset management is delivered. Section 1.

Why the Council does this

There is a statutory basis for Council's involvement in this activity. Section 2.1.

Current legislation and regulations which set the minimum service levels that must be provided and which affect asset operation, maintenance and development of the parks and reserves activity include:

- Forest and Rural Fires Act 1977
- Reserves Act 1977
- Litter Act 1979
- Building Act 1992.

Section 2.1.

The parks and reserves activity primarily contributes to the following community outcomes:

- A safe and secure community.
- A lifetime of good health and well-being.
- An environment that is appreciated, protected and sustained for future generations.

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- Safe and accessible recreation facilities.
- A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage.

| LEVEL OF SERVICE STATEMENT | Performance Measure |
|---|---|
| Council will continue to provide parks and reserves with associated facilities to meet the current and foreseeable desires of the community | The provision of land and facilities shall be adequate for current and foreseeable demand |
| | Council shall implement development projects from Reserve Management Plans |
| | Community's willingness to pay for the service will be considered |
| Council will comply with current legislation and Council bylaws | Council shall meet all legislative requirements |
| | Council's Public Safety Bylaw shall be enforced |
| | Facilities shall meet all relevant safety standards |
| Council will maintain parks and reserves and associated facilities to ensure long term sustainability | Asset database to be maintained |
| | All maintenance, renewals and other programmed and reactive works are completed on time and within budget |
| | Operational and maintenance activities are undertaken in a safe and healthy manner |
| | |
| Customers will receive a prompt and efficient service | Level of customer satisfaction through annual survey indicates a 'fairly good', 'very good' or better minimum 80% approval rating |
| | How the service is delivered to the community will be monitored through the CSR and Annual Plan systems |
| Council will implement systems/processes to ensure continued service delivery in emergency events | Contingency plans implemented for emergencies such as earthquake & flooding where services may be affected or damaged |

Activity Group Four COMMUNITY FACILITIES

3. Library

What the Council does

Library lending and information services are principally provided through the Wairoa Centennial Library building on Marine Parade, Wairoa. However, electronic resources and eBooks can be accessed directly through the library website and enquiries can be placed by phone, fax, email or Facebook.

The main services provided are:

- access to a range of information resources both paper and electronic
- library and information professionals to assist customers with enquiries
- loan of materials from a collection of more than 30,000 items to over 3000 members
- inter-library loan of materials from other libraries
- programmes and events for all ages
- collecting and preserving material about the district, its culture and heritage
- · community facility for reading, studying and relaxing
- Aotearoa People's Network Kaharoa (APNK) computers and Wi-Fi giving free broadband internet access, and cost recovery printing.

The most successful annual programme the library runs is the Summer Reading Programme. This is a family-orientated, incentive-based reading programme for young children and teenagers. It is made available free of charge due to a substantial grant from the Eastern and Central Community Trust. The aim of the programme is to encourage and stimulate children's interest in reading through regular, fun and interactive use of the library.

Full membership of the library is required to borrow any item from the lending collection. eAccess cards to borrow ebooks and to access the electronic resources can be requested online via the library website. Full in-house use is open to anyone. The majority of the lending collection is available free of charge. However, newer items in the bestseller collection are charged for, and fines are imposed for overdue, damaged and lost books.

The Aotearoa People's Network Kaharoa is a collaboration between the National Library of New Zealand, public libraries and business, with initial funding from the Government's Community Partnership Fund. This covers equipment, networking, training and access to web-based tools and services. Each computer also has a wide suite of software both licensed and open source. It is part of the Government's wider Digital Content Strategy to unlock the nation's stock and build opportunities for New Zealanders to access it.

Library opening hours

Monday to Thursday: 10:00 am - 5:00 pm

Friday: 9:30 am - 6:00 pm

Saturday: 10:00 am – 12:00 pm (noon) Closed: Sundays & Statutory Public Holidays

Why the Council does this

Council's long-term purpose in operating a library service is to enhance the social and cultural well-being of the community. This is achieved through the provision of access to literature and other learning resources via books and electronic media. Longer term, the concept of libraries as just a receptacle for the written word will likely be invalid, as libraries become portals to vast public information and knowledge bases.

The library is one showcase for demonstrating how communication, knowledge and information sharing is evolving, and it is a readily accessible means for all in the community to experience such opportunities.

Improving literacy levels through the encouragement of reading may have positive effects on the long-term socio-economic status of residents. The community benefits from a better informed and more literate population. As libraries make information available to everyone in the community, many residents value this activity even though they may not use the service themselves. Having a library contributes to public pride.

Council will continue to manage and operate the library, having in the past explored and rejected a number of alternative options. There is a strong statutory basis for Council's involvement in this activity and Council believes that there are positive advantages to the community.

The library website can be accessed through www.wairoalibrary.co.nz.

Council manages a process for the community to identify its desired outcomes and that process is described in more detail elsewhere in this plan. Having identified the desired outcomes Council, in consultation with the community, decides how it will contribute. It is not all about Council, with some outcomes delivered by other organisations. However, for each outcome there will be an activity of Council that contributes in some way.

Having decided what activities it needs to be involved with, or what services it needs to provide, Council establishes the objectives it has for those activities or services.

The goals and principal objectives identified form the basis of our statements of level of service, which are detailed below.

There is a cost associated with delivering the levels of service described and those costs are what are presented in the budgets below.

The library activity primarily contributes to the following community outcomes:

- A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage.
- · Safe and accessible recreational facilities.
- Supportive, caring and valued communities.
- A lifetime of good health and well-being.

| LEVEL OF SERVICE STATEMENT | Performance Measure |
|---|--|
| Demand and Capacity Council will continue to provide library services for the district through the Wairoa Centennial Library. Accessibility Excluding statutory and public holidays, the Wairoa Centennial Library will be open during the times displayed. Quality and Reliability The services provided will include: events and programmes for all ages: preschool, school age, teen and adult loan and in-house collections of print materials that reflect the community access to electronic resources and eBooks both in the library and via the internet at home support services to schools and organisations promoting lifelong learning APNK public computers with software and internet access a regional and national inter-library loan system printing, photocopying, fax and scanning facilities skilled staff to assist customers to find resources to meet their needs. | A regular pattern of new member enrolments is demonstrated. An increase in the number of eBook issues. Library visits exceed benchmark of 60,000. The library building is accessible during the displayed opening hours and there is 24/7 online access to eBooks and EPIC reference information sources. Increased awareness of EPIC collections through advertising, targeted sessions and one-on-one support. Opportunities to participate in the annual Eastern & Central Regional Summer Reading Programme are provided via in-library displays, newspaper, library website, Facebook and flyers to schools. Staff have opportunities for professional development. |
| Costs and Funding Council will manage library activities in a financially viable manner. | All preventative maintenance, renewals and other programmed works are completed on time and within budget. |
| Customer Service and Satisfaction Council will respond to all enquiries, requests, complaints, and identified issues in a timely manner. | Level of customer satisfaction through survey indicates a 'fairly good, very good or better' minimum 80% approval rating. |

Activity Group Four COMMUNITY FACILITIES

4. Community Support

What the Council does

Council believes it has a role to play in supporting community events and facilities by providing funding for community initiatives. Community support covers the activities associated with community funding.

The provision of grants is an integral component of Council's strategy to empower local communities and assist them in achieving their vision and strategic outcomes. Council's preferred mechanism for involvement is through funded service contracts, or advocacy on behalf of community groups and organisations.

Historically, Council's role in community development/support has mainly been through involvement in the provision of essential services. In recent years Council has adopted a facilitator role, providing grants and services that empower local groups and communities to make their own decisions about the issues that affect them.

Council is engaged in the provision of funding towards community facilities and organisations because of the public expectation that Council will contribute to the recreational and social aspirations of the district. Council provides funding to the Wairoa Community Centre, Wairoa District Heritage & Museum Trust, Sport Hawke's Bay, Wairoa Mobility Bus, RoadSafe Hawke's Bay, Yroa Ynot!, etc. Applications from other organisations engaged in the management of community facilities/events are currently considered on a case-by-case basis as they come to hand.

Council is continuously working with regional partners to develop regional strategies.

Council supports the ongoing relationship building between Council and the Wairoa District Heritage & Museum Trust. Council also supports their new vision "A Museum Without Walls – a living entity linking people, history, taonga and place".

Why the Council does this

Council manages a process for the community to identify its desired outcomes and that process is described in more detail elsewhere in this plan. Having identified the desired outcomes Council, in consultation with the community, decides how it will contribute to those outcomes. It is not all about Council, with some outcomes delivered by other organisations; however, for each outcome there will be an activity of Council that contributes in some way.

Having decided what activities it needs to be involved with, or what services it needs to provide, Council establishes the objectives it has for those activities or services.

The goals and principal objectives identified form the basis of our statements of level of service, which are detailed below.

There is a cost associated with delivering the levels of service described and these costs are presented below.

The community support activity primarily contributes to the following community outcomes:

- A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage.
- Safe and accessible recreational facilities.
- Supportive, caring and valued communities.

| LEVEL OF SERVICE STATEMENT | PERFORMANCE MEASURE |
|--|--|
| Demand Council will assist in the provision of healthy, accessible and enjoyable community facilities and encourage community participation. | The number of customers visiting the Wairoa Community Centre and Wairoa Museum and level of customer satisfaction are the same or better than that of the previous year. |
| Quality Community facilities will provide a valuable resource for the creation of local communities of interest as meeting places and for passive and physical leisure. | Overall 'user' satisfaction of community facilities through survey indicates a 'fairly good, very good or better' approval rating of not less than 80%. |
| Costs and Funding Funds are provided for community facilities and initiatives in accordance with Council's community outcomes. | Council grants to funded organisations are paid in accordance with funding contracts/agreements. Funding contracts/agreements are reviewed annually/triennially in accordance with existing funding contract specifications. Residents are satisfied with value for money through rates on supporting community facilities and organisations with an approval rating of not less than 80%. |



PROSPECTIVE FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT - COMMUNITY FACILITIES

For the year ending 30th June 2017

| BUDGET 2015/16 | | BUDGET 2016/17 | PER LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|-------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| | Sources of Operating Funding | | | |
| 042.650 | General rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties | 007.224 | 1 000 460 | (002.220) |
| 942,036 | Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for | 997,221 | 1,880,460 | (883,239) |
| • | water supply) | 828,692 | 1,573,502 | (744,810) |
| 61,909 | Subsidies and grants for operating purposes | 47,877 | 112,705 | (64,828) |
| 60,517 | Fees charges and targeted rates for water supply | 63,875 | 119,879 | (56,004) |
| • | Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other receipts | - | - | - |
| 1,742,191 | Total Operating Funding | 1,937,665 | 3,686,546 | (1,748,881) |
| | Applications of Operating Funding | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Payments to staff and suppliers Finance costs | 1,530,892 46,680 | 3,027,979 71,763 | (1,497,087) (25,083) |
| • | Internal Charges and overheads applied | 277,370 | 406,323 | (128,953) |
| | Other operating funding applications | - | - | - |
| | | | | |
| 1,681,566 | Total applications of operating funding | 1,854,942 | 3,506,065 | (1,651,123) |
| | | | | () = |
| 60,625 | Surplus (Deficit) of operating funding | 82,723 | 180,481 | (97,758) |
| | | | | |
| | Sources of capital funding | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure | - | - | - |
| | Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt | - 778,000 | 25,800 | - 752,200 |
| | Gross proceeds from sale of assets | - | - | - |
| - | Lump sum contributions | - | - | - |
| 135 800 | Total courses of conital funding | 779 000 | 35 800 | 752 200 |
| 125,800 | Total sources of capital funding | 778,000 | 25,800 | 752,200 |
| | Application of capital funding | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Capital expenditure | | 110 100 | (110.100) |
| 200,440 | to meet additional demandto improve the level of service | 823,100 | 110,100 45,100 | (110,100) 778,000 |
| 35,320 | - to replace existing assets | 201,250 | 20,736 | 180,514 |
| (49,335) | Increase (Decrease) in reserves | (163,627) | 30,345 | (193,972) |
| - | Increase (Decrease) of investments | - | - | - |
| 186,425 | - Total application of capital funding | 860,723 | 206,281 | 654,442 |
| | <u> </u> | | | |
| (60,625) | Surplus (Deficit) of capital funding | (82,723) | (180,481) | 97,758 |
| - | Funding Balance | | - | - |
| 95,625 | Group depreciation and amortisation | 151,318 | 151,318 | - |

TRANSPORTForecast Statement of Cost of Service for the year ending 30th June 2017

| BUDGET | | COSTS | REVENUE | NET COST | 2015/25 Yr 2 | |
|-----------|----------------------------|------------|-----------|-------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| 2015/16 | | 2016/17 | 2016/17 | 2016/17 | PER LTP | VARIANCE |
| 9,921 | Airport | 99,922 | 55,150 | 44,772 | 9,448 | 35,324 |
| 4,709,567 | Roading (NZTA assisted) | 9,219,076 | 4,368,066 | 4,851,010 | 4,961,210 | (110,200) |
| 348,328 | Roading (District funded) | 420,358 | 4,100 | 416,258 | 362,259 | 54,000 |
| - | Infrastructural Works Unit | 778,900 | 778,900 | - | - | - |
| 49,086 | Parking | 54,682 | - | 54,682 | 50,636 | 4,046 |
| 5,116,902 | | 10,572,938 | 5,206,215 | 5,366,722 | 5,383,552 | (16,830) |
| | Funded by | | | | | |
| 3,523,379 | Rates | | | 3,606,246 | 3,603,401 | 2,845 |
| - | Reserves | | | 65,017 | 65,017 | - |
| 1,593,524 | Depreciation not Funded | | | 1,695,459 | 1,715,134 | (19,675) |
| | | | | | | |
| 5,116,902 | • | | - | 5,366,722 | 5,383,552 | (16,830) |
| | Capital Expenditure | | | | | |
| 65,000 | Airport | 335,000 | | 335,000 | 205,000 | 130,000 |
| 5,660,000 | Roading (NZTA assisted) | 5,113,876 | | 5,113,876 | 6,089,070 | (975,194) |
| 348,000 | Roading (District funded) | 598,160 | | 598,160 | 383,160 | 215,000 |
| 55,000 | Infrastructural Works Unit | 50,750 | | 50,750 | 30,750 | 20,000 |
| 10,715 | Parking | 161,155 | | 161,155 | 121,155 | 40,000 |
| 6,138,715 | | 6,258,941 | | 6,258,941 | 6,829,135 | (570,194) |
| | Funded by | | | | | |
| - | Rates | - | | - | - | - |
| - | Depreciation Reserves | 2,141,891 | | 2,141,891 | 1,886,649 | 255,242 |
| - | Depreciation not Funded | - | | - | - | - |
| - | Loans | 360,572 | | 360,572 | 215,572 | 145,000 |
| - | Sale of Assets | - | | - | - | - |
| 4,628,000 | Subsidies | 3,756,478 | | 3,756,478 | 4,726,913 | (970,436) |
| 4,628,000 | | 6,258,941 | - | 6,258,941 | 6,829,135 | (570,194) |
| | | | - | · · · · · · | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |

Activity Group Five PLANNING & REGULATORY

1. Resource Planning

What the Council does

In June 2005, Council adopted the Operative Wairoa District Plan. The plan sets out the framework for the sustainable management of natural and physical resources in the Wairoa district. Council is required to review the District Plan every 10 years. The review of the current District Plan is due in 2015.

The District Planner is primarily responsible for administration and implementation of the District Plan which includes the formulation of environmental and development policy as well as the control of development by processing resource consents (land use and subdivision) and other regulatory approvals.

The resource consent webpage can be accessed through the Wairoa District Council website www.wairoadc.govt.nz along with the District Plan.

Why the Council does this

There is a strong statutory basis for Council's involvement in this activity. This activity is responsible for addressing resource management and planning responsibilities. These include Council's statutory requirements under the Resource Management Act 1991 and the Local Government Act 2002 as well as addressing the expectations of the community outcomes process.

One aspect of the resource planning function undertaken by Council is to specifically manage potential and material negative effects. While this activity is focussed in its most direct form, on environmental effects, failure by Council to carry out its role in resource planning could result in significant negative effects not only in terms of the environmental well-being but also the economic, social and cultural well-being of the district and its residents. Such effects are taken into consideration in policy formation and implementation.

The resource planning activity primarily contributes to the following community outcomes:

- Safe and accessible recreational facilities.
- A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage.

| | OF SERVICE STATEM | | Performance Measure |
|--|-------------------|--|---|
| LEVEL OF SERVICE STATEMENT Legislative Obligations: | | ILINI | Council is committed to processing all applications within the statutory |
| Legislative Ositgutions. | | | timeframes as set under the Resource Management Act. |
| As required by the Resource Management Act 1991, the Council will maintain an Operative District Plan to guide the future development of the District. The present District Plan became operative in June 2005. It does | | e District Plan to District. re in June 2005. It | No situations where inadequate conditions were imposed relating to roading, water supply, wastewater or stormwater infrastructure to be constructed and transferred to the Council, or to the standard and condition to which it was actually built before being transferred. |
| does not have to be reviewed again until 2015. | | 2015. | No instances where legal proceedings have succeeded against the |
| The Council will also formulate development policies and strategies. | | | Council, alleging that it has acted unlawfully or has been negligent in the exercise of its responsibilities. |
| b) The Council will ensure that all subdivision and development in the district takes place in conformity with all of the requirements of the District Plan. | | ce in conformity | The number of actual or potential claims that have had to be notified to the Council's insurers. |
| Costs and Funding: | | | The cost related to this activity does not exceed the approved budget. |
| a) The services will be provided at a cost that will be publicly consulted on annually – via either the LTP or Annual Plan preparation process. b) The Council will fund this activity by a combination of user charges and the general rate. The following table shows the approximate share of the cost from each source. | | either the LTP or a combination of the following table | |
| | General Rate | User Fees and Charges | |
| Policy | 100% | 800 | |
| Development Consent | | 100% | |
| Applications | | 10070 | |
| Consent | | 100% | |
| Monitoring Environmental | 100% | | |
| Monitoring | | | |
| Customer Service: | | | a) 100% of applications for consent dealt with within specified timeframes. |
| a) All complaints and requests for service will be responded to within the following timeframes: | | | timerrames. |
| verbal complaints – 3 working days written complaints and requests for information – 10 working days. | | information – 10 | |
| b) All applications for consent will be responded to within the following timeframes: | | sponded to within | |
| i) If not required to be notified – within 20 working days. ii) If required to be notified – notified, and notice served within 10 working days. | | | |
| The Council will aim to ensure that the users of the services and the general public will be satisfied with the overall level of service that is being provided. | | | |

Activity Group Five PLANNING & REGULATORY

2. Environmental Health

What the Council does

Environmental health encompasses a range of activities aimed at protecting and improving public health of communities, and is closely linked with the prevention of ill health by promoting positive environmental factors. The Health Act requires that Councils retain the services of environmental health personnel for these purposes.

Wairoa District Council is approved as an organisation to undertake audits and approval of food control plans.

The Environmental Health Officer is responsible for a number of environmental health duties for Council including:

- inspecting and licensing food premises in accordance with the Food Hygiene Regulations 1974
- sampling of water quality under the Health Act 1956 and other statutes
- investigation of public health nuisances such as noise, pollution (air/water/land), odour, rodents and pests, sub-standard housing, sewage disposal, litter/fly dumping
- general administration and implementation of public health regulatory frameworks i.e. bylaws, codes of practice, standards, Council policy, regulations and acts of parliament.

Wairoa District Council provides an after-hours noise control service to deal with noise complaints and during office hours the Environmental Health Officer deals with any noise complaints.

The Environmental Health webpage can be accessed through the Wairoa District Council website www.wairoadc.govt.nz.

Why the Council does this

Council's long-term focus for environmental health activities is to promote a safe living environment through education, the monitoring and enforcement of legislation, regulations and bylaws.

There is a strong statutory basis for Council's involvement in this activity and Council believes that there are positive advantages to the community's well-being through this involvement.

Under Section 31 of the Resource Management Act, territorial authorities have a responsibility to control the emission of noise and to mitigate the effects of noise within their districts. Noise complaints generally fall into the category of unreasonable or excessive noise.

Under Section 23 of the Health Act, every local authority has a duty to promote and conserve the public health within its district. This is achieved through investigations and abatement of nuisances, the making and implementation of other public health controls through bylaws, codes of practice, standards, Council policy, regulations and acts. These relate to a wide range of activities e.g. camping grounds, hairdressers and funeral directors, noise and litter control etc.

The environmental health activity primarily contributes to the following community outcomes:

- Strong district leadership and a sense of belonging.
- Safe and accessible recreational facilities.

| Service Levels and Performance Measur LEVEL OF SERVICE STATEMENT | PERFORMANCE MEASURE |
|---|--|
| Legislative Obligations: | 100% of all registered premises inspected during the year. |
| (a) The Council will inspect all premises that are required to be registered under the Health Act 1956, the Food Act 2014, and the Food Hygiene Regulations 1974, for compliance every year, e.g.: | |
| food premises hairdressers funeral directors camping grounds. | Any illness will be investigated with the cause of illness to be identified and measures instituted to minimise or eliminate the risk of it reoccurring. |
| And it will take steps to ensure that all food workers are aware of their obligations. (b) It will also: i) monitor the community's water, wastewater, stormwater and sanitary services to ensure that they are being satisfactorily managed, and are performing satisfactorily, from the health point of view ii) maintain a general overview of the public health of the district and respond to public health complaints. | 100% of all complaints about unreasonable noise are responded to in accordance with legislation, regulations and Council policy. |
| Health and Safety: | No health or safety incidents |
| All of the above responsibilities will be carried out safely. | |
| Costs and Funding: | The cost related to this activity did not exceed the approved budget. |
| The services will be provided at a cost that will be publicly consulted on annually via the LTP or Annual Plan process. The Council will fund the activity by way of a combination of user fees and charges and the general rate. | |
| Customer Service: All complaints will be responded to within the following timeframes: • verbal complaints – emergencies – 1 hour • other – 1 working day • written complaints – 10 working days. | Target: Not less than 95% of all complaints dealt with within the specified timeframes. |
| b) The Council will aim to ensure that the users of the service and the general public will be satisfied with the overall level of service that is being provided. c) Maintain 'approval' status as organisation and Environmental Health Officer. | |

Activity Group Five PLANNING & REGULATORY

3. Building Control

What the Council does

Council undertakes a wide range of building-related functions including:

- · administering the Building Act 2004 and the regulations
- enforcing the Building Code and regulations
- receiving and considering applications for building consents
- approving or refusing building consent applications within prescribed time limits
- issuing project information memorandum
- issuing code compliance certificates
- receiving and considering applications for certificates of acceptance
- receiving and considering applications for certificates of public use
- issuing notices to fix
- issuing compliance schedules
- recording building warrant of fitness details
- determining whether applications for waiver or modification of the building code, or documents for use on establishing compliance with the provision of the code should be granted or refused
- maintaining a building records system available for public access for the life of the building to which it relates
- investigating complaints relating to unauthorised building work and to safe and insanitary buildings
- · providing information to the public on building-related matters
- protecting other property from physical damage from the construction, use and demolition of buildings
- any other function specified under the Building Act 2004.

The building control webpage can be accessed through the Wairoa District Council website www.wairoadc.govt.nz.

Why the Council does this

Council is required by law to carry out building control activities under the Building Act 2004. The purpose of this Act is to provide for the regulation of building work, the establishment of a licensing regime for building practitioners, and the setting of performance standards for buildings to ensure that:

- (a) people who use the buildings can do so safely and without endangering their health
- (b) buildings have attributes that contribute appropriately to the health, physical independence, and well-being of the people who use them
- (c) people who use a building can escape from the building if it is on fire
- (d) buildings are designed, constructed, and able to be used in ways that promote sustainable development.

Responsibilities under the Building Act 2004 can be clearly delineated into responsibilities as a building consent authority (BCA) and responsibilities as a territorial authority (TA).

Wairoa District Council has chosen to register as a BCA and to complete the requirements for being accredited as such. The BCA must meet the standards outlined in the Building (Accreditation of Consent Authorities) Regulations 2007 and be reassessed every two years to maintain accreditation status.

The building control activity primarily contributes to the following community outcomes:

- A strong, prosperous and thriving economy.
- A lifetime of good health and well-being.
- An environment that is appreciated, protected and sustained for future generations.
- Strong district leadership and a sense of belonging.
- Safe and accessible recreational facilities.
- A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage.

| LEVEL OF SERVICE STATEMENT | Performance Measure |
|---|---|
| Legislative Obligations: (a) Council will monitor and exercise control over all building work that is undertaken in | Accreditation as a Building Consent Authority (as required by the Building Act) obtained and continued to be maintained with each IANZ assessment. |
| the district in accordance with its role as a Building Consent Authority. | Number of historic building consents, still needing code compliance certificates, is to be reduced annually. |
| (b) Council processing, inspection and certification of buildings meet the requirements of the Building Act 2004. | Any unfenced or non-complying swimming pool fences identified during the year are addressed. |
| (c) Ensure that all building work will be monitored and addressed to the extent that | Council responds to 100% of all known illegal or unauthorised buildings (or instances of illegal or unauthorised building work identified during the year). |
| offers assurance that people, places and property will not be significantly harmed. | No instances where legal proceedings have been taken against, or have been threatened to be taken against Council, alleging that it has acted unlawfully or has been negligent in the exercise of its responsibilities. |
| (d) Council will monitor and enforce the requirements of the Fencing of Swimming Pools Act 1977. | |
| Costs and Funding: The service will be provided at a cost that will be publicly consulted on annually – via either the LTP or Annual Plan processes. The Council will fund this activity entirely from user fees and charges (except the cost of statutory administrative duties, which will be met from the general rate). | Operations and associated capital investments (vehicles) are undertaken cost effectively. |
| Customer Service of BCA and TA: All applications for consent or other information will be processed within the following timeframes:- | a) The number of consents, inspections, etc. are processed within the prescribed times. Target: 100%. |
| i) Building consents – 20 working days ii) Project information memoranda – 20 days iii) Code of compliance certificates – 20 days iv) Certificates of acceptance – 20 days v) Certificates of public use – 20 days | |

Activity Group Five PLANNING & REGULATORY

4. Liquor Control

What the Council does

This activity is responsible for the licensing control and administration of liquor.

Wairoa District Council uses the Wairoa District Licensing Committee as its agency to regulate the sale of liquor under the Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 2012. The object of this Act is that (a) the sale, supply, and consumption of alcohol should be undertaken safely and responsibly; and (b) the harm caused by the excessive or inappropriate consumption of alcohol should be minimised.

Council has put in place a framework to meet its obligations as regards the District Licensing Committee. All licensing requirements for the district are processed by the Liquor Control Section within the Regulatory Department of Council. In addition to the licensing requirements, Council undertakes monitoring of licensed premises under the Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 2012.

Why the Council does this

A liquor licence is required when selling liquor, in any shape, way or form. All liquor licences and managers' certificates are processed by Council's District Licensing Committee.

The liquor licensing webpage can be accessed through the Wairoa District Council website www.wairoadc.govt.nz.

Council's long-term focus for liquor control activities is to ensure a safe living environment is maintained through the promotion, monitoring and enforcement of legislation, regulations and bylaws.

The liquor control activity primarily contributes to the following community outcomes:

- Strong district leadership and a sense of belonging.
- · Safe and accessible recreational facilities.
- A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage.

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| Performance Measure |
|--|
| 100% of all 'on, off and club' licensed premises monitored during the year. |
| Council responds in accordance with legislation to 100% of all known unlicensed liquor premises or other activities in contravention of the requirements of the Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 2012. |
| |
| Council responds in accordance with legislation to 100% of all situations where licences have to be suspended or revoked during the year. |
| The cost related to this activity did not exceed the approved budget. |
| |
| |
| Not less than 95% of all complaints dealt with within the specified timeframes. |
| |
| |

The Council will aim to ensure that the users of the service and the general public will be satisfied with the overall level of service that is being provided.



Activity Group Five PLANNING & REGULATORY

5. Bylaw Compliance

Dog Control
Livestock Control
General Bylaw Enforcement

What the Council does

The activity group covers the enforcement of many of Council's bylaws. A bylaw is a regulatory instrument put into place under an act of parliament and enacted through Council. Bylaws are put into place for various reasons, some of which are:

- public health and safety
- animal control
- environmental controls not covered by other regulatory instruments or legislation.

Dog Control

This activity is responsible for the administration and enforcement of the Dog Control Act 1996 and its amendments as well as the associated Wairoa District Council Dog Control Bylaw and Dog Control Policy. The Dog Control Act requires dogs within the Wairoa district to be registered, cared for and kept under proper control. Under the Dog Control Act, Council is also empowered to impound neglected, maltreated and uncontrolled dogs as these have the potential to cause damage to people and property.

Council currently leases one dog pound, located at the Quality Roading & Services depot in Kaimoana Road, Wairoa. The pound is retained for impounding purposes.

The dog control webpage can be accessed through the Wairoa District Council website www.wairoadc.govt.nz.

Livestock Control

This activity is responsible for the retrieval and impounding of roaming animals on roads other than state highways. Impounding of stock is an activity required by the provisions of the Impounding Act 1955 and Wairoa District Council bylaws.

Council also has a responsibility to resolve any complaints relating to animal nuisances. Council's long-term focus for livestock control activities is to ensure a safe living environment is maintained through the monitoring and enforcement of legislation, regulations and bylaws. There is a strong statutory basis for Council's involvement in this activity and Council believes that there are positive advantages to the community's well-being through this involvement.

General Bylaws Enforcement

This activity involves the investigation of complaints as well as the implementation of appropriate actions to ensure bylaw compliance is achieved. Council enforces the following parts of the current Wairoa District Council Consolidated Bylaw:

- Part 1 Introductory Bylaw
- Part 2 Land Transport Bylaw
- Part 3 Public Safety Bylaw
- Part 4 Urban Fire Prevention Bylaw

- Part 5 Water Supply Bylaw
- Part 6 Cemeteries Bylaw
- Part 7 Dog Control Bylaw and Related Dog Control Policy
- Part 8 Trade Waste and Waste Water Bylaw

A copy of the bylaws can be accessed through the Wairoa District Council website www.wairoadc.govt.nz.

Why the Council does this

There is a strong statutory basis for Council's involvement in this activity and Council believes that there are positive advantages to the community's well-being through Council's involvement in ensuring the community's safety and health are safeguarded.

The bylaw compliance activity primarily contributes to the following community outcomes:

- Strong district leadership and a sense of belonging.
- Safe and accessible recreational facilities.
- A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage.



| LEVEL OF SERVICE STATEMENT | PERFORMANCE MEASURE |
|---|--|
| Legislative Obligations – DOG CONTROL: | a) All known dogs registered by 30 June each year. |
| The Council will exercise its responsibilities under the Dog Control Act 1996 and the Dog Control Amendment Act 2003, including: a) the maintenance and regular review of a Dog Control Policy and of a Dog Control Bylaw | b) Annual Report about the administration of the Council's policy and dog control practices adopted by 30 August each year. |
| b) the maintenance of a register of all known dogs in the district and National Dog Database c) the promotion of responsible dog ownership d) impounding (and, if not claimed, destroying) stray dogs e) responding to complaints about dangerous stray/barking/nuisance dogs etc. Council will issue a public report annually about the administration of its policy and dog control practices, including information relating to: i) the number of registered dogs in the district (currently about 3,580) ii) the number of probationary owners and disqualified owners within the district iii) the number of dogs classified as dangerous and menacing iv) the number of infringement notices issued v) the number of complaints received, and the number of prosecutions taken. | c) Council responds in accordance with legislation to 100% of complaints in relation to instances of: i) dogs attacking persons or animals ii) dogs rushing at persons, animals, or vehicles iii) dogs causing serious injury iv) dogs at large and an immediate disturbance or threat to wildlife. |
| Legislative Obligations – LIVESTOCK CONTROL: | a) The extent to which wandering stock poses a danger to traffic in the district as measured by: |
| The Council will provide a stock ranging service for the retrieval and impounding of roaming animals on roads other than state highways. It will also respond to complaints relating to animal nuisances. | i) The number of complaints received about wandering stock. ii) The number of times stock has had to be impounded during the year. b) No complaints about the manner in which the Council has carried out its livestock control responsibilities. |
| Legislative Obligations – GENERAL BYLAWS ENFORCEMENT: | a) The number of occasions when the Council has had to formally enforce compliance with any of its bylaws, or institute a legal action under them during the year. |
| (a) The Council will maintain bylaws for a variety of purposes relating to community well-being. (b) The Council will enforce compliance with its bylaws as and when necessary. | b) Target: No court decisions against the Council on the basis that any Council bylaw is, or the Council's enforcement of it has been, unreasonable or ultra vires. |
| Costs and Funding – DOG CONTROL: | The cost related to this activity does not exceed the approved budget. |
| The services will be provided at a cost that will be publicly consulted on annually via the LTP or Annual Plan process. 90% of the cost of this activity will be funded from dog control fees, with the balance of 10% being met from the general rate. | |

| Costs and Funding – LIVESTOCK CONTROL: | The cost related to this activity did not exceed the approved budget. |
|--|---|
| | |
| The services will be provided at a cost that will be | |
| publicly consulted on annually – via either the | |
| LTP or Annual Plan process. | |
| · · | |
| The activity will be funded by fines and pound | |
| charges, supplemented by an input from the | |
| general rate. | |
| Costs and Funding – GENERAL BYLAWS: | The cost related to this activity did not exceed the approved budget. |
| | |
| The services will be provided at a cost that will be | |
| publicly consulted on annually – via either the | |
| LTP or Annual Plan process. | |
| | |
| The activity will be funded by fines and | |
| supplemented by an input from the general rate. | |
| Health and Safety: | The number of reported health or safety incidents is the same or less than the previous year. |
| All Col. I would be a second of the collection o | |
| All of the above responsibilities will be carried out safely. | |
| Customer Service: | |
| | |
| The Council will aim to ensure that the users of the | |
| service and the general public will be satisfied with | |
| the overall level of service that is being provided. | |
| Customer Service - DOG & LIVESTOCK CONTROL: | a) Not more than the number of complaints received in the previous year – in total and by |
| | type. |
| All complaints will be responded to within the | |
| following timeframes: | b) Not less than 95% of all complaints dealt with within the specified timeframes. |
| urgent complaints immediately | a) Not less than 70% of the respondents rate the semiler as (fairly seed on better) in the |
| urgent complaints – immediately. non-urgent verbal complaints – 1 | c) Not less than 70% of the respondents rate the service as 'fairly good or better' in the |
| · · | annual public satisfaction survey. |
| working day. written complaints – 3 working days. | |
| • Written complaints – 5 working days. | |
| Customer Service - ENFORCEMENT | Not less than 95% of all complaints dealt with within the specified timeframes. |
| CUSTOME SCIVICE - LIVI ONCLIVILIA | Not less than 5578 of an complaints acait with within the specifica timeffames. |
| All complaints will be responded to within the | |
| following timeframes: - | |
| urgent complaints – 1 working day. | |
| non-urgent verbal complaints – 1 | |
| working day. | |
| written complaints –10 working days. | |
| Three complaints to working days. | |

Activity Group Five PLANNING & REGULATORY

6. Emergency Management Civil Defence Rural Fire Hazardous Substances

What the Council does

Civil Defence

Wairoa District Council is a member of the Hawke's Bay Civil Defence Emergency Management Group, which is tasked with the co-ordination of civil defence emergency management in Hawke's Bay and the implementation, review and amendment of the Hawke's Bay Emergency Management Group Plan.

Council has a fully operational Emergency Operations Centre and an Emergency Management Officer in its employ, to assist in meeting its responsibilities in this area. Council relies largely upon volunteers to assist in meeting emergency management legislative responsibilities.

The delivery of civil defence is provided by one full-time Emergency Management Officer funded jointly by Hawke's Bay Regional Council.

The Mayor is Council's representative on the Civil Defence Emergency Management Group with Council's Chief Executive Officer being Council's representative on the Hawke's Bay Emergency Management Co-ordinating Executive Group for civil defence activities.

Community safety is the central focus of this activity and it includes the sub-activities of civil defence, rural fire and response to hazardous substance incidents.

The civil defence webpage can be accessed through the Wairoa District Council website www.wairoadc.govt.nz.

Rural Fire

To assist Council in meeting statutory requirements, volunteer rural fire forces have been established at Tuai, Ruakituri, and Māhia. One of the bylaw staff fulfils the role of Rural Fire Officer while the Principal Rural Fire Officer role is contracted out. The Principal Rural Fire Officer is responsible for the overall administrative and operational management of this activity.

The rural fire webpage can be accessed through the Wairoa District Council website www.wairoadc.govt.nz.

Hazardous Substances

While Council is no longer legislatively required to manage hazardous substances as a separate activity, the potential impact of hazardous substances on a community following accidents and spills requires Council involvement by way of response. Please refer to the environmental health activity plan.

Why the Council does this

Civil Defence

Council has a statutory responsibility to plan and provide for civil defence emergency management in the district, as prescribed by the Civil Defence Emergency Management Act 2002.

Rural Fire

Council has a statutory responsibility to promote and carry out rural fire control measures. This includes having an approved Fire Plan for the Wairoa Rural Fire Authority pursuant to the Forest and Rural Fires Act 1977, and the

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Forest and Rural Fire Regulations 2005.

Council is involved in the provision of rural fire services, pursuant to its statutory obligations under the Forest and Rural Fires Act 1977, and in response to the community's expectation that Council will provide rural fire protection and prevention services.

The emergency management activity primarily contributes to the following community outcomes:

- A safe and secure community.
- A lifetime of good health and well-being.
- An environment that is appreciated, protected and sustained for future generations.

Service Levels and Performance Measures

| LEVEL OF SERVICE STATEMENT | PERFORMANCE MEASURE |
|--|---|
| Council will work with residents, tangata | Warden groups are established in civil defence sectors. |
| whenua, businesses, industry, and | |
| stakeholders to develop initiatives that | Public awareness of rural fire and civil defence through liaison with community groups, |
| promote emergency management | volunteers and the media is maintained. |
| preparedness. | |
| Council will ensure emergency management | Rural Fire Plan maintained and meets statutory and local requirements. |
| resources are available to all ratepayers, | |
| residents, stakeholders, and visitors to the | |
| district when required. | |
| Readiness and Preparedness: | Response plans and Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) are current and reflect |
| | perceived threats. |
| Council will be prepared to respond to and | |
| manage emergency management incidents. | Appropriate response plans and SOPs are developed and maintained. |
| | Council staff and volunteers are trained and exercised to the degree necessary to maintain |
| | efficient and effective rural fire and civil defence operations. |
| | Appropriately trained personnel are identified for the position of controller. |
| | |
| Response/Recovery: | Non-declared and declared events are responded to and recovered from efficiently and |
| , | effectively in accordance with Hawke's Bay Civil Defence Emergency Management Plans. |
| Council will provide resources to effectively | |
| manage emergency management incidents | The procedures described in the Adverse Events Plan and the Civil Defence Emergency Management Group Plan pertaining to warning systems, co-ordination, and management, |
| | of response and recovery activities are complied with. |
| | Rural fire prevention and suppression activities are administered effectively and efficiently in accordance with Council's Rural Fire Plan 2014. |
| | |
| Cost and Funding: | All preventative maintenance, renewals and other programmed works are completed on |
| | time and within budget |
| Council will deliver an effective, efficient and | |
| economical emergency management service, | 90% rural firefighting costs recovered. |
| which meets the needs and expectations of | |
| our communities. | 100% of claims on the National Rural Firefighting Fund are successful. |
| Customer Service: | A Duty Officer is on-call 24/7 for 365 days of the year. |
| Council will provide timely response, | Response times to customer enquiries will be as follows: |
| information, advice and support to the local | telephone calls (1 working day). |
| community. | reception (15 minutes). |
| | letters, faxes, e-mail (8 working days). |
| | |

PROSPECTIVE FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT - PLANNING AND REGULATORY

| BUDGET 2015/16 | | BUDGET 2016/17 | PER LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|-------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | Sources of Operating Funding | | | |
| 374,434 | General rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties | 319,133 | 325,530 | (6,397) |
| 368,363 | Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for water supply) | 346,180 | 382,688 | (36,508) |
| - | Subsidies and grants for operating purposes Fees charges and targeted rates for water | - | - | - |
| 554,462 | supply Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other receipts | 543,760 | 527,547 - | 16,213 |
| 1,297,259 | Total Operating Funding | 1,209,073 | 1,235,765 | (26,692) |
| | Applications of Operating Funding | | | |
| 1,054,037 | Payments to staff and suppliers | 1,286,838 | 1,378,749 | (91,911) |
| • | Finance costs Internal Charges and overheads applied | 900 462,330 | 9,803 400,577 | (8,903) 61,753 |
| | Other operating funding applications | - | 400,377 | - |
| 1,419,959 | Total applications of operating funding | 1,750,068 | 1,789,129 | (39,061) |
| | | (F40,00C) | (552.264) | 12.200 |
| (122,700) | Surplus (Deficit) of operating funding | (540,996) | (553,364) | 12,369 |
| | Sources of capital funding | | | |
| - | Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure | - | - | - |
| - | Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt | 15,000 | - | - 15,000 |
| - | Gross proceeds from sale of assets | - | - | - |
| - | Lump sum contributions | - | - | - |
| - | Total sources of capital funding | 15,000 | - | 15,000 |
| | Application of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand | | | |
| 8,000 | - to improve the level of service | 15,000 | - | 15,000 |
| 18,500 | - to replace existing assets | 93,250 | 10,250 | 83,000 |
| (149,200) - | Increase (Decrease) in reserves Increase (Decrease) of investments | (634,246) | (563,614) - | (70,632) - |
| (122,700) | Total application of capital funding | (525,996) | (553,364) | 27,368 |
| 122,700 | Surplus (Deficit) of capital funding | 540,996 | 553,364 | (12,368) |
| | Funding Balance | | - | |
| 83,800 | Group depreciation and amortisation | 54,644 | 54,644 | - |

| BUDGET | | COSTS | REVENUE | NET COST | 2015/25 Yr 2 | |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------------|-------------|
| 2015/16 | | 2016/17 | 2016/17 | 2016/17 | PER LTP | VARIANCE |
| 493,147 | Resource Planning | 504,766 | 37,088 | 467,678 | 506,800 | (39,122) |
| | Environmental Health | 111,773 | 13,561 | 98,212 | 101,643 | (3,431) |
| 130,822 | Building Inspection | 348,564 | 240,619 | 107,946 | 122,510 | (14,564) |
| 63,160 | Liquor Licensing | 78,861 | 13,838 | 65,024 | 65,220 | (196) |
| 142,099 | Bylaw Control | 412,050 | 222,255 | 189,795 | 153,475 | 36,320 |
| 116,320 | Civil Defence | 129,417 | 35,875 | 93,542 | 116,945 | (23,404) |
| 272,489 | Rural Fire | 255,156 | 16,400 | 238,756 | 249,633 | (10,877) |
| 1,317,500 | • • | 1,840,587 | 579,635 | 1,260,952 | 1,316,226 | (55,273) |
| | | | | | | |
| | Funded by | | | | | |
| 958,780 | Rates | | | 665,313 | 708,218 | (42,905) |
| 328,300 | Reserves | | | 577,588 | 577,588 | - |
| 30,420 | Depreciation not Funded | | | 18,052 | 30,420 | (12,368) |
| 1,317,500 | | | - | 1,260,952 | 1,316,226 | (55,273) |
| | | | | | | |
| | Capital Expenditure | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| - | Resource Planning | 10.350 | | 10.250 | 10.350 | - |
| 25,000 | | 10,250 | | 10,250 | 10,250 | - |
| 60,000 | Building Inspection Liquor Licensing | | | - | - | - |
| 61,000 | - | 75,000 | | 75,000 | - | - 75,000 |
| - | Safer Communities | 73,000 | | 75,000 | | 73,000 |
| _ | Civil Defence | 11,000 | | 11,000 | _ | 11,000 |
| - | Rural Fire | 12,000 | | 12,000 | - | 12,000 |
| | _ | | _ | | | |
| 146,000 | | 108,250 | = | 108,250 | 10,250 | 98,000 |
| | Funded by | | | | | |
| | Rates | | | _ | _ | _ |
| | Depreciation Reserves | 93,250 | | 93,250 | 10,250 | 83,000 |
| _ | Depreciation not Funded | - | | - | - | - |
| - | Loans | 15,000 | | 15,000 | - | 15,000 |
| - | Sale of Assets | | | , | - | ,3 |
| - | Subsidies | - | | - | - | - |
| | | 108,250 | - | 108,250 | 10,250 | 98,000 |
| - | | | = | | , - | |

Activity Group Six LEADERSHIP & GOVERNANCE

1. Community Representation

What the Council does

The emphasis for local authorities under the Local Government Act 2002 has moved significantly towards participatory democracy, community outcomes, and consultation. As a result, community representation will play an even greater role in the governance and maintenance of Council processes, bringing all Council functions together.

As a unit of local government, Council is required to provide for the district's democratic representation, and overall governance and administration, for and on behalf of all the residents within the district.

Under community representation are the sub-activities of Council consultation and reporting, Council remuneration, and Council support. For the purpose of this plan, Council support has been expanded to include:

- elections
- governance structure
- elected members' roles and the Code of Conduct
- policies
- Official Information Act requests
- Annual Report
- Annual Plan
- Long-term Plan.

For each of these sub-activities the Council is also required, under the Local Government Act 2002, to outline any significant negative effects under its Significance and Engagement Policy.

The Wairoa district is represented, following triennial elections, by a Council of the Mayor and six representatives elected at large.

In consultation with the community, Council is required to review its representation arrangements and recommend the outcome of consultation to the Local Government Commission. Council and the community will also review the need for Māori representation, and the form of electoral system to be adopted.

Council's long-term leadership focus is to work with the community to assist them to achieve their vision for the future. Council believes the quality of representation, and the sustainability of the district, are critical outcomes to be achieved.

For detailed information on Council's roles and responsibilities and an overview, refer to the Wairoa District Council's:

- Local Governance Statement
- · Code of Conduct, and
- Significance and Engagement Policy.

The above documents are available on Council's website www.wairoadc.govt.nz or on request from the Administration Offices, Queen Street, Wairoa.

Why the Council does this

Community representation activity goals are:

- To ensure participation in the provision of effective representation and governance for and on behalf of the district.
- To ensure the provision of a triennially elected Council of one Mayor and six representatives.

- To ensure people participate in the decision-making processes of the elected Council and regular opportunities are provided for community involvement and participation.
- To ensure Council and Councillor representatives' roles are effectively and efficiently performed in the best interests of the whole community.
- To ensure the effective and efficient servicing of the Council.
- To ensure the timely provision of advice and understanding on issues relevant to Māori and Tangata Whenua.
- To ensure the provision of continuing support and resources to community-specific functions and ceremonies and the encouragement of community participation.

Council manages a process for the community to identify its desired outcomes and that process is described in more detail elsewhere in this plan. Having identified the desired outcomes, Council in consultation with the community, decides how it will contribute to those outcomes. It is not all about Council, with some outcomes delivered by other organisations, however, for each outcome there will be an activity of Council that contributes in some way.

Having decided what activities it needs to be involved with, or what services it needs to provide, Council establishes the objectives it has for those activities or services.

The goals and principal objectives identified form the basis of our statements of levels of service, which are detailed below.

There is a cost associated with delivering the levels of service described and these costs are presented in the budgets below.

Council also determines who should carry the cost. The benefits for this activity accrue evenly to properties regardless of their value or size. Therefore, the activity is rated through the uniform annual general charge, which is a charge on every separately used, or inhabited, portion of a rating unit in the district.

Council achieves different aspects of the community representation activity primarily through the engagement of contracts with service providers.

The community representation activity primarily contributes to the following community outcomes:

- A strong, prosperous and thriving economy.
- A safe and integrated transport system.
- A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage.
- Safe and accessible recreational facilities.
- Supportive, caring and valued communities.
- Strong district leadership and a sense of belonging.
- A safe and secure community.
- A lifetime of good health and well-being.
- An environment that is appreciated, protected and sustained for future generations.

Service Levels and Performance Measures

| LEVEL OF SERVICE STATEMENT | Performance Measure |
|---|--|
| Access Opportunities are provided to the public to address Council on any matter through public forums and submissions. | Business conducted in confidence is kept to a minimum, and where decisions are deemed to not be of a sensitive nature, confidential items are released as public information. |
| Quality Council will promote and maintain ethical standards. | Council's Code of Conduct, policies, and other such documentation are available to the public on request and/or from Council's website. Council activities meet legislative requirements. |
| Leadership The services provided will include: | Executive Officer and all other officers of the Council are clearly defined. |
| Council will demonstrate leadership to the community as a whole, to its electors, stakeholders, and within the organisation. | Lines of accountability and delegation are defined. |
| Consultation Council will communicate clearly and informatively with, and on behalf of, the ratepayers, Tangata Whenua, and stakeholders of the Wairoa district. The interests of the district will be represented at all levels, including government, its agencies, and other local authorities. Council will make decisions openly, in a timely manner, and communicate decisions effectively. | No complaints are upheld against Council for not publicly consulting via the special consultative procedure when it was legally required to do so. Opportunities are provided for community groups, ratepayers, Tangata Whenua and stakeholders to fully participate in consultation and the development and fostering of community outcomes. |
| Costs and Funding Council will manage community representation activities in a financially viable manner. | The cost related to this activity did not exceed the approved budget. |
| Customer Service and Satisfaction Council will respond to all enquiries, requests, complaints, and customers are happy with the Mayor and councillors, and Council staff performance. | Mayor and councillors 'not very good or poor' rating in annual survey is less than 10%. Council staff 'not very good or poor' rating in annual survey is less than 10%. |

Activity Group Six LEADERSHIP & GOVERNANCE

2. Māori Relationships

What the Council does

Council employs a full-time Māori Relationships Manager, whose job exists to provide advice to, and liaison between, Council and its committees, and Council staff and the community in respect to Council activities and their relationship with, and impact on, Tangata Whenua. Council achieves this through liaison with the Wairoa District Council Māori Standing Committee and the provision of administration support to the committee.

Māori Policy

The goal of Council's Māori Policy is to maintain a high commitment to effective communication and consultation with Tangata Whenua of the Wairoa district.

The purpose of this policy is to:

- establish a relationship between Wairoa District Council and Tangata Whenua to achieve mutually beneficial outcomes for the community of Wairoa
- set up processes and procedures that facilitate effective communication between Wairoa District Council and Tangata Whenua o te Wairoa
- enable a Māori world view to be incorporated into local government decision making, policies and procedures
- improve the degree to which Māori participate in Council/community consultation.

Wairoa District Council is committed to the Māori Policy for the following reasons:

- Recognition of the principles of the Treaty of Waitangi 1840: The Treaty provided the Crown with governance/kawanatanga rights, while actively protecting the tino rangatiratanga/full sovereignty and authority of Māori, in respect of their natural physical and metaphysical resources.
- Legislative requirements of the Resource Management Act 1991: The Resource Management Act clearly expects consultation to be undertaken by those exercising responsibilities under the Act. Only with an effective process of consultation can local authorities and the Crown meet their obligations as detailed in the Act.

The Resource Management Act 1991 clearly intends that Tangata Whenua should have a significant role in resource management and enables Tangata Whenua to take steps to protect tribal interests. The Resource Management Act 1991 provides, under certain conditions, for the transfer of functions by a local authority to a recognised iwi authority as defined in Section 2 of the Resource Management Act 1991.

Council recognises the many and varied issues surrounding the ownership of Māori land, in particular the question of local authority rates. In order to address these issues, Council has developed a policy. The policy, known as the Whenua Rāhui Register, works on the principle of the recognition of occasions when it would be unfair and/or unreasonable to collect rates from owners of Māori land due to varying circumstances.

There are currently 62 known hapū and 37 marae with manawhenua responsibilities within the Wairoa local authority district. These marae cater to the needs of individual hapū, and hapū groupings when required, thereby providing a platform for iwi representation. The marae are administered by elected trustees and are registered under Section 439 of the Māori Affairs Act 1953. Consultation with marae is of vital importance when considering issues relating to a particular marae area.

The Māori Standing Committee is an appropriate mechanism for Māori participation in decision making but it doesn't preclude Māori using other avenues as appropriate to enhance that involvement. The Model Standing Orders for Meetings of Local Authorities and Community Boards are the basis of committee meeting procedures. The Māori Standing Committee can only recommend to Council particular courses of action or outcomes, except when Council has delegated the authority to the Committee to act on Council's behalf. The Māori Standing Committee's core involvement in Council decision making will be through recommendation to Council on "policy and/or issues of significance".

Section 81 of the Local Government Act 2002 outlines contributions to the decision-making process by Māori. A local authority must:

- a) establish and maintain processes to provide opportunities for Māori to contribute to the decision-making processes of the local authority
- b) consider ways in which it may foster the development of Māori capacity to contribute to the decision-making processes of the local authority
- c) provide relevant information to Māori for the purpose of paragraphs a) and b).

This very clearly places a requirement on Council to have Māori participate in the decision-making processes. Council has open to it a range of mechanisms by which participation in the decision-making processes can occur.

The Wairoa District Council Māori Standing Committee is representative of marae/hapū of the district. Whilst the Māori Standing Committee is a direct link into decision-making processes, the role of the Māori Relationships Manager is seen as being a vital link in terms of capacity building and focussing the delivery of Council services to the Māori community.

Why the Council does this

Māori are a specific community group identified in recent legislation, in particular the Local Government Act 2002 and the Resource Management Act 1991, for particular attention and involvement in public sector governance and management.

The purpose of the Māori Liaison Officer is to provide advice to, and liaison with, Council and its committees, Council staff and the community in respect to their relationship with, and impact on Tangata Whenua. The long-term aim of the Wairoa District Council in respect to this activity is to enhance the capacity of the Māori community to participate in decision making.

The Māori Standing Committee webpage can be accessed through the Wairoa District Council website www.wairoadc.govt.nz.

Council manages a process for the community to identify its desired outcomes and that process is described in more detail elsewhere in this plan. Having identified the desired outcomes, Council, in consultation with the community, decides how it will contribute to those outcomes. It is not all about Council, with some outcomes delivered by other organisations. However, for each outcome there will be an activity of Council that contributes in some way.

Having decided what activities it needs to be involved with, or what services it needs to provide, Council establishes the objectives it has for those activities or services.

The goals and principal objectives identified form the basis of our statement of levels of service, which is detailed below.

There is a cost associated with delivering the levels of service described and those costs are presented in the budgets below.

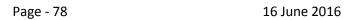
The provision of Māori Relationships activities to residents, ratepayers, and stakeholders, influences and contributes to Council's strategic goal of the provision of 'Community Development and Participation'. In particular the Māori Relationships activities are an integral part of achieving the following specified outcome: A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage.

The Māori liaison activity primarily contributes to the following community outcomes:

- A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage.
- A lifetime of good health and well-being.

Service Levels and Performance Measures

| LEVEL OF SERVICE STATEMENT | PERFORMANCE MEASURE |
|---|--|
| Demand Council will ensure effective representation is maintained. | The required number of nominated representatives are received within established timeframes and appointments made to Council's Māori Standing Committee |
| Access Opportunities are provided for Māori to address Council on policy, report, submissions, and any other Council related business. | No less than bi-monthly meetings of the Māori Standing Committee are scheduled, advertised, and conducted on the advertised day. |
| Consultation With respect to Council's Māori Policy the Council will ensure that whenever an option relating to any proposed decision involves a significant decision in relation to land or a body of water, it will take into account the relationship of Māori and their culture and traditions with their ancestral land, water, sites, waahi tapu, valued flora and fauna, and other taonga. | Māori Standing Committee meetings, public meetings and special consultative meetings provide opportunities for Māori to contribute to the decision-making process. |
| Costs and Funding Council will manage Māori Relationships activities in a financially viable manner | Agreed levels of service are achieved within budget. |
| Customer Service and Satisfaction Council will respond to all enquiries, requests, complaints, and identified issues in a timely manner | Council offices are open during the hours displayed. All complaints are responded to within established timeframes. |



Activity Group Six LEADERSHIP & GOVERNANCE

3. Economic Development

What the Council does

This activity group covers the range of activities related to economic development. These are:

- · strategic planning and policy
- district promotion
- visitor information.

Strategic Planning & Policy

Economic development is seen as a top priority for Council as the Wairoa district of tomorrow will be materially affected by its current decreasing population trend. This means that for Council to continue to maintain the level of service enjoyed by the district, let alone to improve these services, population decline must be halted or reversed. Vital to this is the need for increased business and employment opportunities, a stronger and more varied local economy while promoting a vibrant living environment.

In March 2012 Council adopted an Economic Development Plan which identified seven key themes – each theme providing its own set of challenges and Council's response to these challenges as a means of influencing economic development.

District Promotion

The aim of district promotion is self-explanatory – promoting the district to potential residents and businesses as well as domestic and international tourists as an attractive place to visit, live, work, or invest in. Throughout the year Council undertakes a small amount of general promotion activities, primarily with an emphasis on tourism.

Tourism is considered a sector that has potential to provide major economic value to the district as a whole. Our tourism activity is delivered at present by the Visitor Information Centre (Wairoa i-SITE) and with regional alliances with Business Hawke's Bay and Tourism Eastland.

The district's communities also contribute to tourism at the regional level through a targeted rate to the Hawke's Bay Regional Council.

Visitor Information

Council manages the Wairoa Visitor Information Centre (Wairoa i-SITE) <u>www.visitwairoa.co.nz</u> which is responsible for:

- promoting the district to domestic and international tourists
- assisting in the co-ordination of events in the district that will attract additional visitors
- co-ordinating activities and promotion of the district
- operating and managing the Information Centre.

The economic development webpage can be accessed through the Wairoa District Council website www.wairoadc.govt.nz.

Why the Council does this

Economic development and district promotion are the two activities that the district's communities believe the Council should do. Communitrak surveys repeatedly indicate that this is an area where people would like Council to do more.

The economic development activity primarily contributes to the following community outcome:

• A strong, prosperous and thriving economy.

Service Levels and Performance Measures

| LEVEL OF SERVICE STATEMENT | Performance Measure |
|---|---|
| STRATEGY PLANNING & POLICY: | Development of Economic Development Plan. |
| | Number of actions completed in the Economic Development Plan – Action Plan. |
| DISTRICT PROMOTION | Number of tourism focused events |
| | Number of business promotion events. |
| Promoting economic development of the | The number of businesses that have been established in the district annually. |
| district. | The number of registered unemployed in the district. |
| | |
| VISITOR CENTRE | The number of visitors to the Visitor Information Centre. |
| | |
| | Number of visitors who stay overnight in the district. |
| Funding of the net cost of the activity (after any financial assistance that may be available from the government or other sources) by way of the general rate. | The cost related to this activity did not exceed the approved budget. |
| Customer complaints will be dealt with | Verbal complaints within 1 working day. |
| promptly and properly. | Written complaints within 3 working days. |

PROSPECTIVE FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT - LEADERSHIP AND GOVERNANCE

| BUDGET 2015/16 | | BUDGET 2016/17 | PER LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|-------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| | Sources of Operating Funding | | | |
| 1,539,589 | | 2,221,539 | 2,036,057 | 185,482 |
| 195 490 | Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for water supply) | 183,717 | 144,752 | 38,965 |
| | Subsidies and grants for operating purposes | - | - | - |
| 141,900 | Fees charges and targeted rates for water supply | 126,536 | 126,536 | _ |
| | Interest and Dividends from Investments Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other receipts | - | - | - |
| 1 876 979 | Total Operating Funding | 2,531,792 | 2,307,345 | 224,447 |
| 1,070,373 | _ rotal operating randing | 2,331,732 | 2,307,343 | 224,447 |
| | Applications of Operating Funding | | | |
| 899,758 | Payments to staff and suppliers | 1,322,330 | 1,132,920 | 189,410 |
| | Finance costs | 12,750 | 10,950 | 1,800 |
| | Internal Charges and overheads applied | 1,279,479 | 1,206,241 | 73,238 |
| - | Other operating funding applications | | - | - |
| 1,874,299 | Total applications of operating funding | 2,614,558 | 2,350,111 | 264,448 |
| 2,680 | Surplus (Deficit) of operating funding | (82,766) | (42,766) | (40,001) |
| | | | , , , | , , , |
| | Sources of capital funding | | | |
| | | | | |
| - | Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure | - | - | - |
| - | Development and financial contributions | - | - | - |
| _ | Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets | 212,500 | 102,500 | 110,000 |
| - | Lump sum contributions | - - | - - | - - |
| | | | | |
| | Total sources of capital funding | 212,500 | 102,500 | 110,000 |
| | Application of capital funding | | | |
| | Capital expenditure | | | |
| - | - to meet additional demand | - | - | - |
| - | - to improve the level of service | 212,500 | 102,500 | 110,000 |
| 2.000 | - to replace existing assets | 22,000 | - (42.766) | 22,000 |
| 2,680 | Increase (Decrease) in reserves Increase (Decrease) of investments | (104,766) - | (42,766) - | (62,000) - |
| 3.000 | Total application of conital funding | 120 724 | EO 734 | 70.000 |
| 2,680 | Total application of capital funding | 129,734 | 59,734 | 70,000 |
| (2,680) | Surplus (Deficit) of capital funding | 82,766 | 42,766 | 40,000 |
| - | Funding Balance | | - | - |
| 2,680 | Group depreciation and amortisation ge - 81 | 7,200 | 7,200 | 16 June 2016 |

LEADERSHIP AND GOVERNANCE

Forecast Statement of Cost of Service for the year ending 30th June 2017

| BUDGET | | COSTS | REVENUE | NET COST | 2015/25 Yr 2 | |
|-----------|--|-----------|---------|-----------|--------------|----------|
| 2015/16 | | 2016/17 | 2016/17 | 2016/17 | PER LTP | VARIANCE |
| 1,467,710 | Community Representation | 1,562,591 | - | 1,562,591 | 1,561,103 | 1,489 |
| 179,699 | Maori Liaison | 182,727 | - | 182,727 | 186,561 | (3,835) |
| - | Economic Development | 468,063 | - | 468,063 | 338,359 | 129,704 |
| 140,361 | Visitor Information Centre | 408,378 | 126,536 | 281,841 | 144,752 | 137,090 |
| 2,108,693 | | 2,621,758 | 126,536 | 2,495,222 | 2,230,775 | 264,447 |
| | Funded by | | | | | |
| | runded by | | | | | |
| 1,988,473 | Rates | | | 2,405,256 | 2,180,809 | 224,447 |
| 116,720 | Reserves | | | 89,966 | 49,966 | 40,000 |
| 3,500 | | | | - | - | - |
| 2,108,693 | | | - - | 2,495,222 | 2,230,775 | 264,447 |
| | Capital Expenditure | | | | | |
| - | Community Representation Maori Liaison | 22,000 | | 22,000 | - | 22,000 |
| - | Economic Development | 212,500 | | 212,500 | 102,500 | 110,000 |
| - | Visitor Information Centre | | | - | - | - |
| - | | 234,500 | | 234,500 | 102,500 | 132,000 |
| | Funded by | | | | | |
| - | Rates | - | | - | - | - |
| - | Depreciation Reserves | 22,000 | | 22,000 | - | 22,000 |
| _ | Depreciation not Funded | | | - | - | - |
| - | Loans | 212,500 | | 212,500 | 102,500 | 110,000 |
| - | Sale of Assets | | | - | - | - |
| - | Subsidies | - | | - | - | - |
| - | | 234,500 | - | 234,500 | 102,500 | 132,000 |

Activity Group Seven CORPORATE FUNCTIONS

1. Property

What the Council does

For more details:

Refer to the relevant section of the Property Asset Management Plan.
Alternatively contact Wairoa District Council's Asset Management Department on (06) 838 7309 or visit our offices to discuss any queries you may have.

Council has created a Property Asset Management Plan (AMP). The intention of the AMP is to become a facilities management document that deals with the sustainability of the physical structures of Council's property assets. Section 1.

Wairoa District Council provides a range of services within the property activity:

- camp ground
- information centre
- corporate property such as the Council offices
- community halls
- · pensioner and staff housing
- commercial property
- land investments (not part of the property AMP)
- Wairoa Community Centre
- Wairoa Library.

Section 4.1.

The intention is to provide our tenants/lessees with a single point of contact and communication. As such, the administration and finance managers are effectively the 'landlord' on behalf of Council, while the Engineering Manager is the property maintenance contractor.

An arrangement with Sport Hawke's Bay and Council has been developed to deliver the community centre service.

The property webpage is accessed through the Council website www.wairoadc.govt.nz.

Why the Council does this

Current legislation and regulations which set the minimum service levels that must be provided, and which affect asset operation, maintenance and development of the property activity include:

- Building Act 2004
- Fencing Act 1978
- Fencing of Swimming Pools Act 1987
- Health Act 1956
- · Plumber, Gas Fitters and Drainlayers Act 1976
- Property Law Act 2007
- Residential Tenancies Act 1986.

The property activity primarily contributes to the following community outcomes:

- A strong, prosperous and thriving economy.
- A safe and secure community.
- A lifetime of good health and well-being.
- An environment that is appreciated, protected and sustained for future generations.
- Supportive, caring and valued communities.
- Safe and accessible recreation facilities.
- · A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage.

Service Levels and Performance Measures

| d maintained to enable continued service e service will be considered dequate for current and foreseeable |
|---|
| |
| dequate for current and foreseeable |
| |
| rements |
| enforced |
| standards |
| |
| programmed and reactive works are |
| es are undertaken in a safe and healthy |
| annual survey indicates a 'fairly good', 'very |
| ssues to be addressed |
| 1 |

Activity Group Seven CORPORATE FUNCTIONS

2. Corporate & Funds Management

What the Council does

This activity covers the management of corporate funds derived from Council investment in the following financial assets:

- equity investments and loan advances
- property investments
- treasury investments.

These investments generate funds for Council that can be used to offset expenditure associated with day-to-day operations. When there are excess balances in Special Funds, Council may authorise an internal advance to particular Council capital projects in the form of bridging finance.

The management of Council's investment funds is conducted on behalf of Council by First NZ Capital Securities in line with Council Treasury Policy.

Why the Council does this

Council's investment portfolio provides a revenue stream that, when a surplus is generated, could be used for other Council projects and infrastructure improvements.

The corporate and funds management activity primarily contributes to the following community outcomes:

- A strong, prosperous and thriving economy.
- A safe and secure community.
- A lifetime of good health and well-being.
- An environment that is appreciated, protected and sustained for future generations.
- Supportive, caring and valued communities.
- A safe and integrated transport system.
- Strong district leadership and a sense of belonging.
- Safe and accessible recreational facilities.
- A community that values and promotes its culture and heritage.

How people can judge the Council

In its treasury investment activity, Council's primary objective when investing is the protection of its investment. Accordingly, only investments with creditworthy parties are acceptable.

Activity Group Seven CORPORATE FUNCTIONS

3. Council-controlled Organisations

What the Council does

Council-controlled organisations (CCOs) can be an effective, efficient and financially viable way for Council to deliver services and activities.

The Local Government Act 2002 defines CCOs as entities in which Council has more than 50% shareholding, or the ability to appoint more than 50% of the directors. There are trading and non-trading CCOs. Council-controlled trading organisations (CCTOs) operate like a company undertaking trading for the purpose of making a profit.

Wairoa District Council has one CCO (which is also classified as a CCTO), Quality Roading and Services (Wairoa) Ltd. (QRS).

Why the Council does this

Council believes that it is important to maintain expertise in construction, roading and maintenance work in the Wairoa district, and to reduce costs to the ratepayer by providing effective competition.

How people can judge the Council

CCOs are accountable to Council, which determines the objectives for each CCO and monitors its performance. Council is accountable to its ratepayers and residents for the performance of the CCOs. Each CCO is required to agree to a Statement of Intent with Council each year and to make this available to the public. The Statement of Intent sets out the CCO's nature and scope of activities, key performance targets and reporting requirements along with other matters. At the end of each financial year, each CCO must report performance against the Statement of Intent.

Section 59 of the Local Government Act 2002 states that the principal objective of a CCO is to:

- achieve the objectives of its shareholders, both commercial and non-commercial, as specified in the Statement of Intent
- be a good employer
- exhibit a sense of social and environmental responsibility by having regard to the interests of the community in which it operates and by endeavouring to accommodate or encourage these when able to do so
- conduct its affairs in accordance with sound business practice where the CCO is a CCTO.

The Local Government Act 2002 requires Council to include in the Long-term Plan information on CCOs. This section summarises information derived from QRS's Statement of Intent.

Quality Roading and Services (Wairoa) Ltd.

QRS is a CCO that is 100% owned by the Wairoa District Council.

Further information on QRS is available from their website www.grs.co.nz.

Nature and scope of activities

QRS is a specialist construction and maintenance provider of all types of civil construction, infrastructure and roading. The principal activities of the company are:

- roading maintenance and construction
- civil construction
- quarrying

- utility services
- reserves maintenance
- heavy transport
- other activities associated with any of the above.

Future revenues generated by QRS are provided to Council (100% shareholder) by way of dividends at 40% tax-paid profit.

Policy and objectives in relation to ownership

Council does not intend to change the ownership or control of QRS over the term of this plan.

Council's objectives for QRS are to ensure:

- it is profitable, and that all financial targets are met
- a positive cash flow
- the effective governance of the company.

Key performance targets

The following performance targets are the measures by which the company's performance will be judged.

| | 2017 Plan | 2018 Plan | 2019 Plan |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Net profit before tax as a percentage of opening shareholder funds | 7% | 7% | 7% |
| Total cost of public debt servicing not to exceed 20% of operating revenue | 20% | 20% | 20% |
| Ratio of shareholder funds to total assets – not less than | 45% | 45% | 45% |
| Local permanent workforce | >60 | >60 | >60 |

PROSPECTIVE FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT - PROPERTY

| BUDGET 2015/16 | | BUDGET 2016/17 | PER LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|-------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | Sources of Operating Funding | | | |
| 183,688 | General rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties | 132,308 | 255,607 | (123,299) |
| | Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for water supply) Subsidies and grants for operating purposes | 46,424 | 18,844 | 27,580 |
| 121,180 | Fees charges and targeted rates for water | 120,272 | 284,973 | (164,701) |
| - | Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other receipts | - | - | - |
| 351,292 | Total Operating Funding | 299,005 | 559,424 | (260,420) |
| | Applications of Operating Funding | | | |
| 338,921 | Payments to staff and suppliers | 291,201 | 344,965 | (53,764) |
| | Finance costs | 59,940 | 130,773 | (70,833) |
| | Internal Charges and overheads applied Other operating funding applications | (128,537) | 25,620 | (154,157) |
| - | Other operating runding applications | | - | - |
| 274,484 | Total applications of operating funding | 222,605 | 501,358 | (278,754) |
| 76,808 | Surplus (Deficit) of operating funding | 76,400 | 58,066 | 18,334 |
| | | | | |
| | Sources of capital funding | | | |
| 1,000,000 | Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure | - | - | - |
| | Development and financial contributions | - | - | - |
| 1,155,000 | Increase (decrease) in debt | 999,000 | 768,000 | 231,000 |
| - | Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions | - - | - | - - |
| 2,155,000 | Total sources of capital funding | 999,000 | 768,000 | 231,000 |
| | Application of capital funding | | | |
| | Capital expenditure | | | |
| 50,000 | - to meet additional demand | - | - | - |
| 1,779,465 | - to improve the level of service | 999,000 | 768,000 | 231,000 |
| 504,728 | - to replace existing assets | 90,736 | 52,736 | 38,000 |
| (102,385) | Increase (Decrease) in reserves | (14,336) | 5,330 | (19,666) |
| - | Increase (Decrease) of investments | - | - | - |
| 2,231,808 | Total application of capital funding | 1,075,400 | 826,066 | 249,334 |
| (76,808) | Surplus (Deficit) of capital funding | (76,400) | (58,066) | (18,334) |
| | Funding Balance | - | - | - |
| 352,737 | Group depreciation and amortisation age - 88 | 495,989 | 495,989 | 16 June 2016 |

PROSPECTIVE FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT - INVESTMENTS

| BUDGET 2015/16 | | BUDGET 2016/17 | PER LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|-------------------|---|-------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| | Sources of Operating Funding | | | |
| (585,241) | General rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for | (321,648) | (130,434) | (191,214) |
| | water supply) Subsidies and grants for operating purposes | - | - | - |
| 800 | Fees charges and targeted rates for water supply | - | - | - |
| 629,941 | Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement fees, and other receipts | 1,012,350 | 864,018 | 148,332 |
| 45,500 | Total Operating Funding | 690,702 | 733,584 | (42,882) |
| | Applications of Operating Funding | | | |
| | Payments to staff and suppliers | 702,702 | 733,584 | (30,882) |
| - | Finance costs Internal Charges and overheads applied Other operating funding applications | - | | - - - |
| 40,500 | Total applications of operating funding | 702,702 | 733,584 | (30,882) |
| 5,000 | Surplus (Deficit) of operating funding | (12,000) | - | (12,000) |
| | Sources of conital funding | | | |
| | Sources of capital funding | | | |
| - | Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions | - | - | - |
| | Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets | - | - | - |
| - | Lump sum contributions | - | - | - |
| - | Total sources of capital funding | - | - | - |
| | Application of capital funding | | | |
| _ | Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand | _ | _ | _ |
| - | - to improve the level of service | - | - | - |
| - | - to replace existing assets | - (42,000) | - | (42,000) |
| | Increase (Decrease) in reserves Increase (Decrease) of investments | (12,000) | - | (12,000) |
| 5,000 | Total application of capital funding | (12,000) | - | (12,000) |
| (5,000) | Surplus (Deficit) of capital funding | 12,000 | - | 12,000 |
| | - Francisco Bolones | | | |
| | Funding Balance | <u> </u> | | |

PROSPECTIVE FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT - SUPPORT SERVICES

| BUDGET 2015/16 | | BUDGET 2016/17 | PER LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|-------------------|--|---------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| | Sources of Operating Funding | | | |
| | General rates, uniform annual charges, rates | | | |
| 8,000 | penalties Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for | 8,000 | - | 8,000 |
| - | water supply) | (82,630) | - | (82,630) |
| - | Subsidies and grants for operating purposes | - | - | - |
| 25,100 | Fees charges and targeted rates for water | 8,838 | 15,479 | (6,641) |
| 23,100 | Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement | 0,030 | 13,473 | (0,041) |
| - | fees, and other receipts | - | - | - |
| 33,100 | Total Operating Funding | (65,792) | 15,479 | (81,271) |
| | Applications of Operating Funding | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Payments to staff and suppliers Finance costs | 4,002,069 35,940 | 3,708,598 30,500 | 293,471 5,440 |
| | Internal Charges and overheads applied | (4,163,823) | (3,845,512) | (318,311) |
| | Other operating funding applications | | - | - |
| 201 227 | Total applications of operating funding | (125,814) | (106,414) | (19,400) |
| 201,327 | _ rotal applications of operating funding | (123,814) | (100,414) | (13,400) |
| (168,227) | Surplus (Deficit) of operating funding | 60,023 | 121,893 | (61,871) |
| | | | | |
| | Sources of capital funding | | | |
| - | Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure | - | - | - |
| - | Development and financial contributions | | - | - |
| 318,325 | Increase (decrease) in debt | 599,000 | 410,000 | 189,000 |
| _ | Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions | 20,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| | Eurip Sum Contributions | | | |
| 318,325 | Total sources of capital funding | 619,000 | 420,000 | 199,000 |
| | Application of capital funding | | | |
| | Capital expenditure | | | |
| 28,325 | - to meet additional demand | - | - | (1) |
| 534,880 | • | 599,000 | 410,000 | 189,000 |
| - | - to replace existing assets | 187,625 | 51,250 | 136,375 |
| (413,107) | Increase (Decrease) in reserves | (107,602) | 80,643 | (188,245) |
| - | Increase (Decrease) of investments | | - | - |
| 150,098 | Total application of capital funding | 679,023 | 541,893 | 137,129 |
| 168,227 | Surplus (Deficit) of capital funding | (60,023) | (121,893) | 61,871 |
| | - Funding Balance | | _ | |
| | | | | |
| | Group depreciation and amortisation | 140,967 | 140,967 | |

PROPERTYForecast Statement of Cost of Service for the year ending 30th June 2017

| BUDGET | | costs | REVENUE | NET COST | 2015/25 Yr 2 | |
|-----------|-----------------------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|--------------|------------|
| 2015/16 | | 2016/17 | 2016/17 | 2016/17 | PER LTP | VARIANCE |
| 12,088 | Corporate Property | 155,124 | 144,168 | 10,956 | 12,379 | (1,423) |
| 1,350 | Staff Housing | 12,263 | 28,059 | (15,796) | 299 | (16,094) |
| 17,788 | Camping Grounds | 16,600 | - | 16,600 | 16,910 | (310) |
| (1,108) | Commercial Property | 2,435 | 3,551 | (1,116) | (1,055) | (60) |
| 25,582 | Information Centre Property | 16,226 | - | 16,226 | 19,290 | (3,065) |
| - | Library Property | - | - | - | - | - |
| | Community Centre | 550,226 | - | 550,226 | 635,944 | (85,718) |
| | Community Halls | 23,267 | - | 23,267 | 24,534 | (1,267) |
| | Pensioner Housing | 74,244 | 88,663 | (14,419) | (8,666) | (5,753) |
| 2,665 | | 2,658 | - | 2,658 | 2,782 | (124) |
| 9,734 | Forestry | 9,719 | - | 9,719 | 9,958 | (238) |
| 676,935 | | 862,761 | 264,440 | 598,321 | 712,375 | (114,053) |
| 070,933 | | 802,761 | 204,440 | 390,321 | 712,373 | (114,033) |
| | | | | | | |
| | Funded by | | | | | |
| | • | | | | | |
| 112,155 | Rates | | | 178,732 | 274,453 | (95,720) |
| 126,859 | Reserves | | | - | - | - (40.222) |
| 437,922 | Depreciation not Funded | | | 419,589 | 437,922 | (18,333) |
| 676,936 | | | | 598,321 | 712,375 | (114,053) |
| | | | | | | |
| | Capital Expenditure | | | | | |
| _ | Corporate Property | | | _ | _ | _ |
| - | Staff Housing | _ | | - | - | _ |
| - | Camping Grounds | 3,000 | | 3,000 | - | 3,000 |
| - | Commercial Property | - | | - | - | - |
| 17,000 | Information Centre Property | | | - | - | - |
| 59,000 | Library Property | | | - | - | - |
| 1,035,000 | Community Centre | 1,060,080 | | 1,060,080 | 814,080 | 246,000 |
| - | Community Halls | - | | - | - | - |
| 25,000 | - | 26,656 | | 26,656 | 6,656 | 20,000 |
| - | Sundry Property | - | | - | - | - |
| - | Forestry | - | | - | - | - |
| 1,136,000 | | 1,089,736 | - - | 1,089,736 | 820,736 | 269,000 |
| | Funded by | | | | | |
| | Tunded by | | | | | |
| - | Rates | - | | - | _ | - |
| - | Depreciation Reserves | 90,736 | | 90,736 | 52,736 | 38,000 |
| - | Depreciation not Funded | - | | - | - | - |
| - | Loans | 999,000 | | 999,000 | 768,000 | 231,000 |
| - | Sale of Assets | - | | - | - | - |
| - | Subsidies | - | | - | - | - |
| - | | 1,089,736 | - | 1,089,736 | 820,736 | 269,000 |
| | • | | - | | • | |

INVESTMENTS

Forecast Statement of Cost of Service for the year ending 30th June 2017

| BUDGET | | COSTS | REVENUE | NET COST | 2015/25 Yr 2 | |
|-----------|--------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| 2015/16 | | 2016/17 | 2016/17 | 2016/17 | PER LTP | VARIANCE |
| (716,936) | Funds Management | 702,702 | 794,905 | (92,203) | 87,011 | (179,214) |
| | Dividends | - | 150,000 | (150,000) | (150,000) | - |
| | Corporate | - | 67,445 | (67,445) | (67,445) | - |
| , , , | · | | • | | | |
| (932,736) | • | 702,702 | 1,012,350 | (309,648) | (130,434) | (179,214) |
| | Less Internal Allocation | 329,612 | 329,612 | | | |
| | 2000 | 373,090 | 682,738 | | | |
| | | 373,030 | 082,738 | | | |
| | Funded by | | | | | |
| (176,874) | Pates | | | (321,648) | (130,434) | (191,214) |
| (170,874) | Reserves | | | 12,000 | (130,434) | 12,000 |
| - | Depreciation not Funded | | | 12,000 | - | 12,000 |
| - | Depreciation not runded | | | | - | - |
| (176,874) | | | - | (309,648) | (130,434) | (179,214) |
| | | | | | | |
| | Capital Expenditure | | | | | |
| _ | Funds Management | | | _ | | _ |
| _ | Dividends | | | _ | _ | _ |
| _ | Corporate | | | _ | _ | _ |
| | Corporate | | | | | |
| - | | - | | - | - | - |
| | Funded by | | | | | |
| - | Rates | _ | | - | - | - |
| - | Depreciation Reserves | | | - | - | - |
| _ | Depreciation not Funded | | | - | _ | _ |
| - | Loans | | | - | - | - |
| _ | Sale of Assets | | | - | - | - |
| - | Subsidies | | | - | - | - |
| | | | | | | |
| - | | - | - - | - | - | - |
| | | | = | | | |

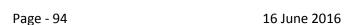
SUPPORT SERVICES

Forecast Statement of Cost of Service for the year ending 30th June 2017

| BUDGET | | COSTS | REVENUE | NET COST | 2015/25 Yr 2 | |
|-------------|--|-----------|----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 2015/16 | | 2016/17 | 2016/17 | 2016/17 | PER LTP | VARIANCE |
| 783,886 | Chief Executive Officer | 723,549 | - | 723,549 | 714,530 | 9,019 |
| 892,019 | Administration Services | 1,013,851 | 8,713 | 1,005,138 | 910,917 | 94,222 |
| 933,527 | Financial Services | 863,876 | 125 | 863,751 | 809,981 | 53,770 |
| 651,446 | Information Services | 657,332 | 0 | 657,331 | 668,206 | (10,875) |
| 586,267 | Engineering Services | 816,941 | - | 816,941 | 616,364 | 200,577 |
| 139,628 | Regulatory Manager | 174,818 | - | 174,818 | 142,553 | 32,266 |
| 3,986,773 | | 4,250,367 | 8,838 | 4,241,529 | 3,862,550 | 378,979 |
| | • | | | | | |
| | Funded by | | | | | |
| _ | Rates | | | (74,630) | (2,037) | (72,593) |
| 403,591 | Reserves | | | 68,964 | (100) | 69,064 |
| 1,775 | Depreciation not Funded | | | 11,980 | 19,175 | (7,195) |
| 3,581,407 | Overhead Allocation | | | 4,235,214 | 3,845,512 | 389,702 |
| 3,986,773 | • | | _ | 4,241,529 | 3,862,550 | 378,979 |
| | Capital Expenditure | | | | | |
| | сории эпрепанан | | | | | |
| - | Management | 38,000 | | 38,000 | - | 38,000 |
| 55,000 - | Administration Services Financial Services | 622,000 | | 622,000 | 410,000 - | 212,000 - |
| 70,800 | Information Services | 86,625 | | 86,625 | 25,625 | 61,000 |
| - | Engineering Services | 40,000 | | 40,000 | - | 40,000 |
| - | Regulatory Manager | - | | - | - | - |
| 125,800 | | 786,625 | _ _ | 786,625 | 435,625 | 351,000 |
| | Funded by | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| - | Rates | - | | - | - | - |
| - | Depreciation Reserves | 167,625 | | 167,625 | 25,625 | 142,000 |
| - | Depreciation not Funded Loans | 599,000 | | - 599,000 | 410,000 | 189,000 |
| _ | Sale of Assets | 20,000 | | 20,000 | 410,000 | 20,000 |
| - | Subsidies | - | | - | - | 20,000 |
| | | 786,625 | <u>-</u> | 786,625 | 435,625 | 351,000 |
| | | | | | | |

PROSPECTIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Prospective Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense
Prospective Statement of Financial Position (Estimated)
Prospective Statement of Changes in Equity
Prospective Statement of Cash Flows
Prospective Movement in Reserves Statement (Estimated)
Prospective Statement Concerning Balanced Budget
Proposed Project Expenditure
Statement of Accounting Policies
Policy on Replacement of Assets
Prospective Funding Impact Statement



PROSPECTIVE STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE REVENUE AND EXPENSE

| _ | IDGET 15/16 | | BUDGET 2016/17 | PER LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|----|----------------|---|-------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| | , | REVENUES | | | |
| 10 | ,572,205 | Rates | 10,756,570 | 11,023,996 | (267,426) |
| | 935,285 | Targeted Rate for Water Supply | 929,558 | 1,054,413 | (124,855) |
| 10 | ,884,159 | Subsidies | 9,656,420 | 10,711,409 | (1,054,989) |
| | 65,000 | Petrol Tax | 66,625 | 66,625 | - |
| 3 | ,049,066 | Fees and Charges | 3,063,850 | 3,181,814 | (117,964) |
| | 885,736 | Investment Income | 945,725 | 797,393 | 148,332 |
| 26 | 5,391,451 | | 25,418,748 | 26,835,650 | (1,416,902) |
| | | | | | |
| | | EXPENDITURE | | | |
| 4 | 4,302,793 | Water Services | 4,434,543 | 4,508,638 | (74,095) |
| : | 1,129,697 | Solid Waste | 1,143,609 | 1,182,120 | (38,511) |
| 1: | 1,051,568 | Transport | 10,490,508 | 11,168,982 | (678,474) |
| : | 1,830,410 | Community Facilities | 2,069,531 | 1,920,325 | 149,206 |
| : | 1,819,512 | Planning and Regulatory | 1,804,412 | 1,831,105 | (26,693) |
| 2 | 2,220,643 | Leadership and Governance | 2,603,908 | 2,347,261 | 256,647 |
| | 408,170 | Investments | 373,090 | 400,980 | (27,890) |
| | 723,474 | Property | 590,863 | 735,861 | (144,998) |
| | 410,900 | Corporate (Support Services) | 3,173 | 15,378 | (12,205) |
| | | | 22.542.627 | 24.440.650 | (507.042) |
| 23 | 3,897,167 | | 23,513,637 | 24,110,650 | (597,013) |
| 2 | 2,494,284 | Net Surplus (Deficit) on Operations Plus Profit on Sale of Fixed Assets Revaluation Increases | 1,905,111 | 2,725,000 | (819,889) |
| 2 | 2,494,284 | Net Surplus (Deficit) after taxation | 1,905,111 | 2,725,000 | (819,889) |
| | | OTHER COMPREHENSIVE REVENUE | | | |
| | | Gains (Loss) on property revaluation | 42,254,057 | 42,254,057 | - |
| 2 | ,494,284 | TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE REVENUE | 44,159,168 | 44,979,057 | (819,889) |
| | | | | | |

PROSPECTIVE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

| BUDGET 2015/16 | | BUDGET 2016/17 | PER LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|-------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| | CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| 140,775 | Cash and Cash Equivalents | 20,579 | 129,283 | (108,704) |
| 38,291 | Inventories | 3,921 | 38,291 | (34,370) |
| 5,984,868 | Trade and other receivables | 2,063,069 | 6,010,632 | (3,947,563) |
| 13,320,660 | Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss | 14,949,821 | 10,770,660 | 4,179,161 |
| 19,484,594 | | 17,037,390 | 16,948,866 | 88,525 |
| | LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| 3 822 346 | Trade and other payables | 4,584,114 | 3,845,647 | 738,467 |
| 3,822,346 | Trade and other payables | 4,584,114 | 3,845,647 | 738,467 |
| 3,822,340 | <u>-</u> | 4,364,114 | 3,843,047 | 738,407 |
| 15,662,248 | Working Capital | 12,453,276 | 13,103,219 | (649,943) |
| | NON CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| 246.756.156 | Property Plant and Equipment | 299,789,849 | 295,865,382 | 3,924,467 |
| | Loans and other receivables | 60,247 | - | 60,247 |
| 1,250,000 | Investments in Subsidiary | 1,250,000 | 1,250,000 | · - |
| 277,000 | Investment in Property | 277,000 | 277,000 | - |
| 69,946 | Biological Asset - Forestry | 150,380 | 69,946 | 80,434 |
| 143,277 | Intangible Assets | 147,109 | 143,277 | 3,832 |
| 22,992 | Available for sale financial assets | 22,992 | 22,992 | - |
| 264,181,619 | | 314,150,853 | 310,731,816 | 3,419,037 |
| | NON CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| 5,550,000 | Term Debt | 5,000,000 | 7,121,140 | (2,121,140) |
| 147,883 | Employee Entitlements | 121,063 | 147,883 | (26,820) |
| 859,562 | Landfill Aftercare | 478,126 | 859,562 | (381,436) |
| 6,557,445 | | 5,599,189 | 8,128,585 | (2,529,396) |
| 257,624,174 | NET ASSETS | 308,551,665 | 302,603,231 | 5,948,433 |
| | | | | _ |
| | EQUITY | | | |
| 20,391,739 | Reserves | 20,132,078 | 18,176,663 | 1,955,415 |
| 237,232,435 | Retained Earnings | 288,419,587 | 284,426,568 | 3,993,019 |
| 257,624,174 | | 308,551,665 | 302,603,231 | 5,948,434 |

PROSPECTIVE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

| BUDGET 2015/16 | | BUDGET 2016/17 | PER LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| 255,129,890 | Public Equity Opening Balance | 264,392,497 | 257,624,174 | 6,768,324 |
| 2,494,284 | Total Comprehensive Revenue for year | 44,159,168 | 44,979,057 | (819,889) |
| 257,624,174 | Closing Balance | 308,551,665 | 302,603,231 | 5,948,435 |



PROSPECTIVE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

| BUDGET 2015/16 | | BUDGET 2016/17 | PER LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| | OPERATING ACTIVITIES | _0_0/_2 | | |
| | Cash will be provided from: | | | |
| 10,066,118 | Rates | 10,756,302 | 12,038,435 | (1,282,133) |
| 20,273,865 | Other Revenue | 16,072,387 | 14,771,440 | 1,300,947 |
| 30,339,983 | - | 26,828,689 | 26,809,876 | 18,813 |
| | Cash will be applied to: | | | |
| 22,832,403 | Operations Expenditure | 24,583,970 | 24,204,925 | 379,045 |
| 5,552,905 | Less Depreciation | 4,732,153 | 4,903,410 | (171,257) |
| 440,077 | Less Interest | 493,300 | 566,926 | (73,626) |
| 16,839,421 | Payments to Suppliers and Employees | 19,358,517 | 18,734,589 | 623,928 |
| 440,078 | Interest Paid | 493,300 | 566,926 | (73,626) |
| 17,279,499 | _ | 19,851,817 | 19,301,515 | 550,302 |
| 13,060,484 | Net Cash Flow from Operations | 6,976,872 | 7,508,361 | (531,489) |
| | | | | |
| | INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| | Cash will be provided from: | | | |
| - | Sale of Assets | 20,000 | 30,000 | (10,000) |
| | Sale of Short term Investments | 3,971,672 | 2,550,000 | 1,421,672 |
| - | | 3,991,672 | 2,580,000 | 1,411,672 |
| | Cash will be applied to: | | | |
| 11,965,414 | Asset purchases and formation | 11,114,989 | 11,670,992 | (556,003) |
| | Increase in Loans and Advances | | | |
| - | Investments purchased | - | - | - |
| 11,965,414 | | 11,114,989 | 11,670,992 | (556,003) |
| | | | | |
| (11,965,414) | Net Cash Flows from Investing | (7,123,317) | (9,090,992) | 1,967,675 |
| | | | | |
| | FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| 2 224 645 | Cash will be provided from: | | 4 574 440 | (4.574.440) |
| 2,334,615 | Loans raised | - | 1,571,140 | (1,571,140) |
| | Cash will be applied to: | | | |
| 2 224 645 | Loans repaid | - | 1 571 140 | - (1 571 140) |
| 2,334,615 | Net Cash Flow from Financing | - | 1,571,140 | (1,571,140) |
| 3,429,685 | Net Increase/(Decrease) | (146,445) | (11,492) | (124 052) |
| 3,429,063 | Net increase/(Decrease) | (140,443) | (11,492) | (134,953) |
| 3,497,607 | Plus Opening Bank Balance | 167,025 | 140,775 | 26,250 |
| | - | | 400.000 | /400 =00' |
| 6,927,292 | Bank Balance at end of year | 20,580 | 129,283 | (108,703) |

PROSPECTIVE MOVEMENT IN RESERVES STATEMENT

For the year ending 30th June 2017

| Budget 2015/16 | | Budget 2016/17 | Per LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|-------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| | Reserves held for Emergency Purposes | | | |
| 655,849 | Opening Balance | 677,082 | 677,082 | (0) |
| 21,233 | Transfers to Reserves | 36,354 | 21,469 | 14,885 |
| - | Transfers from Reserves | - | - | - |
| 677,082 | Closing balance | 713,435 | 698,551 | 14,884 |
| | Reserves held for future Asset Purchases | | | |
| 18,646,301 | Opening Balance | 16,872,871 | 16,872,871 | 0 |
| 2,812,677 | Transfers to Reserves | 4,958,670 | 2,672,755 | 2,285,915 |
| (4,586,107) | Transfers from Reserves | (5,844,052) | (4,688,366) | (1,155,686) |
| 16,872,871 | Closing balance | 15,987,489 | 14,857,260 | 1,130,229 |
| | Reserves held for future Operational Costs | | | |
| 3,191,677 | Opening Balance | 2,402,507 | 2,402,507 | 0 |
| 103,330 | Transfers to Reserves | 723,089 | 76,177 | 646,912 |
| (892,500) | Transfers from Reserves | (113,000) | (575,078) | 462,078 |
| 2,402,507 | Closing balance | 3,012,596 | 1,903,606 | 1,108,990 |
| | Reserves held for repayment of maturing debt | | | |
| 206,711 | Opening Balance | 439,279 | 439,279 | _ |
| 232,568 | Transfers to Reserves | 214,025 | 277,967 | (63,942) |
| - | Transfers from Reserves | (234,747) | - | (234,747) |
| 439,279 | Closing balance | 418,557 | 717,246 | (298,689) |
| 20,391,739 | Total Reserve Funds | 20,132,078 | 18,176,663 | 1,955,415 |

Emergency funds include:

Disaster Recovery Reserve to fund Council's share of any natural disaster or costs of an unforeseen event.

Reserves held toward future asset purchases

These include proceeds from the sale of Council-owned infrastructure and land and buildings that are held in the District Development Reserve and may be used towards the cost of purchasing or constructing new assets. A number of Depreciation Reserves are held to fund the renewal of infrastructure and other assets.

Reserves held to meet future operational costs

These reserves include:

- administration reserves funds carried over from one financial year to the next to match related expenditure.
- retirement and restructuring reserves to fund future retirement, redundancy, long-service gratuities and costs associated with Council reorganisations.

Reserves held against repayment of maturing debt

Reserves are held for the purpose of repaying debt as it matures.

| BUDGET 2015/16 | | BUDGET 2016/17 | PER LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| | Non-Funded Depreciation | | | |
| 5,690 | Community Halls | 5,690 | 5,690 | - |
| 31,514 | Parks & Reserves | 29,080 | 31,514 | (2,434) |
| 2,300 | Cemeteries | 160 | 2,300 | (2,140) |
| 400,820 | Community Centre | 400,820 | 400,820 | - |
| 18,333 | Community Property | - | 18,333 | (18,333) |
| 200 | Library | 5,000 | 200 | 4,800 |
| 10,000 | Building Inspection | - | 10,000 | (10,000) |
| 17,752 | Rural Fire Service | 17,752 | 17,752 | - |
| 2,668 | Bylaw Enforcement | 300 | 2,668 | (2,368) |
| 1,591,857 | LTNZ Portion Subsidised Roading | 1,695,458 | 1,713,467 | (18,009) |
| 1,667 | Parking | - | 1,667 | (1,667) |
| 39,129 | Stormwater And Drainage | - | 41,205 | (41,205) |
| 22,250 | Water Reticulation | - | 22,250 | (22,250) |
| - | Water Production | 2,076 | 2,076 | - |
| 453,333 | Mahia/Opoutama Sewerage Scheme | 453,333 | 453,333 | - |
| 10,122 | Waste Management | 1,000 | 10,122 | (9,122) |
| 3,500 | Council | - | - | - |
| 9,200 | Administration | 11,920 | 17,400 | (5,480) |
| 1,775 | Information Services | 60 | 1,775 | (1,715) |
| 4,421 | Staff Housing | 4,421 | 4,421 | - |
| 8,658 | Camping Ground | 8,658 | 8,658 | - |
| | _ | | | |
| 2,635,189 | | 2,635,728 | 2,765,651 | (129,923) |

Reconciliation of Surplus (Deficit)

| BUDGET 2015/16 | | BUDGET 2016/17 | Per LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| 2,494,284 | Surplus (Deficit) on Operations | 1,905,111 | 2,725,000 | (819,889) |
| | Non -Funded Depreciation | | | |
| 5,690 | Community Halls | 5,690 | 5,690 | - |
| 31,514 | Parks & Reserves | 29,080 | 31,514 | (2,434) |
| 2,300 | Cemeteries | 160 | 2,300 | (2,140) |
| 400,820 | Community Centre | 400,820 | 400,820 | - |
| 18,333 | Community Property | - | 18,333 | (18,333) |
| 200 | Library | 5,000 | 200 | 4,800 |
| 10,000 | Building Inspection | - | 10,000 | (10,000) |
| 17,752 | Rural Fire Service | 17,752 | 17,752 | - |
| 2,668 | Bylaw Enforcement | 300 | 2,668 | (2,368) |
| 1,591,857 | LTNZ Portion Subsidised Roading | 1,695,458 | 1,713,467 | (18,009) |
| 1,667 | Parking | - | 1,667 | (1,667) |
| 39,129 | Stormwater And Drainage | - | 41,205 | (41,205) |
| 22,250 | Water Reticulation | - | 22,250 | (22,250) |
| - | Water Production | 2,076 | 2,076 | - |
| 453,333 | Mahia/Opoutama Sewerage Scheme | 453,333 | 453,333 | - |
| 10,122 | Waste Management | 1,000 | 10,122 | (9,122) |
| 3,500 | Council | - | - | - |
| 9,200 | Administration | 11,920 | 17,400 | (5,480) |
| 1,775 | Information Services | 60 | 1,775 | (1,715) |
| 4,421 | Staff Housing | 4,421 | 4,421 | - |
| 8,658 | Camping Ground | 8,658 | 8,658 | - |
| 2,635,189 | | 2,635,728 | 2,765,651 | (129,923) |
| 824,400 | Reserves Transfer | 906,591 | 500,316 | 406,275 |
| | Capital Subsidy | (5,447,431) | (5,990,967) | 543,537 |
| - | Rate Funding Projects | | - | - |
| - | Surplus (Deficit) | | - | - |
| | | | | |

PROPOSED PROJECT EXPENDITURE

The following projects/initiatives have been considered by Council as priority projects and are included in the 2014/15 Annual Plan.

| FUNDING | SCHEME | BUDGET 2015/16 | BUDGET 2016/17 | LTP PER LTP | Var |
|--------------------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | Water Reticulation - Ren Ex | | | | |
| Depreciation Reserves | WAIROA PIPELINES RENEWALS | 150,000 | 155,700 | 155,700 | _ |
| Depreciation Reserves | VALVE REPLACEMENTS | 10,000 | 10,380 | 10,380 | _ |
| Depreciation Reserves | Renewals modelling | 25,000 | 25,950 | 25,950 | _ |
| Depreciation Reserves | Condition reporting | 20,000 | 20,760 | 20,760 | _ |
| Depreciation Reserves | Replacement Reservoir- professional services | 100,000 | 100,000 | 100,000 | _ |
| Depreciation Reserves | Replacement reservoir -construction | 50,000 | 750,000 | 1,200,000 | (450,000) |
| Depreciation Reserves | Mahanga retic | 5,000 | 5,190 | 5,190 | (130,000) |
| Depreciation Reserves | Tuai retic | 10,000 | 10,380 | 10,380 | _ |
| Doprociation records | Total Total | 10,000 | 10,500 | 10,500 | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Water Reticulation - Ren Ex Carried Forward From 2014/15 Asset Management Modelling Design | 20,000 | 20,000 | - | 20,000 - |
| | Water Production - Ren Ex | | | | _ |
| Depreciation Reserves | Renewal expenditure - Water Treatment | 35,000 | 36,330 | 36,330 | _ |
| Depreciation Reserves | Vehicle | _ | 25,950 | 25,950 | _ |
| Depreciation Reserves | Intake VSD | 25,000 | | , | _ |
| Depreciation Reserves | Boundary Valves - Reservoir | 20,000 | _ | _ | _ |
| Depreciation Reserves | Scada System | | 5,000 | _ | 5,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Boundary Valves - Pump Station | 10,000 | 10,380 | 10,380 | 5,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Safety Improvement | 10,000 | 16,015 | 12,015 | 4,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Replacement of Intake Valves | | 13,000 | 12,013 | 13,000 |
| | | 20,000 | 13,000 | - | 13,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | UV Lamp | 20,000 | - | - | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Flood control protection at intake | 50,000 | - | - | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Mahanga tank and pump repairs | 50,000 | - | - | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Intake Pumps | 25,000 | | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Pipemain Condition Sampling | 15,000 | 10,380 | 10,380 | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Mower | 2,000 | 2,076 | 2,076 | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Paint Building | 25,000 | = 1 | - | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | WTP Pumps | - | 25,950 | 25,950 | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Boundary VSD | - | = | 20,760 | (20,760) |
| Depreciation Reserves | Chlorine Analyser | - | 18,023 | 18,023 | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Gravelectric Cones | - | 7,209 | 7,209 | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Sheetpile protection of intake | - | 103,800 | 103,800 | - |
| | Water Production - Ren Ex Carried Forward From 2014/15 | | | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Cleaning Inspection Reservoir | | 15,000 | _ | 15,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Purchase Computer | | 3,000 | _ | 3,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Clarifiers | | 20,000 | | 20,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Resilience Earthquake Valves and Bore Investigations | | 50,000 | | 50,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | | | 30,000 | _ | - |
| | Water Production - Cap Ex | | | | - |
| Loans Loans | Mahanga treatment upgrade Mahanga telemetry installation | - | 51,900 51,900 | 51,900 51,900 | - |
| Loans | iviarianga telemetry mistaliation | | 31,900 | 31,900 | = |
| | Stormwater and Drainage - Ren Ex | | | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Wairoa Pipeline Renewals | 250,000 | 259,500 | 259,500 | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Mahia Bch Pipelines Renewals | - | 51,900 | 51,900 | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Deterioration modelling | 25,000 | 5,190 | 5,190 | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | CCTV | 50,000 | 51,900 | 51,900 | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Discharge consent | 25,000 | 51,900 | 51,900 | _ |
| Depreciation Reserves | Condition reporting | - | 51,900 | 51,900 | - |
| | | | - | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Stormwater and Drainage - Cap Ex PIPING OPEN DRAINS - WAIROA | 100.000 | 103,800 | 103,800 | - |
| Depreciation reserves | | 100,000 | 103,000 | 103,000 | - |
| | Sewerage - Ren Ex/Cap Ex | | | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Desludge Oxidation Ponds | - | 60,076 | 60,076 | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Wairoa Stations Flow Meters | 50,000 | - | - | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | CCTV Infiltration Investigation | 100,000 | 155,700 | 155,700 | _ |
| Depreciation Reserves | WWTP Solids Filter | - | 120,000 | | 120,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Infiltration Study - Night Time Flow | 50,000 | 51,900 | 51,900 | -, |
| Depreciation Reserves | Flow Meters | 20,000 | 10,380 | 10,380 | = |
| Depreciation Reserves | Fitzroy Plant | 50,000 | | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Mahia/Opoutama ww scheme renewals | 30,000 | 31,140 | 31,140 | _ |
| Depreciation Reserves | Wairoa Consent application-Consultation and legal costs | 50,000 | 51,900 | 51,900 | _ |
| Depreciation Reserves | Step Filter | 30,000 | 30,038 | 30,038 | _ |
| Depreciation Reserves | WAIROA RETICULATION - RENEWALS | 250,000 | 259,500 | 259,500 | _ |
| Depreciation Reserves | Consultancy for Wairoa ww consent | 75,000 | 77,850 | 77,850 | _ |
| | Data verification/condition reporting | 75,000 | 103,800 | 103,800 | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | | 75,000 | | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves Loans | Pump station renewals Construction of Plant for new Wairoa consent | 50,000 | 51,900 103,800 | 51,900 103,800 | - |
| | | 23,000 | , | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Sewerage - Ren Ex/Cap Ex - Carried Forward From 2014/15 Magnaflux Transducers | | 40,000 | | 40,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | | | 30,000 | - | |
| Depreciation Reserves | Larger Pumps North Clyde | | | - | 30,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Replace Kopu Road Line | | 177,000 | - | 177,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Infiltration Tests | | 20,000 | - | 20,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Tuai Sand Filters | _L | 80,000 | L | 80,000 |

| FUNDING | SCHEME | BUDGET 2015/16 | BUDGET 2016/17 | LTP 2016/17 | Var |
|---|--|---|--|---|---|
| | | | | | - |
| | Waste Management - RenEx | | | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Effluent system | 10,000 | 10,250 | 10,250 | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Hardstand area | 30,000 | - | - | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Diversion Infrastructure renewals | - | = | = | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Recycling Centre renewals | 50,000 | = | = | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | RTS Landscaping/Trees | 5,000 | - | - | - |
| | Waste Management - RenEx Carried Forward from 2014/15 | | | | = |
| Depreciation Reserves | Construction - New Cell | | 15,000 | _ | 15,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Cover Wairoa Landfill | 30,000 | 30,000 | _ | 30,000 |
| | | | , | | |
| | Waste Management - RenEx | | | | - |
| Loans | Set up recycling centre Mahia | = | 50,000 | = | 50,000 |
| | | | | | - |
| | Airport - RenEx | | | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | RenEx - Runway Lighting | 35,000 | 50,000 | - | 50,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | RenEx - Runway Resurfacing | - | 205,000 | 205,000 | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Investigate Upgrade Runway Lighting | - | 10,000 | - | 10,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Remove Lichen from Runway | - | - | - | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Building renewals | 10,000 | 30,000 | - | 30,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Certification | 20,000 | 20,000 | - | 20,000 |
| | | | | | - |
| | Airport - CapEx | | | | = |
| Loans | Runway Safety Margins | - | 20,000 | - | 20,000 |
| | Description of the state of the | | | | - |
| | Roading Subsidised | | | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves/Subsidy | Expenditure District Roads - Emergency | 1,400,000 | 1,521,000 | 1,521,000 | - |
| Depreciation Reserves/Subsidy | Expenditure District Roads - Physical Works | 2,975,000 | 2,808,640 | 2,823,990 | (15,350) |
| Depreciation Reserves/Subsidy | Renewal Expenditure - Physical Works | 1,285,000 | 464,826 | 1,424,670 | (959,844) |
| Loan/Subsidy | Cycleway/Walkway Wairoa Township Loop (concrete Kitche | - | 319,410 | 319,410 | - |
| | Roading - WDC | | | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Footpath Renewals | 80,000 | 82,000 | 82,000 | - |
| • | New Streetlights | 10,000 | | - | 10.000 |
| Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves | Upgrade Crossings | | 20,250 | 10,250 | 10,000 |
| • | 1.0 | 2,500 | 2,563 35.875 | 2,563 | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Upgrade Road Stormwater Outlets | 32,500 | | 35,875 | 8,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Newcastle St Walkway/Cycle | 8,000 | 16,200 | 8,200 | 8,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Tuai Footpath Uprgade (Ddf) Walkway James Carroll Expenses | 25,000 5,000 | 25,625 3,075 | 25,625 3,075 | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Walkway James Carroll Expenses | 5,000 | 3,075 | 3,073 | = |
| | Roading - WDC - Carried Forward From 2014/15 | | | | _ |
| Depreciation Reserves | New Footpath | = | 44,000 | | 44,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Marine Parade Upgrade | | 13,000 | | 13,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | C/Way Lighting - Replace/New | | 15,000 | | 15,000 |
| | | | | | - |
| | Roading - WDC - CapEx | | | | - |
| Loans | New Footpaths | 110,000 | 133,572 | 133,572 | - |
| Loans | Urewera Rainforest Route Upgrade Feasibility | 20,000 | 40,500 | 20,500 | 20,000 |
| Loans | Walkway/Cycleway Loop Design | 20,000 | 40,500 | 20,500 | 20,000 |
| Loans | Non-Subsidised Roading Projects | - | - | - | - |
| Loans | Mahia Beach Drainage – Pipi Cresand Tamure Cres Run-O | 35,000 | 35,000 | - | 35,000 |
| Loans | Mahanga Beach – Village Drainage Outlet Through Happy Jac | - | 41,000 | 41,000 | - |
| Loans | New: Rowing/Ski Club Loop Road | = | 50,000 | | 50,000 |
| | | | | | - |
| | Car Parking | | | | |
| Depreciation Reserves | Renewals of Carparks (Resealing) | - | 40,000 | | 40,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Reseal Wairoa Power | = | 121,155 | 121,155 | - |
| | Infrastructura Dusinasa Hait | | | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Infrastructure Business Unit | 10.000 | | | - |
| | Computer Equipment | 10,000 | 20.750 | 20.750 | - |
| | Vehicles | 30,000 | 30,750 | 30,750 | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | | | | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Office Furniture | 5,000 | - | | |
| Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves | Office Furniture Software Licences | 5,000 10,000 | | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Office Furniture | | - - 20,000 | | 20,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves | Office Furniture Software Licences Condition Rating Equipment | | - - 20,000 | | 20,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves | Office Furniture Software Licences Condition Rating Equipment Parks and Reserves - RenEx | 10,000 | | 10.250 | 20,000 - - |
| Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves | Office Furniture Software Licences Condition Rating Equipment Parks and Reserves - RenEx Playground equipment | 10,000 - 20,000 | 20,000 10,250 | 10,250 | 20,000 - - - |
| Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves | Office Furniture Software Licences Condition Rating Equipment Parks and Reserves - RenEx Playground equipment Clyde domain pavillon renewals | 10,000 - 20,000 10,000 | | 10,250 - | 20,000 - - - - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Office Furniture Software Licences Condition Rating Equipment Parks and Reserves - RenEx Playground equipment Clyde domain pavillon renewals Lambton square buildings | 20,000 10,000 5,000 | | 10,250 - - | 20,000 - - - - - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Office Furniture Software Licences Condition Rating Equipment Parks and Reserves - RenEx Playground equipment Clyde domain pavillon renewals Lambton square buildings Wairoa Boat Ramp improvements | 20,000 10,000 5,000 15,000 | 10,250 - - - | 10,250 - - - - | - - - - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Office Furniture Software Licences Condition Rating Equipment Parks and Reserves - RenEx Playground equipment Clyde domain pavillon renewals Lambton square buildings Wairoa Boat Ramp improvements Oraka toilets renewals | 20,000 10,000 5,000 15,000 25,000 | | 10,250 - - - - - | 20,000 - - - - - - - 50,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Office Furniture Software Licences Condition Rating Equipment Parks and Reserves - RenEx Playground equipment Clyde domain pavillon renewals Lambton square buildings Wairoa Boat Ramp improvements Oraka toliets renewals Pionic Tables | 20,000 10,000 5,000 15,000 | 10,250 - - - 50,000 | 10,250 - - - - - | - - - - - - 50,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Office Furniture Software Licences Condition Rating Equipment Parks and Reserves - RenEx Playground equipment Clyde domain pavillon renewals Lambton square buildings Wairoa Boat Ramp improvements Oraka toilets renewals Picnic Tables Nuhaka toilets | 20,000 10,000 5,000 15,000 25,000 | 10,250 - - - 50,000 - 50,000 | 10,250 - - - - - - | 50,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Office Furniture Software Licences Condition Rating Equipment Parks and Reserves - RenEx Playground equipment Clyde domain pavillon renewals Lambton square buildings Wairoa Boat Ramp improvements Oraka toliets renewals Pionic Tables | 20,000 10,000 5,000 15,000 25,000 | 10,250 - - - 50,000 | 10,250 - - - - - - - | - - - - - - 50,000 |

| FUNDING | SCHEME | BUDGET 2015/16 | BUDGET 2016/17 | LTP 2016/17 | Var |
|---|--|---|---|---|---|
| Depreciation Reserves | Parks and Reserves - RenEx - Carried Forward From 2014/15 | | | | |
| Depreciation Reserves | New Public Toilets Raupunga | _ | 5,000 | _ | 5,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Improve Boat Ramp | | 5,000 | | 5,000 |
| | | - | | - | 5,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Develop Boat Park | - | 5,000 | - | |
| Depreciation Reserves | Traffic Control structures | - | 10,000 | - | 10,000 - |
| | Parks and Reserves - CapEx | | | | = |
| Loans | New Playground Equipment | 100,000 | 100,000 | - | 100,000 |
| Loans | Camera Installation | 25,000 | = | - | - |
| Loans | Implement Rangihoua Reserve Management Plan | 50,000 | 50,000 | = | 50,000 |
| Loans | Solar Power Panel Emergency Landing Lights | - | 21,000 | - | 21,000 |
| | Parks and Reserves - CapEx - Carried Forward From 2014/15 | | | | - |
| Loans | LED lighting | - | 25,000 | - | 25,000 |
| Loans | Blacks Beach Platform, Toilets - New | - | 100,000 | - | 100,000 |
| Loans | Whakamahi Beach Project | - | 199,000 | - | 199,000 |
| Loans | Main Street Toilets Project | - | 250,000 | - | 250,000 |
| <u>.</u> | Cemetary | | | | = |
| Depreciation Reserves | Building renewals | 20,000 | | - | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Cemetry Database | | 5,000 | | 5,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | New Beams | 15,000 | - | = | = |
| Depreciation Reserves | Drainage system- New Cemmetry | 50,000 | - | - | - |
| Loans | CapEx - Stormwater | | 8,000 | | 8,000 |
| December 5 | Library States Propriet | | | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Exterior Repaint | | 6,000 | | 6,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Book purchases | 40,000 | 39,975 | 39,975 | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | ebook purchases | 4,000 | 5,125 | 5,125 | - |
| Loans | Library Management System | - | 25,000 | - | 25,000 - |
| | Environmental Health | 25.000 | | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Purchase New Vehicle | 25,000 | | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Replacement of sound level meter | - | 10,250 | 10,250 | - |
| Danasistias Bassass | Building Control | 25.000 | | | = |
| Depreciation Reserves | Repalcement of vehicle- 4x4 ute | 25,000 | - | - | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Repalcement of vehicle- | 35,000 | - | - | = |
| | | | | | - |
| | Bylaw Control | | | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Replace Stock Yards And Race | - | 60,000 | - | 60,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Replacement of 2 vehicles - 2x4 utes | 46,000 | | - | - |
| Loans | Extension to dog pound | 15,000 | 15,000 | - | 15,000 - |
| | Civil Defence - Carried Forward From 2014/15 | | | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Civil Defence Signage | - | 2,000 | - | 2,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Welfare Registration Kits | - | 1,000 | - | 1,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | PC's for EOC Civil Defence | - | 5,000 | - | 5,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Tsunami Signs | - | 3,000 | - | 3,000 |
| | Rural Fire - Carried Forward From 2014/15 | | | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Rural Fire Signage | 7,000 | 5,000 | =- | 5,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Fire Equipment Forestry Packs | 7,500 | 7,000 | - | 7,000 |
| | Pensioner Housing - RenEx | | | | - |
| | | | | 6,656 | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Painting exterior block of Outram flats | - | 6,656 | | |
| Depreciation Reserves | Painting exterior block of Lambert flats | 25,000 | 20,000 | - | 20,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves | Painting exterior block of Lambert flats Painting exterior block of Livingstone flats | 11,000 | | = = | 20,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves | Painting exterior block of Lambert flats Painting exterior block of Livingstone flats Livingstone flat roofing | 11,000 11,000 | | - - - | 20,000 - - |
| Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves | Painting exterior block of Lambert flats Painting exterior block of Livingstone flats | 11,000 | | - - - - | 20,000 - - - |
| Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves | Painting exterior block of Lambert flats Painting exterior block of Livingstone flats Livingstone flat roofing Livingstone flat stoves(4) Camping Grounds | 11,000 11,000 | 20,000 | - - - - | - - - - |
| Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves | Painting exterior block of Lambert flats Painting exterior block of Livingstone flats Livingstone flat roofing Livingstone flat stoves(4) | 11,000 11,000 | | - | 20,000 - - - - - - 3,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves | Painting exterior block of Lambert flats Painting exterior block of Livingstone flats Livingstone flat roofing Livingstone flat stoves(4) Camping Grounds | 11,000 11,000 | 20,000 | - - - - | - - - - |
| Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves | Painting exterior block of Lambert flats Painting exterior block of Livingstone flats Livingstone flat roofing Livingstone flat stoves(4) Camping Grounds Repaint TV Room | 11,000 11,000 | 20,000 | - | - - - - |
| Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves | Painting exterior block of Lambert flats Painting exterior block of Livingstone flats Livingstone flat roofing Livingstone flat stoves(4) Camping Grounds Repaint TV Room Enterprise Building - VIC | 11,000 11,000 4,000 | 20,000 | - - - - | - - - - |
| Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves Depreciation Reserves | Painting exterior block of Lambert flats Painting exterior block of Livingstone flats Livingstone flat roofing Livingstone flat stoves(4) Camping Grounds Repaint TV Room Enterprise Building - VIC Paint Exterior Lighting Renewal | 11,000 11,000 4,000 | 20,000 | - - - - - | - - - - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Painting exterior block of Lambert flats Painting exterior block of Livingstone flats Livingstone flat roofing Livingstone flat stoves(4) Camping Grounds Repaint TV Room Enterprise Building - VIC Paint Exterior Lighting Renewal Community Centre - RenEx | 11,000 11,000 4,000 | 20,000 - - - - 3,000 | - | - - - - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Painting exterior block of Lambert flats Painting exterior block of Livingstone flats Livingstone flat roofing Livingstone flat roofing Livingstone flat stoves(4) Camping Grounds Repaint TV Room Enterprise Building - VIC Paint Exterior Lighting Renewal Community Centre - RenEx Community Center Remedial Works | 11,000 11,000 4,000 - 15,000 2,000 | 20,000 - - - 3,000 - - - - 40,960 | | - - - - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Painting exterior block of Lambert flats Painting exterior block of Livingstone flats Livingstone flat roofing Livingstone flat stoves(4) Camping Grounds Repaint TV Room Enterprise Building - VIC Paint Exterior Lighting Renewal Community Centre - RenEx | 11,000 11,000 4,000 | 20,000 - - - - 3,000 | - - - - - - 40,960 5,120 | - - - - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Painting exterior block of Lambert flats Painting exterior block of Livingstone flats Livingstone flat roofing Livingstone flat roofing Livingstone flat stoves(4) Camping Grounds Repaint TV Room Enterprise Building - VIC Paint Exterior Lighting Renewal Community Centre - RenEx Community Center Remedial Works Renewals pool Community Centre - RenEx - Carried Forward From 2014/15 | 11,000 11,000 4,000 - 15,000 2,000 | 20,000 - - - 3,000 - - - - 40,960 5,120 | | 3,000 - - - - - - - - - - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Painting exterior block of Lambert flats Painting exterior block of Livingstone flats Livingstone flat roofing Livingstone flat stoves(4) Camping Grounds Repaint TV Room Enterprise Building - VIC Paint Exterior Lighting Renewal Community Centre - RenEx Community Center Remedial Works Renewals pool | 11,000 11,000 4,000 - 15,000 2,000 | 20,000 - - - 3,000 - - - - 40,960 | | - - - - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Painting exterior block of Lambert flats Painting exterior block of Livingstone flats Livingstone flat roofing Livingstone flat roofing Livingstone flat stoves(4) Camping Grounds Repaint TV Room Enterprise Building - VIC Paint Exterior Lighting Renewal Community Centre - RenEx Community Center Remedial Works Renewals pool Community Centre - RenEx - Carried Forward From 2014/15 Renew Pool Heat Pump Community Centre - CapEx | 11,000 11,000 4,000 - 15,000 2,000 25,000 10,000 | 20,000 - - - 3,000 - - - 40,960 5,120 | 5,120 | 3,000 - - - - - - - - - - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Painting exterior block of Lambert flats Painting exterior block of Livingstone flats Livingstone flat roofing Livingstone flat stoves(4) Camping Grounds Repaint TV Room Enterprise Building - VIC Paint Exterior Lighting Renewal Community Centre - RenEx Community Centre Remedial Works Renewals pool Community Centre - RenEx - Carried Forward From 2014/15 Renew Pool Heat Pump Community Centre - CapEx LTS pool | 11,000 11,000 4,000 - 15,000 2,000 | 20,000 - - - - 3,000 - - - - 40,960 5,120 15,000 768,000 | | 3,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Painting exterior block of Lambert flats Painting exterior block of Livingstone flats Livingstone flat roofing Livingstone flat roofing Livingstone flat stoves(4) Camping Grounds Repaint TV Room Enterprise Building - VIC Paint Exterior Lighting Renewal Community Centre - RenEx Community Center Remedial Works Renewals pool Community Centre - RenEx - Carried Forward From 2014/15 Renew Pool Heat Pump Community Centre - CapEx | 11,000 11,000 4,000 - 15,000 2,000 25,000 10,000 | 20,000 - - - 3,000 - - - 40,960 5,120 | 5,120 | 3,000 - - - - - - - - - - |

| FUNDING | SCHEME | BUDGET 2015/16 | BUDGET 2016/17 | LTP 2016/17 | Var |
|--------------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------|
| | Council | | | | |
| Depreciation Reserves | Installation of Infocouncil System | - | 22,000 | - | 22,000 |
| | | | | | - |
| Depn Reserves/Asset Sale | Chief Executive Officer New Vehicle | - | 38,000 | - | 38,000 |
| • | | | , | | |
| | Administration | | | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Purchase Vehicle 2013 Toyota 1.8 Hatch | 25,000 | - | - | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Upgrade of WAIROAWIFI Hardware | - | 20,000 | - | 20,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Student Computers | - | 6,000 | - | 6,000 |
| Loans | Archives Building | 30,000 | 410,000 | 410,000 | - |
| Loans | Future Office Accommodation | - | 146,000 | = | 146,000 |
| Loans | Fitting out I site | - | 40,000 | - | 40,000 |
| | Economic Development | | | | - |
| Loans | Enhancement of River Use | | 102,500 | 102,500 | |
| Loans | Tourism Manager's Vehicle | | 30,000 | | 30,000 |
| Loans | Signage | | 80,000 | | 80,000 |
| | Information Services | | | | = |
| Depresiation Reserves | | 22,000 | 20.000 | | 20,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Replacement physical servers DL380G9 x 2 | | 20,000 | - | 20,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Servers RAMS | 4,400 | - | - | |
| Depreciation Reserves | 12 x 900 Drives | 12,000 | - | - | |
| Depreciation Reserves | Cables | 2,400 | - | - | • |
| Depreciation Reserves | Replacement laptops | 15,000 | 15,375 | 15,375 | • |
| Depreciation Reserves | Context A1 Scanner | 15,000 | | - | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Replacement Tower PCs | - | 10,250 | 10,250 | • |
| Depreciation Reserves | NCS Upgrades - Project & Ent / BR 4 etc. | - | 30,000 | - | 30,000 |
| Depreciation Reserves | Purchase Record Management Software | - | 8,000 | - | 8,000 |
| Loans | Fibre Optic Cable Library | - | 3,000 | - | 3,000 |
| | Engineering | | | | - |
| Depreciation Reserves | Utilities - Vehicles | - | 40,000 | - | 40,000 |
| | | | | | |
| | | 9,953,300 | 13,202,999 | 11,732,953 | 1,470,046 |
| | | | | | |
| | TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FOR THE YEAR | 9,953,300 | 13,202,999 | 11,732,953 | 1,470,046 |
| | | | | | |
| | FUNDED BY: | | | | |
| | Rates | | 20.000 | - | 20.000 |
| | Asset Sales | | 20,000 | - 207 457 | 20,000 |
| | Depreciation Reserves | | 6,189,639 | 5,287,157 | 902,481 |
| | Roading Subsidies | | 3,771,688 | 4,742,123 | (970,436 |
| | Other Subsidies | | 2 224 672 | 4 700 675 | 4.540.000 |
| | Loans (Internal | ' ' ' | 3,221,672 | 1,703,672 | 1,518,000 |
| | Water Production Reserve | | - | - | |
| | District Development Reserve | | - | - | |
| | Tuai Reserve | - | - | - | |
| | | 9,953,300 | 13,202,999 | 11,732,953 | 1,470,046 |
| | | 5,555,500 | .5,202,599 | 11,732,333 | 1,770,040 |

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

Wairoa District Council (WDC) is a territorial local authority in New Zealand governed by the Local Government Act 2002. The Council group consists of Wairoa District Council and its 100% owned subsidiary, Quality Roading and Services (Wairoa) Ltd (QRS Ltd).

The primary objective of WDC is to provide goods or services for the community or social benefit rather than making a financial return. Accordingly WDC has designated itself and the group as public benefit entities (PBE) for financial reporting purposes.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements of the WDC have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Act 2002: which includes the requirement to comply with the New Zealand generally accepted accounting practice (NZ GAAP).

These financial statements comply with PBE Standards.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Tier 2 PBE Standards. The criteria under which WDC is eligible to report in accordance with Tier 2 PBE Standards are WDC does not have public accountability and is not large.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, modified by the revaluation of land and buildings, certain infrastructure assets, investment property, biological assets and financial instruments.

The financial statements have been presented in New Zealand dollars. Foreign exchange transactions are translated into New Zealand dollars using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include Council and its subsidiary QRS Ltd. All significant inter-entity transactions, balances and unrealised gains are eliminated on consolidation. Accounting policies of QRS Ltd have been changed to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the group.

WDC's investment in its subsidiary is carried at cost less any impairment charges in WDC's own "parent entity" financial statements.

Revenue

Revenue comprises rates, revenue from operating activities, investment revenue, subsidies, petrol tax and fees and charges and is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

Revenue may be derived from either exchange or non-exchange transactions.

Exchange transactions

Exchange transactions are transactions where the Council receives assets (primarily cash) or services, or has liabilities extinguished, and directly gives approximately equal value (primarily in the form of goods, services, or use of assets) to another entity in exchange.

Non-exchange transactions

Non-exchange transactions are transactions that are not exchange transactions. In a non-exchange revenue transaction, the Council receives value from another entity without directly giving approximately equal value in exchange.

Revenue received from a non-exchange transaction cannot be deferred unless there is both a performance obligation and a return obligation attached to it. For example where grant or subsidy funding is received without performance obligation then revenue is recognised when receivable. Where a performance obligation exists revenue is recognised upon satisfactory completion of the performance.

Revenue from non-exchange transactions

Rates revenue

Rates are set annually by a resolution from Council and relate to a financial year. All ratepayers are invoiced within the financial year to which the rates have been set. Rates revenue is recognised when receivable.

Government Subsidies

WDC receives government grants from New Zealand Transport Agency, which subsidises part of WDC's costs in maintaining the local road infrastructure. The subsidies are recognised as revenue upon entitlement as conditions pertaining to eligible expenditure have been fulfilled.

Vested Assets

Where a physical asset is acquired for nil or nominal consideration, the fair value of the asset received is recognised as revenue. Assets vested in WDC are recognised as revenue when control over the asset is obtained.

Provision of services

Non-exchange revenue from the rendering of services consists of services in activities where Council subsidise the activity. Such revenue is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at balance date based on the actual service provided as a percentage of the total service to be provided only when there are conditions attached that require the funds to be returned if performance does not occur. Where no conditions are attached revenue is recognised when receivable.

Construction Contracts Revenue on construction contracts is recognised progressively over the period of each contract. The amount included in the statement of financial performance, and the value of the contract work in progress are established by assessment of the individual contracts taking into account the proportion of work completed, cost analysis and estimated final results.

When the contract income cannot be reliably measured, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised which are recoverable.

Revenue from exchange transactions

Revenue from Water by Meter

Water billing revenue is recognised on an accrual basis. Unbilled usage as a result of unread meters at year end is accrued on an average usage basis.

Provision of services

Revenue from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at balance date, based on the actual service provided as a percentage of the total services to be provided.

Sale of Goods

Sales of goods are recognised when a product is sold to the customer.

Income Tax

Income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities based on the current period's taxable income. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantially enacted by balance date.

Deferred income tax is provided on all temporary differences at the balance date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences except when the deferred income tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor the taxable profit or loss.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carry-forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arose from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor the taxable profit or loss.

Current and deferred tax is charged or credited to the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the tax is charged or credited directly to equity.

Leases

Operating lease

An operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset. Lease payments under an operating lease are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Cash or Cash Equivalents

Cash or cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits, and other short-term, highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less.

Trade and Other Receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less an allowance for any uncollectable amounts.

An allowance for uncollectable receivables is established when there is objective evidence that WDC will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (on a first-in-first-out basis) or net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

Financial Assets

WDC classifies its financial assets into the three categories as detailed under A, B and C below. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired.

Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition and re-evaluates this classification at each reporting date.

Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs unless they are carried at fair

value through profit and loss in which case the transaction costs are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which WDC commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and WDC has transferred substantially the risks and rewards of ownership.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on the quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. The quoted price used is the current bid price.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. WDC uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each balance date. Other techniques, such as estimated discounted cash flows, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

A. Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

This category has two sub categories: financial assets held for trading, and those designated at fair value through profit and loss at inception. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term or if so designated by management. Included in this category are short-term investments, which are valued at fair value.

Assets in this category are classified as current assets if they are either held for trading or are expected to be realised within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

After initial recognition they are measured at their fair values. Gains or losses on re-measurement are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Council has classified its investments as financial assets at fair value through profit and loss. The portfolio includes investments in local authority and Government stock, registered bank bills and bonds, and corporate stocks and bonds. The reason for the classification is that the investments were acquired for the purpose of selling and trading in the near term, and they are part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a pattern of short-term profit-taking. In addition, there is a quoted market price in an active market where fair value can be reliably measured.

B. Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Included in this category are sinking funds that are valued at amortised cost. Community loans are included at amortised cost.

Gains and losses when the asset is impaired or derecognised are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

C. Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated as available for sale or not designated in any of the other categories. Available-for-sale financial assets are held at fair value with gains or losses recognised directly in equity with the exception of impairment losses that are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. In the event of impairment, any cumulative losses previously recognised in equity, will be removed from equity and recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense, even though the asset has not been derecognised.

Impairment of Financial Assets

At each balance date WDC assesses whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. Any impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and

Expense.

Loans and other receivables

Impairment of a loan or receivable is established when there is objective evidence that WDC will not be able to collect amounts due according to the original terms. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor/issuer, probability that the debtor/issuer will enter into bankruptcy, and default in payments are considered indicators that the asset is impaired. The amount of the impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted using the original effective interest rate. For trade and other receivables, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of a doubtful debt account, and the amount of the loss is recognised in the statement of financial performance. When the receivable is uncollectible, it is written-off against the debtor account. Overdue receivables that have been renegotiated are reclassified as current (i.e. not past due). For term deposits, local authority stock, Government stock and community loans, impairment losses are recognised directly against the instruments carrying amount. Impairment is established when there is objective evidence that WDC will not be able to collect amounts due to the original terms of the instrument. Significant financial difficulties of the issuer, probability the issuer will enter into bankruptcy, and default in payments are considered indicators that the instrument is impaired.

Quoted and unquoted equity investments

A significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the investment below its cost is considered an indicator of impairment. If such evidence exists the cumulative loss is removed from equity and recognised in the statement of financial performance. Impairment losses recognised in the statement of financial performance are not reversed through the statement of financial performance.

Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings on an effective interest basis.

Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale and stated at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use.

An impairment loss is recognised for any write down of the asset to fair value less costs to sell. A gain is recognised for any subsequent increases in fair value less costs to sell, but not in excess of any cumulative impairment loss previously recognised.

Non-current assets held for sale are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale. Interest and other expenses attributable to the liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale continue to be recognised.

Property, Plant & Equipment

Property, plant and equipment consists of:

Operational assets – these include land, buildings, library books, plant and equipment and motor vehicles.

Restricted assets – restricted assets are parks and reserves owned by WDC that provide a benefit or service to the community and cannot be disposed of because of legal or other restrictions.

Infrastructure assets – infrastructure assets are the fixed utility systems owned by WDC. Each asset class includes all items that are required for the network to function; for example, sewer reticulation includes reticulation piping and sewer pump stations.

Property, plant and equipment is shown at cost or valuation, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Additions

Additions of an item of property, plant and equipment are recognised at cost. Where an asset is acquired at no cost, or for a nominal cost, it is recognised at fair value as at the date of acquisition.

Disposals

Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount of the asset. Gains and losses on disposal are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. When re-valued assets are sold, the amounts included in asset revaluation reserves in respect of those assets are transferred to retained earnings.

Subsequent costs

Costs incurred subsequent to initial acquisition are capitalised only when it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to WDC and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis on all property, plant and equipment for WDC other than land, at rates that will write-off the cost (or valuation) of the assets to their estimated residual values over their useful lives. Our subsidiary company QRS Ltd. uses the diminishing value basis for depreciating plant, equipment and motor vehicles, office equipment and furniture, and computer hardware.

The useful lives and associated depreciation rates of major assets have been estimated as follows:

Property, Plant and Equipment

| Estimated Life | Years |
|--|-------|
| Quarries | 30–40 |
| Buildings | 30–40 |
| Other improvements | 10–50 |
| Plant, Equipment and Vehicles | 4–10 |
| Library Collection | 2–10 |
| Office Equipment, Furniture and Fittings | 5–10 |
| Computer Equipment | 4–5 |

| SEWERAGE | Life years | STORMWATER | Life years |
|---|---|--|---|
| Structures Oxidation ponds Pipes Manholes Pumps Plant Resource consents | 50 40 80-100 100 10-15 10-15 25 | Reticulation piping Culverts Manholes/sumps Open drains | 50-100 50-100 50-100 Not depreciated |
| WATER SUPPLY | Life years | ROADS | Life years |
| Structures Pumps | 50 15-20 | Top surface (seal) Basecourse (sealed roads) Basecoures (unsealed roads) | 13 60 Not depreciated |
| | | Page - 110 | |

Reticulation piping 60-100 Formation Not depreciated Meters 20 **Bridges** 20-80 Life years **ROADS WATER SUPPLY** Life years 15-40 **Hydrants** 40 **Footpaths** Resource consents 20-25 Kerbs 50 Reservoirs 80 Streetlights (poles) 50

Application of the estimated useful economic lives of assets is subject to change depending on the individual circumstances of the asset, particularly when assets are revalued and the valuers provide an annual depreciation figure.

The residual value and useful life of an asset is reviewed, and adjusted if applicable, at each financial year-end.

Revaluation

Those assets classes that are revalued are valued on a three-yearly valuation cycle on the basis described below. All other asset classes are carried at depreciated historical cost. The carrying values of revalued items are reviewed at each balance date to ensure that those values are not materially different to fair value. If there is a material difference then a revaluation is performed.

Increases in asset carrying amounts due to revaluation increase revaluation reserves in equity. Decreases in asset carrying amount decrease revaluation reserves in equity only to the extent that the class of asset has sufficient reserves to absorb the reduction. All other decreases are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. If a revaluation increase reverses a decrease previously recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense, the increase is recognised first in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense to reverse any previous reduction.

Operational Land and Buildings

Operational land and buildings were valued at fair value effective from 30 June 2005. WDC has elected to use the fair value of operational land and buildings as at 30 June 2005 as deemed cost. Operational land and buildings are no longer re-valued.

Restricted Land and Buildings

Restricted land and buildings were valued at fair value effective from 30 June 2005. WDC has elected to use the fair value of restricted land and buildings as at 30 June 2005 as deemed cost. Restricted land and buildings are no longer revalued.

Infrastructure Asset Classes: roads, water reticulation, sewerage reticulation and stormwater systems

Infrastructure assets are carried at fair value on a depreciated replacement cost basis as assessed by an independent valuer. At balance date WDC assesses the carrying values of its infrastructure assets to ensure that they do not differ materially from the assets' fair value. If there is a material difference, then the off-cycle asset classes are revalued. Any additions since valuation are carried at depreciated cost.

Land under Roads

Land under roads was valued on the basis of fair value of adjacent land as at 30 June 2005. WDC has elected to use the fair value of land under roads as at 30 June 2005 as deemed cost.

Intangible Assets

Software acquisition and development – acquired computer software licenses – are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software.

Costs associated with maintaining computer software are recognised as an expense when incurred. Costs that are directly associated with the development of software for internal use by WDC are recognised as an intangible asset. Direct costs include software development employee costs and an appropriate portion of relevant overheads.

Amortisation

The carrying value of an intangible asset with a finite life is amortised on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Amortisation begins when the asset is available for use, and ceases at the date that the asset is derecognised. The amortisation charge for each period is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The useful lives and associated amortisation rates of major classes of intangible assets have been estimated as follows:

Computer software 3 years 33%

Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life, or are not yet available for use, are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that have a finite useful life are reviewed for indicators of impairment at each balance date. When there is an indicator of impairment the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is depreciated replacement cost for an asset where the future economic benefits or service potential of the asset are not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate net cash flows and where the entity would, if deprived of the asset, replace its remaining future economic benefits or service potential.

The value in use for cash-generating assets and cash-generating units is the present value of expected future cash flows.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. For re-valued assets the impairment loss is recognised against the revaluation reserve for that class of asset. Where that results in a debit balance in the revaluation reserve, the balance is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

For assets not carried at a revalued amount, the total impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The reversal of an impairment loss on a revalued asset is credited to the revaluation reserve. However, to the extent that an impairment loss for that class of asset was previously recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense, a reversal of the impairment loss is also recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

For assets not carried at a revalued amount, the reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Forestry Assets

Forestry assets are independently valued annually at fair value less estimated costs to sell for one growth cycle. Fair value is determined based on the present value of expected net cash flows discounted at a current market determined pre-tax rate. This calculation is based on existing sustainable felling plans and assessments regarding growth, timber prices, felling costs and silvicultural costs and taking into consideration environmental, operational and market restrictions.

Gains or losses arising on the initial recognition of biological assets at fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs and from a change in fair value less estimated point-of-sale costs are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. The costs to maintain forestry assets are included in the Statement of Revenue and Expense.

Investment Property

Properties leased to third parties under operating leases are classified as investment property unless the property is held to meet service delivery objectives, rather than to earn rentals or for capital appreciation. Investment property is measured initially at its cost including transaction costs.

After initial recognition, WDC measures all investment property at fair value as determined annually by an independent valuer. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair values of investment properties are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Investment properties are derecognised when they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future benefit is expected from its disposal.

Any gains or losses on derecognition of an investment property are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the year of derecognition.

Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that have a finite life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

For a revalued asset, the impairment loss is recognised in the revaluation reserve for that class of asset. For an asset carried at cost, the impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at their fair value net of transaction costs incurred. After initial recognition, all borrowings are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless WDC has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

Employee Benefits

Short-term benefits

Employee benefits which WDC expects to be settled within 12 months of balance date are measured at nominal values based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay.

These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned, but not yet taken at balance date, retiring and long service leave entitlements expected to be settled within 12 months and sick leave.

WDC recognises a liability for sick leave based on entitlements accrued at balance date, which WDC expects employees to use in future periods. The amount is calculated based on the unused sick leave entitlement that can be carried forward at balance date, to the extent that WDC anticipates it will be used by staff to cover for future absences.

Long-term employee entitlements

Entitlements that are payable beyond 12 months, such as long service leave and retiring leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis. The calculations are based on:

- likely future entitlements accruing to staff, based upon years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that staff will reach the point of entitlement and contractual entitlement information
- the present value of the estimated future cash flows.

The discount rate is based upon the weighted average of interest rates for Government stock with terms to maturity similar to those of the relevant liabilities. The inflation factor is based upon the expected long-term increase in remuneration for employees.



Superannuation

Defined Contribution Pension Plan obligations are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense as incurred.

Provisions

WDC recognises a provision for future expenditure of uncertain amount or timing when there is a present obligation (either legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that expenditure will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the obligation. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as an interest expense.

Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they occur.

Equity

Equity is the community's interest in WDC and is measured as the difference between total assets and total liabilities. Equity is disaggregated and classified into a number of reserves.

The components of the reserves are:

- · retained earnings
- · restricted reserves
- property plant and equipment reserves
- fair value through equity reserves.

Restricted & Council-created Reserves

Restricted reserves are a component of equity generally representing a particular use to which various parts of equity have been assigned. Reserves may be legally restricted or created by WDC.

Restricted reserves are those subject to specific conditions accepted as binding by WDC and which may not be revised by WDC without reference to the courts or a third party. Transfers from these reserves may be made only for certain specified purposes or when certain specified conditions are met.

Also included in restricted reserves are reserves restricted by Council decision. Council may alter them without references to any third party or the courts. Transfers to or from these reserves are at the discretion of Council.

Goods and Services Tax (GST)

All amounts in the financial statements are exclusive of GST, with the exception of receivables and payables that are stated at GST-inclusive amounts. When GST is not recoverable as an input tax then it is recognised as part of the related asset or expense.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to the Inland Revenue Department (IRD), is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position. The net GST paid to or received from the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as operating cash flow in the statement of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

Overhead Cost Allocation

WDC has derived the cost of service for each significant activity using cost allocation systems outlined below.

Direct costs are those costs directly attributable to a significant activity. Indirect costs are those costs, which cannot be identified in an economically feasible manner, with a specific activity.

Direct costs are charged directly to significant activities. Indirect costs are charged to significant activities using appropriate cost drivers such as actual usage, staff numbers and floor area.

Critical Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying WDC's accounting policies for the period ended 30 June 2017:

Changes in Accounting Policies

The accounting policies are now in accordance with Tier 2 PBE accounting standards. Prior to 1 July 2014, Council financial statements were prepared in accordance with NZ IFRS accounting policies.



POLICY ON REPLACEMENT OF ASSETS

Compliance with Local Government Act 2002

The following policy was consulted on in 1999 and reconfirmed on 30 August 2006.

Depreciation:

The Local Government Act 2002 requires all territorial local authorities to fund the loss of service potential (i.e. depreciation). WDC has reviewed its assets and advises that the following assets will be depreciated but not funded for replacement.

- 1. Community halls and buildings on reserves
- 2. Community Centre
- 3. Ruakituri and Tuai fire appliances
- 4. subsidised portion of roading
- staff housing
- 6. camping ground
- 7. Loan-funded assets including the Māhia wastewater system and the Ōpoutama sewerage system.

The above assets will be maintained on an ongoing basis at a level that meets the needs of the community. Where appropriate Council will cover each asset with insurance cover for fire, earthquake and natural catastrophe.

The effects of this decision are that:

- 1. The current assets will be available for many years to come.
- 2. Once an asset reaches the point where it is considered unsafe to use then that asset will be removed. Any decision to provide a replacement service will be considered as a new service at that time and will be the subject of consultation.
- 3. Should any asset under this policy be the subject of an insurance claim then, prior to reinstatement, Council will decide whether reinstatement of the asset should proceed or whether the service should be discontinued at the time of loss.
- 4. By not funding loss of service potential (depreciation) there is a reduction in rates payable by the present ratepayers.

This reduction is as listed below.

Depreciation not funded:

| | 2,635,728 |
|---|-----------|
| and Opoutama sewerage systems | |
| Loan Funded Assets including the Mahia wastewater | 502,929 |
| Community Centre | 400,820 |
| LTNZ Portion Subsidised Roading | 1,695,458 |
| Camping Ground | 8,658 |
| Ruatituri and Tuai Fire Appliances | 17,752 |
| Housing | 4,421 |
| Community Halls | 5,690 |
| · | |

Financial Prudence Benchmarks

Annual plan disclosure statement for year ending 30 June 2017

The purpose of this statement is to disclose the council's planned financial performance in relation to various benchmarks to enable the assessment of whether the council is prudently managing its revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities, and general financial dealings.

The council is required to include this statement in its annual plan in accordance with the Local Government (Financial Reporting and Prudence) Regulations 2014 (the **regulations**). Please refer to the regulations for more information, including definitions of some of the terms used in this statement.

| Benchmark | | Planned | Met |
|-------------------------------|---|---------|-----|
| Rates affordability benchmark | | | Yes |
| • income | 60% of total income | 47% | Yes |
| • increases | LGCI plus 3.5% | 1.6% | Yes |
| Debt affordability benchmark | Net debt less than 100% of total revenue | -37% | Yes |
| Balanced budget benchmark | 100% | 87% | No |
| Essential services benchmark | 100% | 256% | Yes |
| Debt servicing benchmark | Debt Servicing less than 10% of total revenue | 3.3% | Yes |

Notes:

1 Rates affordability benchmark

- (1) For this benchmark,
 - (a) the council's planned rates income for the year is compared with 60% of total income on rates contained in the financial strategy included in the council's long-term plan; and
 - (b) the council's planned rates increases for the year are compared with LGCI plus 3.5% on rates increases for the year contained in the financial strategy included in the council's long-term plan.
- (2) The council meets the rates affordability benchmark if—
 - (a) its planned rates income for the year equals or is less than each quantified limit on rates; and
 - (b) its planned rates increases for the year equal or are less than each quantified limit on rates increases.

2 Debt affordability benchmark

- (1) For this benchmark, the council's planned borrowing is compared with net debt less than 100% of total revenue on borrowing contained in the financial strategy included in the council's long-term plan.
- (2) The council meets the debt affordability benchmark if its planned borrowing is within each quantified limit on borrowing.

3 Balanced budget benchmark

- (1) For this benchmark, the council's planned revenue (excluding development contributions, vested assets, financial contributions, gains on derivative financial instruments, and revaluations of property, plant, or equipment) is presented as a proportion of its planned operating expenses (excluding losses on derivative financial instruments and revaluations of property, plant, or equipment).
- (2) The council meets the balanced budget benchmark if its revenue equals or is greater than its operating expenses.

4 Essential services benchmark

- (1) For this benchmark, the council's planned capital expenditure on network services is presented as a proportion of expected depreciation on network services.
- (2) The council meets the essential services benchmark if its planned capital expenditure on network services equals or is greater than expected depreciation on network services.

5 Debt servicing benchmark

- (1) For this benchmark, the council's planned borrowing costs are presented as a proportion of planned revenue (excluding development contributions, financial contributions, vested assets, gains on derivative financial instruments, and revaluations of property, plant, or equipment).
- (2) Because Statistics New Zealand projects that the council's population will grow slower than the national population growth rate, it meets the debt servicing benchmark if its planned borrowing costs equal or are less than 10% of its planned revenue.



FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT

Council commissioned a legal review of its Funding Impact Statement. Following receipt of this advice, Council has decided to change some aspects of the Funding Impact Statement to ensure the Funding Impact Statement, and the rates set in accordance with the Funding Impact Statement, comply with the Local Government (Rating) Act 2002 and the Local Government Act 2002.

Various sections of the Local Government (Rating) Act 2002 ("Rating Act") and the Local Government Act 2002 that the Council sets its rates under require particular information to be identified in Council's Funding Impact Statement. This includes the following:

- The basis for setting the general rate i.e. land, annual or capital value (Rating Act, section 13).
- Any category or categories that will be used for setting the general rate differentially (Rating Act, section 14).
- The activity or activities for which a targeted rate will be set (Rating Act, section 16).
- The category or categories that will be used to establish rateable land for a targeted rate (Rating Act, section 17).
- For each category, any factor that will be used to calculate liability for a targeted rate (Rating Act, section 18).
- The Council's intention to set a targeted rate for the quantity of water supplied (Rating Act, section 19).
- If the targeted rate is set differentially the total revenue sought from each category of rateable land or the relationship between the rates set on rateable land for each category (Local Government Act 2002, Sch 10, cl 20(4)(d)).
- Whether lump sum contributions will be invited in respect of the targeted rate (Local Government Act 2002, Sch 10, cl 20(4)(e)).
- Examples of the impact of the general rate and targeted rate rating proposals on the rates assessed on different
 categories of rateable land with a range of property values for the first year of the plan (Local Government Act
 2002, Sch 10, cl 20(5)).

The total rates requirement included in the plan is \$11,357,654 (exclusive of doubtful debts and GST, and water supplied by meter), which represents an increase of \$185,334 from the 2015-2016 Long Term Plan.

DIFFERENTIAL RATING FACTORS

The Local Government (Rating) Act 2002 authorises the concept of rates being charged at different rates in the dollar for different categories of rateable land. The categories must be defined using the factors in Schedule 2 of the Act.

Council uses the authorisation to set rates on a differential basis to recognise the different rateable value of land, the uses of land within the district, and the differing provision and consumption of Council services relative to other categories of ratepayers in the district.

Council operates different cost centres for the urban and rural differential categories, so the base differential factor for the urban and rural differential categories may be different.

The Wairoa District Council will use the differential categories set out below in the period 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017 for the purposes of setting the general rate and the roading, recreation and services targeted rates: -

Urban differential categories

NOTE THIS SECTION IS BEING UPDATED AND WILL BE INCLUDED ONCE COMPLETED

PROSPECTIVE FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT

For the year ending 30th June 2017

| BUDGET 2015/16 | | BUDGET 2016/17 | PER LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Sources of Operating Funding | | | |
| 3,392,028 | | 3,864,716 | 3,620,798 | 243,918 |
| 9 115 462 | Targeted rates (other than a targeted rate for water supply) | 7,821,412 | 8,457,601 | (636,189) |
| | Subsidies and grants for operating purposes | 4,415,942 | 4,984,496 | (568,554) |
| | Fees charges and targeted rates for water | | | |
| 3,221,535 | | 3,063,850 | 3,362,301 | (298,451) |
| 1,251,428 | Interest and Dividends from Investments Local authorities fuel tax, fines, infringement | 945,725 | 1,129,997 | (184,272) |
| 65,000 | fees, and other receipts | 66,625 | 66,625 | - |
| 21 201 612 | Total Operating Funding | 20,178,270 | 21,621,818 | (1,443,548) |
| 21,201,012 | _ rotal operating running | 20,170,270 | 21,021,010 | (1,443,340) |
| | Applications of Operating Funding | | | |
| 19,343,937 | Payments to staff and suppliers | 18,495,133 | 19,417,453 | (922,321) |
| 473,078 | Finance costs | 493,304 | 566,926 | (73,622) |
| 2 | Other operating funding applications | - | (3) | 3 |
| 10 817 017 | Total applications of operating funding | 18,988,437 | 19,984,376 | (995,940) |
| 19,817,017 | _ rotal applications of operating funding | 18,388,437 | 19,904,370 | (993,940) |
| 1,384,595 | Surplus (Deficit) of operating funding | 1,189,834 | 1,637,442 | (447,608) |
| | | | | |
| | Sources of capital funding | | | |
| 5,728,000 | Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure | 5,240,478 | 5,726,913 | (486,435) |
| - | Development and financial contributions | - | - | - |
| | Increase (decrease) in debt | 3,221,672 | 1,571,140 | 1,650,532 |
| 70,000 | Gross proceeds from sale of assets | 20,000 | 30,000 | (10,000) |
| _ | Lump sum contributions | - | - | - |
| 6,348,000 | Total sources of capital funding | 8,482,150 | 7,328,053 | 1,154,097 |
| | Application of capital funding | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Capital expenditure | | | |
| 2 116 000 | - to meet additional demand | 4 027 266 | - 2 171 002 | - 2 765 294 |
| 2,116,000 8 520 515 | to improve the level of serviceto replace existing assets | 4,937,366 8,265,632 | 2,171,982 9,586,595 | 2,765,384 (1,320,963) |
| | Increase (Decrease) in reserves | (3,531,015) | (2,793,082) | (737,933) |
| | Increase (Decrease) of investments | - | - | - |
| 7,732,595 | Total application of capital funding | 9,671,984 | 8,965,495 | 706,488 |
| (1,384,595) | Surplus (Deficit) of capital funding | (1,189,834) | (1,637,442) | 447,609 |
| | Funding Balance | | - | |
| 4,844,184 | Group depreciation and amortisation | 4,732,153 | 4,903,410 | (171,257) |

PROSPECTIVE RECONCILIATION BETWEEN THE SURPLUS IN THE PROSPECTIVE REVENUE STATEMENT AND SURPLUS (DEFICIT) OF OPERATING FUNDING IN THE FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT For the year ending 30th June 2017

| BUDGET 2015/16 | Reconciliation of Revenue | BUDGET 2016/17 | PER LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|-------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| | Sources of operating funding | | | |
| 21,201,609 | Total operating funding as per Funding Impact Statement | 20,178,271 | 21,621,818 | (1,443,547) |
| | Add sources of capital funding: | | | |
| 5,728,000 | Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure | 5,240,477 | 5,726,913 | (486,436) |
| - | Development and financial contributions | - | - | - |
| - | Lump sum contributions | _ | - | - |
| (172,466) | Consolidated Internal Interest | | (180,501) | 180,501 |
| (365,692) | Consolidated Internal Rents | | (332,580) | 332,580 |
| 26,391,451 | | 25,418,748 | 26,835,650 | (1,416,902) |
| _ | As per Prospective Statement of Comprehensive | | | |
| 26,391,451 | Revenue - Total Operating Revenue | 25,418,748 | 26,835,650 | (1,416,902) |
| - | | - | - | - |
| | Reconciliation of Expenditure | | | |
| | Applications of operating funding | | | |
| | Total applications of operating funding as per Funding | | | |
| 19,817,015 | Impact Statement | 18,988,437 | 19,984,364 | (995,928) |
| 4,844,184 | Add depreciation and amortisation expense | 4,732,153 | 4,903,410 | (171,257) |
| (225,874) | Less capital funding not through Income Statement | (206,953) | (264,043) | 57,090 |
| (172,466) | Consolidated Internal Interest | | (180,501) | 180,501 |
| (365,692) | Consolidated Internal Rents | | (332,580) | 332,580 |
| 23,897,167 | | 23,513,637 | 24,110,650 | (597,014) |
| 23.897.167 | As per Prospective Statement of Comprehensive Revenue - Total Operating Expenditure | 23,513,637 | 24,110,650 | (597,013) |
| | | -,, | , -, | 1// |

PROSPECTIVE RECONCILIATION BETWEEN THE SURPLUS IN THE PROSPECTIVE REVENUE STATEMENT AND SURPLUS (DEFICIT) OF OPERATING FUNDING IN THE FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT For the year ending 30th June 2017

| BUDGET 2015/16 | | BUDGET 2016/17 | PER LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|-------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| | Reconciliation of Total Comprehensive Revenue | | | |
| 1,384,594 | Surplus / (Deficit) of operating funding from funding impact statement | 1,189,835 | 1,637,442 | (447,607) |
| 5,728,000 | Add subsidies and grants for capital expenditure | 5,240,477 | 5,726,925 | (486,448) |
| - | Add development and financial contributions | - | - | - |
| (4,844,184) | Add depreciation and amortisation expense | (4,732,154) | (4,903,410) | 171,256 |
| 225,874 | Add capital funding not through Income Statement | 206,953 | 264,043 | (57,090) |
| | | | | |
| 2 404 284 | Net Surplus before taxation in Prospective Revenue Statement | 1,905,111 | 2,725,000 | (819,889) |
| 2,494,204 | | 1,503,111 | 2,723,000 | (613,663) |

PROSPECTIVE FUNDING IMPACT STATEMENT

For the year ending 30th June 2017

| BUDGET 2015/16 | | BUDGET 2016/17 | PER LTP 2016/17 | VARIANCE |
|-------------------|---|-------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| | Rates Revenue | | | |
| 227,959 | General Rate | 231,572 | 239,269 | (7,697) |
| | Uniform Annual General charge | 2,828,196 | 2,922,197 | (94,001) |
| 796,076 | _Uniform Annual Charge - waste management | 808,693 | 835,572 | (26,878) |
| 3,808,106 | | 3,868,461 | 3,997,037 | (128,576) |
| | Targeted Rates | | | |
| 942,679 | Water Supply | 957,620 | 989,448 | (31,828) |
| 1,404,808 | Sewerage | 1,427,073 | 1,474,505 | (47,432) |
| - | Refuse Collection | - | - | |
| 291,875 | Drainage | 296,501 | 306,356 | (9,855) |
| 688,557 | Services | 699,470 | 722,719 | (23,248) |
| 3,555,701 | Roading | 3,612,056 | 3,732,109 | (120,054) |
| - | Stormwater/Drainage | - | - | - |
| 815,763 | Recreation | 828,692 | 856,235 | (27,543) |
| 7,699,384 | | 7,821,412 | 8,081,372 | (259,960) |
| | | | | |
| | Other Revenue | | | |
| 10,884,159 | Subsidies | 9,656,420 | 10,711,409 | (1,054,989) |
| 65,000 | Petrol Tax | 66,625 | 66,625 | - |
| 3,049,066 | Fees and Charges | 3,063,850 | 3,181,814 | (117,964) |
| 885,736 | _Investment Income | 945,725 | 797,393 | 148,332 |
| 14,883,961 | | 13,732,620 | 14,757,241 | (1,024,621) |
| | _ | | | |
| 26,391,451 | Total Operating Income | 25,422,493 | 26,835,650 | (1,413,157) |
| | | | | |
| 550,000 | Loans Raised | - | 1,703,672 | (1,703,672) |
| - | Asset Sales | 20,000 | - | 20,000 |
| | _Sale of Investments | - | | |
| 26,941,451 | | 25,442,493 | 28,539,322 | (3,096,829) |

Note: GST Exclusive

NOTE THIS SECTION IS BEING UPDATED AND WILL BE INCLUDED ONCE COMPLETED



OFFICIAL INFORMATION

Wairoa District Council, PO Box 54, Coronation Square, Wairoa 4160 Phone (06) 838 7309 Fax (06) 838 8874 email: info@wairoadc.govt.nz

DOCUMENTS HELD BY COUNCIL

Council holds a variety of documents spread between its departments. All requests for official information in the first instance should be addressed to:

Corporate Services Manager Wairoa District Council PO Box 54 Wairoa 4160

POLICY MANUALS/DOCUMENTS

The following documents contain policies, principles, rules or guidelines under which Council makes recommendations and decisions:

District Plan

Wairoa District Operative District Plan.

Local Government Act 2002 and Amendments

This Act sets out the powers and functions of regional Councils and territorial local authorities.

Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987

This Act sets out the regulations relating to Official Information and Meeting Procedures for Local Bodies.

Long-term Plan 2015-2025

Wairoa District Policies

Civil Defence Plan

The Civil Defence Plan is a management plan for civil defence emergencies within the community. It is designed to minimise the effect of a major disaster on the population and to restore normal services back to the community as soon as possible.

Rural Fire Plan

The Rural Fire Plan is a management plan for rural fire emergencies within the community. It is designed to provide the necessary procedures and co-ordination to effectively respond and deal with fires in the rural area of the district.

Standing Orders (NZS 9202 - 2001)

Rules of conduct and standards for debate at meetings of Council.

Wairoa District Council Consolidated Bylaw

Asset Management Plans

COUNCIL DIRECTORY AS AT 30 JUNE 2016

EXECUTIVE STAFF

Chief Executive Officer F. Power
Corporate Services Manager J. Baty
Engineering Manager J. Cox

Chief Operating Officer H. Montgomery

Chief Financial Officer A. Morton

POSTAL ADDRESS PO Box 54

Wairoa 4160

LOCATION Coronation Square

97-103 Queen Street

Wairoa 4108

TELEPHONE (06) 838 7309

FACSIMILE (06) 838 8874

EMAIL info@wairoadc.govt.nz

WEBSITE www.wairoadc.govt.nz

AUDITORS Ernst & Young

PO Box 490, Wellington 6140

On behalf of the Auditor-

General

BANKERS Westpac Banking Corporation

Marine Parade, Wairoa 4108

SOLICITORS

I. R. McDonald Robinson Lawson Simpson Grierson
Barristers & Solicitors Barristers & Solicitors Commercial Law

Locke Street, Wairoa 4108 PO Box 45, Napier 4140 PO Box 2402, Wellington 6140

INSURANCE BROKERS Jardine Lloyd Thompson Ltd

PO Box 11-145, Wellington

6142

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FEES & CHARGES AS AT 30 JUNE 2016

| CHARGE DESCRIPTION | Incl GST |
|--------------------|----------|
|--------------------|----------|

| CORPORATE SERVICES | |
|--|---------------------|
| Corporate Services Charges | |
| Motor Vehicle Use Charge (Per KM) Across All Council Activities | \$0.80 |
| Provision Of Information (First Hour No Charge) For Each Half Hour Or Part Thereof (Deposit May Be Required) | \$38.00 |
| Access To Archives (First Hour No Charge) For Each Half Hour Or Part Thereof (Deposit May Be Required) | \$38.00 |
| Photocopying (Black & White) A4 Single Sided | \$0.20 |
| Photocopying (Black & White) A4 Double Sided | \$0.40 |
| Photocopying (Black & White) A3 Single Sided | \$0.30 |
| Photocopying (Black & White) A3 Double Sided | \$0.60 |
| Photocopying (Colour) A4 Single Sided | \$0.50 |
| Photocopying (Colour) A4 Double Sided | \$1.00 |
| Photocopying (Colour) A3 Single Sided | \$1.00 |
| Photocopying (Colour) A3 Double Sided | \$2.00 |
| Corporate Services Staff Labour Senior Corporate Services Staff (Per Hour) Other Corporate Services Staff (Per Hour) | \$130.00 \$90.00 |
| Community Halls | |
| Wairoa Memorial Hall - Refer Combined Services Clubs Inc | |
| Tuai Hall - Refer Tuai Hall Committee | |
| Library Lost Book Charges As Per Purchase Cost Of Item Plus \$5.00 Administration Fee | |
| Sundry Income Lost Cards (Per Replacement) | \$2.00 |
| Overdues | Ş2.00 |
| Official | |

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| CHARGE DESCRIPTION | Incl GST |
|---|----------|
| Administration Fee Per Letter Sent | \$2.00 |
| Phone Message/Text Message/Email Message | \$0.50 |
| Per Day Per Book For Adult Books | \$0.10 |
| Per Day Per Book For Children's Books | \$0.10 |
| Photocopy | |
| Photocopying (Black & White) A4 Single Sided | \$0.20 |
| Photocopying (Black & White) A4 Double Sided | \$0.40 |
| Photocopying (Black & White) A3 Single Sided | \$0.30 |
| Photocopying (Black & White) A3 Double Sided | \$0.60 |
| Photocopying (Colour) A4 Single Sided | \$0.50 |
| Photocopying (Colour) A4 Double Sided | \$1.00 |
| Photocopying (Colour) A3 Single Sided | \$1.00 |
| Photocopying (Colour) A3 Double Sided | \$2.00 |
| User Charges | |
| Bestseller Collection (Charge Varies Depending On Book) | |
| Per 10 Days For Books - A Format | \$3.00 |
| Per 10 Days For Books - B Format | \$4.00 |
| Per Week For Magazines | \$1.00 |
| Per Day For Overdue Books | \$1.00 |
| Per Day For Overdue Magazines | \$0.50 |
| Reserve System | |
| Per General Collection Reserve | \$1.00 |
| Per Reserve On A Bestseller | \$2.00 |
| | |
| | |
| Council Property | |
| Commercial Property – All Rentals/Leases Determined By Market Valuation | |
| Housing – Staff – Rentals Determined By Market Valuation | |
| Housing Community Category 1 – Bedsit (Per Week) | \$45.00 |
| Housing Community Category 2 – Single Unit (Per Week) | \$60.00 |
| Housing Community Category 3 – Double Unit (Per Week) | \$80.00 |

CHARGE DESCRIPTION Incl GST

| FINANCE | |
|--|----------|
| Rating Information | |
| Title Search | \$30.00 |
| Copies Of Roll (Per 1000) | \$125.00 |
| Geographic Information Services | |
| Plotter Printing Costs | |
| Basic Cover Prints (Text Or Line Drawings) Normal Weight Paper A1 | \$23.00 |
| Basic Cover Prints (Text Or Line Drawings) Normal Weight Paper A2 | \$15.30 |
| Basic Cover Prints (Text Or Line Drawings) Normal Weight Paper A3 | \$11.80 |
| Basic Cover Prints (Text Or Line Drawings) Normal Weight Paper A4 | \$7.70 |
| Basic Cover Prints (Text Or Line Drawings) Heavy Weight Paper A1 | \$25.90 |
| Basic Cover Prints (Text Or Line Drawings) Heavy Weight Paper A2 | \$23.00 |
| Basic Cover Prints (Text Or Line Drawings) Heavy Weight Paper A3 | \$15.30 |
| Basic Cover Prints (Text Or Line Drawings) Heavy Weight Paper A4 | \$11.80 |
| Basic Cover Prints (Text Or Line Drawings) Photo Quality Paper A1 | \$46.00 |
| Basic Cover Prints (Text Or Line Drawings) Photo Quality Paper A2 | \$30.70 |
| Basic Cover Prints (Text Or Line Drawings) Photo Quality Paper A3 | \$23.00 |
| Basic Cover Prints (Text Or Line Drawings) Photo Quality Paper A4 | \$13.80 |
| Full Cover Prints (Photography Or Graphics) Normal Weight Paper A1 | \$30.70 |
| Full Cover Prints (Photography Or Graphics) Normal Weight Paper A2 | \$23.00 |
| Full Cover Prints (Photography Or Graphics) Normal Weight Paper A3 | \$15.30 |
| Full Cover Prints (Photography Or Graphics) Normal Weight Paper A4 | \$11.80 |
| Full Cover Prints (Photography Or Graphics) Heavy Weight Paper A1 | \$46.00 |
| Full Cover Prints (Photography Or Graphics) Heavy Weight Paper A2 | \$30.70 |
| Full Cover Prints (Photography Or Graphics) Heavy Weight Paper A3 | \$23.00 |
| Full Cover Prints (Photography Or Graphics) Heavy Weight Paper A4 | \$13.80 |
| Full Cover Prints (Photography Or Graphics) Photo Quality Paper A1 | \$61.30 |
| Full Cover Prints (Photography Or Graphics) Photo Quality Paper A2 | \$46.00 |
| | |

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| CHARGE DESCRIPTION | Incl GST |
|--|----------|
| Full Cover Prints (Photography Or Graphics) Photo Quality Paper A3 | \$30.70 |
| Full Cover Prints (Photography Or Graphics) Photo Quality Paper A4 | \$23.00 |
| Geographic Information Service Staff Labour | |
| GIS Staff (Per Hour) (First ¼ Hour No Charge) | \$86.90 |

Special Map Request Charges

Specialised maps are those which require new layers to be added to the GIS, analysis work and/or specialised printing techniques to be used. In addition to printing charges outlined above, charges are based on actual time to the nearest ½ hour plus any actual packaging or postage costs incurred.

ENGINEERING

| General Engineering enanges | | |
|-----------------------------|--|---------|
| Tender Documents | | \$50.00 |
| | | |

Engineering Staff Labour

General Engineering Charges

| Senior Engineering Staff (Per Hour) | | | \$150.00 |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|----------|
| Other Engineering Staff (Per Hour) | | | \$105.00 |
| Trainee/Cadets (Per Hour) | | | \$60.00 |

Traffic Management Plan - permit application - minimum charge \$150.00

Consultants

Consultancy costs are on-charged at cost. Council may charge an administration cost of up to 5%.

Consultancy costs <u>may be</u> incurred for the following activities:

- Permits for working in the road reserve
- Subdivisions general inspections as work progress. Normally 1 -2 visits per month.
- Subdivisions specific visits for testing of infrastructure e.g. pressure test watermains or pre-seal inspections of road surface.
- Advice on fence encroachments.
- Enforcement of bylaws such as for fencing, cattlestops etc
- Visits required where conditions of consent or other district plan rules are breached.

| CHARGE DESCRIPTION Incl | l GST |
|---|-------|
| - New access ways. | |
| Water Treatment Plant Laboratory Analyses Of Water Samples Bacteriological (Presence/Absence) (Per Sample) \$3 | 35.00 |
| | 35.00 |
| Water Supply Connections Administration Charge Connection Costs (On Charged At Cost – Refer Note Below Regarding Contractor Costs) \$10 | 00.00 |
| Water Supply Reconnections, Disconnections & Re-check Of Meter Readings Administration Charge Connection Costs (On Charged At Cost – Refer Note Below Regarding Contractor Costs) | 25.00 |
| Sewerage Connections (excludes Mahia/Opoutama) Administration Charge Connection Costs (On Charged At Cost – Refer Note Below Regarding Contractor Costs) | 00.00 |
| Stormwater Connections – To Piped Stormwater System | |
| This Applies To Connections To Council's Piped Stormwater System Administration Charge Connection Costs (On Charged At Cost – Refer Note Below Regarding Contractor Costs) | 00.00 |
| Stormwater Connections – To Open Drain Or Kerbside Administration Charge Connection Costs (On Charged At Cost – Refer Note Below Regarding Contractor Costs) | 25.00 |
| NB: Contractor Costs for Services Connections Except as otherwise approved (at the discretion of the Engineering Manager) connections to Council's services (Stormwater, Sewer | |

Except as otherwise approved (at the discretion of the Engineering Manager) connections to Council's services (Stormwater, Sewer & Water Reticulation) may only be carried out by Council's maintenance Contractor. All costs incurred in making the connection will be

| CHARGE DESCRIPTION | Incl GST |
|---|----------|
| on-charged to the applicant. Council may charge an administration cost of up to 5% of the value of the work. | |
| Waste Management | |
| Weighbridge Rates (Minimum weight 20kg) | |
| Direct User Charges – Non Recyclables | |
| Wairoa Landfill – Weighbridge | |
| Green Waste (Per Tonne) | \$60.00 |
| Other Waste (Per Tonne) | \$185.00 |
| NB: If the weighbridge computer is not working, the Non-weighed Rates are to be applied and the transactions manually carried out – with | , |
| handwritten receipts being given for cash received. | |
| Non-Weighed Rates | |
| Clean Green Waste | |
| Clean Green Waste (Per 40 Litre Bag) | \$1.20 |
| Clean Green Waste (Car) | \$6.00 |
| Clean Green Waste (Small Van Or Trailer) | \$9.00 |
| Clean Green Waste (Car & Trailer) | \$12.00 |
| Commercial Vehicles (Trucks) - As Assessed By Attendant | |
| Unsorted Waste | |
| Unsorted Waste (Per 40 Litre Bag) | \$3.70 |
| Unsorted Waste (Car) | \$10.00 |
| Unsorted Waste (Small Van Or Trailer) | \$20.00 |
| Unsorted Waste (Car & Trailer) | \$25.00 |
| Commercial Vehicles (Trucks) - As Assessed By Attendant | |
| NB: 1 x 40 Litre refuse bag = 2 x Supermarket plastic shopping bags. | |
| Vehicles & Tyres | |
| A \$10 petrol voucher will be given for all vehicles accepted at the landfill. Vehicles must be presented with fluids removed and must not be | |
| filled with refuse or other debris. | |
| Tyres are accepted at the following rates to cover the cost of shredding: | 67.00 |
| Car Tyres | \$7.00 |
| Truck Tyres | \$17.00 |

| CHARGE DESCRIPTION | Incl GST |
|--|------------|
| | |
| Burial Of Asbestos | |
| Administration Fee (all Asbestos transations) | \$50.00 |
| Weighbridge Charges for Out of District Asbestos Waste (per tonne) | \$450.00 |
| Note: Asbestos from sites within Wairoa District charged Admin Fee plus prevailing weighbridge rate for general refuse | · |
| | |
| Airport | |
| | |
| Landing Fees | |
| Light Aircraft | \$12.00 |
| Heavy Aircraft | \$15.50 |
| Casual Landings Where Account Required To Be Sent | \$18.50 |
| Facility Fees – Parking Of Aircraft | |
| Topdressing Aircraft (Per Annum) | \$1,610.00 |
| Private Aircraft (Per Annum) | \$690.00 |
| Wairoa Aero Club (Single Engine) (Per Annum) | \$345.00 |
| Privately Owned Aircraft (Operated/Leased By Wairoa Aero Club) | \$355.00 |
| Wairoa Aero Club Leased Planes (For Periods Of Less Than Six Months) (Per Month) | \$20.00 |
| Cookson Air Facilities Lease (Ground Rental) (Per Month) | \$230.00 |
| Hire Of Airport For Driving Schools (Per Day) | \$350.00 |
| Storage Of Microlight Aircraft (Per Annum) | \$57.50 |
| Hireage of aeroclub building (per day or night) | \$200.00 |
| | |
| Cemeteries | |
| Plot Charges Plot Charges | |
| Ashes | \$155.00 |
| Child | \$305.00 |
| Standard | \$615.00 |
| Interments | A |
| Ashes | \$115.00 |
| Still Born | \$70.00 |

| CHARGE DESCRIPTION | Incl GST |
|--|----------|
| Under 13 Years | \$480.00 |
| Standard Single | \$615.00 |
| Standard Double | \$665.00 |
| Disinterment/Reinterment | |
| Contractor actual costs will be on-charged to the applicant. Council may charge an administration cost of up to 5% of the value of the work. | |
| | |
| Sundry Charges | |
| Monumental Work Permit | \$20.00 |
| Parks & Reserves | |
| Rural Domains (Nuhaka, Frasertown, Otoi and Kotemaori) | |
| One off cases per day. User charges for rural domains determined by local Domain committees on a case by case basis. | |
| Urban Parks | |
| Clyde Domain Per Day | \$50.00 |
| Alexandra Park Per Day | \$50.00 |
| Ski Club Reserve (Lockwood Point) Per Day | \$50.00 |
| Lighthouse Reserve Per Day | \$50.00 |

Bonds

Casual daily hirers will be required to pay a refundable bond of \$300 provided facilities left in acceptable state.

REGULATORY

| Build | gnib | Cont | rol |
|-------|------|------|-----|
|-------|------|------|-----|

Building Control Staff

Building Control Officer (Per Hour) \$135.00
Regulatory Administration Officer (Per Hour) \$100.00

Building/Drainage Consents

Consent Applications Based On Time Occupied

DBH Levy: the Building Act 2004 requires council to collect a levy of \$2.01 per \$1000 value of building work valued \$20,000 & over

CHARGE DESCRIPTION

BRANZ Levy: Building Research Levy Act 1969 requires Council to collect a levy of 0.1% (\$1.00 per \$1000 value) Of Building work valued \$20,000 & over

Value of Building Work: This is based on the Dept of Building and Housing costs and Rawlinson's New Zealand Construction Handbook set costs

| COSIS | |
|--|------------------|
| NB: Some of the fees are determined by statute/regulation and Council is not able to change them. They are subject to change without notice. | |
| Central Govt accreditation Audit Fee - under \$20,000 | \$25.00 |
| Central Govt accreditation Audit Fee - under \$100,000 | \$60.00 |
| Central Govt accreditation Audit Fee - over \$100,000 | \$115.00 |
| Central Govt accreditation Audit Fee - Commercial | \$170.00 |
| Residential Consent Deposits - Building Work <\$100,000 <u>deposit</u> | \$400 (dep) |
| Residential Consent Deposits - Building Work >\$100,000 deposit | \$1,000.00 (dep) |
| Commercial Consent Deposit <u>deposit</u> | \$1,000.00 (dep) |
| Manual Lodgement Fee | \$125.00 |
| Online Lodgement Fee | \$75.00 |
| Solid Fuel Heaters – Free Standing within 20km of Wairoa Township (Includes Accreditation Fee) Note additional inspections at cost | \$265.00 |
| | |
| Solid Fuel Heaters – Free Standing further than 20km from Wairoa Township (Includes Accreditation Fee). Note additional inspections at | \$325.00 |
| cost | |
| Solid Fuel Heaters – In Built Heater within 20km of Wairoa Township (Includes Accreditation Fee). Note additional inspections at cost | \$325.00 |
| | |
| Solid Fuel Heaters – In Built Heater further than 20km from the Wairoa Township (Includes Accreditation Fee). Note additional inspections | \$365.00 |
| at cost | |
| Marquees (Includes One Inspection - Additional Inspections At Cost) | \$155.00 |
| Demolition Consent (Includes One Inspection - Additional Inspections At Cost) | \$225.00 |
| Code Compliance Certificate - project up to \$19,999 | \$60.00 |
| Code Compliance Certificate - project value over \$20,000 | \$130.00 |
| Code Compliance Certificate - For consents granted under Building Act 1991 (lodged prior to 30 November 2004) | \$130.00 |
| Building Property Files Search | \$30.00 |
| Building Consent Amendment | \$50.00 |
| Building Consent Cancellation, Lapsing Fee & Refused Fee | \$70.00 |
| Swimming Pool Fence Inspection (Plus Mileage & Time) | \$50.00 |
| | |

| CHARGE DESCRIPTION | Incl GST |
|--|----------|
| Certificate Of Acceptance (Plus Normal Inspection & Mileage) | \$515.00 |
| Certificate Of Public Use (Plus Mileage & Time) | \$255.00 |
| Notice To Fix | \$95.00 |
| Building Relocation Report Request By Territorial Authority/Customer (Plus Mileage & Time) | \$155.00 |
| Administration Fee - Maori Land Court Letter | \$50.00 |
| Administration Fee - Road/footpath damage Bond | \$50.00 |
| Issue of Consent reports - Monthly (Annual subscription) | \$50.00 |
| Issue Of Compliance Schedule | \$255.00 |
| Amendments To Certificate Of Compliance Schedule | \$115.00 |
| Building Warrant Of Fitness Administration | \$100.00 |
| Building Warrant Of Fitness Audit fee | \$150.00 |
| Certificate Of Title Registration Of S73 & 74 Notice (Plus Any Inspection Costs) | \$250.00 |
| Certificate Of Title Registration Of S77 & 78 Notice (Plus Any Inspection Costs) | \$250.00 |
| Application for Building Consent Exemption Fee | \$180.00 |
| Entry of Building Report On To Property File | \$65.00 |
| Photocopy Charges (Refer To Administration Photocopying Charges) | |
| Scanning Building Consent Plans – Standard Fee A4 Sheets & Application Form | \$15.00 |
| Scanning – A3 (Per Sheet) | \$2.00 |
| Scanning – A2 & A1 (Per Sheet) | \$5.00 |
| NB: The above are not applicable to fixed fee consents. | |
| Copy Of Certificate Of Title | \$30.00 |
| Property Information | |
| Land Information Memorandum - 10 working days (Residential/Rural Property) | \$250.00 |
| Property Information Memorandum | \$130.00 |
| Engineering & Planning Fee | \$130.00 |
| | |
| Environmental Health | |
| Registration Of Premises (annual fee) And/Or Approval Of Plan - Fee | |
| Apiaries | \$200.00 |

| CHARGE DESCRIPTION | Incl GST |
|---|----------|
| Ancillary Food Premises | \$200.00 |
| Dairy/Grocery | \$200.00 |
| Butchery/Bakery | \$300.00 |
| | |
| Takeaways | \$320.00 |
| Eating Houses | \$330.00 |
| Fruit & Vegetables | \$200.00 |
| Other Food Premises | \$200.00 |
| Occasional Food Premises – Per Day | \$100.00 |
| Temporary Food Stands | \$50.00 |
| Market Stall | \$50.00 |
| Boarding Houses Etc | \$250.00 |
| Hairdressers | \$170.00 |
| Funeral Directors | \$175.00 |
| Offensive Trades | \$175.00 |
| Motels | \$175.00 |
| Camping Grounds With Shop | \$290.00 |
| Camping Grounds Without Shop | \$190.00 |
| Hawkers | \$165.00 |
| Itinerant Traders | \$165.00 |
| Mobile Shops | \$200.00 |
| Inspections – Client Requested | \$210.00 |
| Local Trade Permit | \$150.00 |
| Registration of Food Control Plan | \$330.00 |
| Annual Food Control Plan Audit | \$190.00 |
| Environmental Health Officer (Per Hour) - charged when extended time required to resolve issues | \$105.00 |
| | |

Liquor Control

Fees Set By Statute (Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 2012 (Fees Regulations))

On / Off / Club Licences and Renewal

Risk Application Annual Fee

| Very Low \$368.00 \$161.00 Low \$609.50 \$391.00 Medium \$816.50 \$632.50 High \$1023.50 \$1,035.00 Very High \$1023.50 \$1,035.00 Special Licences \$575.00 Class 1 \$575.00 Class 2 \$207.00 Class 3 \$63.25 Temporary Licence \$296.70 Permanent Club Charter \$63.25 Extract From Register \$575.50 Appeals to ARLA \$517.50 Extract Of Records \$575.50 Managers Certificate and Renewals \$517.50 Extract Of Records \$316.25 Temporary Authority \$25.00 Regulatory Administration Officer (Per Hour) \$105.00 Regulatory Administration Officer (Per Hour) \$100.00 Pog Control \$120.00 |
|--|
| Medium \$816.50 \$632.50 High \$1023.50 \$1,035.00 Very High \$1207.50 \$1,437.50 Special Licences \$575.00 Class 1 \$575.00 Class 2 \$207.00 Class 3 \$632.50 Temporary Licence \$296.70 Permanent Club Charter \$632.50 Extract From Register \$575.00 Appeals to ARLA \$517.50 Extract Of Records \$517.50 Managers Certificate and Renewals \$316.25 Temporary Authority \$296.70 Fees for Hearings are a Full Cost Recovery \$105.00 Liquor Licencing Officer (Per Hour) \$105.00 Dog Control \$100.00 |
| High \$1023.50 \$1,035.00 Very High \$1207.50 \$1,437.50 Special Licences ************************************ |
| Very High \$1207.50 \$1,437.50 Special Licences (ass 1) (ass 2) \$207.00 Class 3 \$63.25 \$63.25 Temporary Licence \$296.70 \$632.50 Permanent Club Charter \$632.50 \$632.50 Extract From Register \$632.50 \$57.50 Appeals to ARLA \$517.50 \$517.50 Extract Of Records \$25.00 \$316.25 Temporary Authority \$296.70 \$296.70 Fees for Hearings are a Full Cost Recovery \$105.00 \$105.00 Liquor Licencing Officer (Per Hour) \$105.00 \$100.00 Regulatory Administration Officer (Per Hour) \$100.00 \$100.00 |
| Special Licences Class 1 \$575.00 Class 2 \$207.00 Class 3 \$63.25 Temporary Licence \$296.70 Permanent Club Charter \$632.50 Extract From Register \$57.50 Appeals to ARLA \$517.50 Extract Of Records \$25.00 Managers Certificate and Renewals \$316.25 Temporary Authority \$296.70 Fees for Hearings are a Full Cost Recovery Liquor Licencing Officer (Per Hour) Regulatory Administration Officer (Per Hour) Dog Control |
| Class 1 \$575.00 Class 2 \$207.00 Class 3 \$63.25 Temporary Licence \$296.70 Permanent Club Charter \$632.50 Extract From Register \$57.50 Appeals to ARLA \$517.50 Extract Of Records \$25.00 Managers Certificate and Renewals \$316.25 Temporary Authority \$296.70 Fees for Hearings are a Full Cost Recovery \$105.00 Liquor Licencing Officer (Per Hour) \$105.00 Regulatory Administration Officer (Per Hour) \$100.00 |
| Class 2 Class 3 Femporary Licence Permanent Club Charter Extract From Register Appeals to ARLA Extract Of Records Managers Certificate and Renewals Temporary Authority Fees for Hearings are a Full Cost Recovery Liquor Licencing Officer (Per Hour) Dog Control \$207.00 \$296.70 \$296.70 \$296.70 \$105.00 \$105.00 \$100.00 |
| Class 3\$63.25Temporary Licence\$296.70Permanent Club Charter\$632.50Extract From Register\$57.50Appeals to ARLA\$517.50Extract Of Records\$25.00Managers Certificate and Renewals\$316.25Temporary Authority\$296.70Fees for Hearings are a Full Cost Recovery\$105.00Liquor Licencing Officer (Per Hour)\$100.00Regulatory Administration Officer (Per Hour)\$100.00 |
| Temporary Licence \$296.70 Permanent Club Charter \$632.50 Extract From Register \$57.50 Appeals to ARLA \$517.50 Extract Of Records \$25.00 Managers Certificate and Renewals \$316.25 Temporary Authority \$296.70 Fees for Hearings are a Full Cost Recovery Liquor Licencing Officer (Per Hour) \$105.00 Regulatory Administration Officer (Per Hour) \$100.00 |
| Permanent Club Charter Extract From Register Appeals to ARLA \$517.50 Extract Of Records Managers Certificate and Renewals Temporary Authority Fees for Hearings are a Full Cost Recovery Liquor Licencing Officer (Per Hour) Regulatory Administration Officer (Per Hour) Dog Control \$632.50 \$57.50 \$57.50 \$517.50 \$25.00 \$25.00 \$25.00 \$296.70 \$296.70 \$105.00 \$100.00 |
| Extract From Register Appeals to ARLA Extract Of Records Managers Certificate and Renewals Temporary Authority Fees for Hearings are a Full Cost Recovery Liquor Licencing Officer (Per Hour) Regulatory Administration Officer (Per Hour) Dog Control \$57.50 \$517.50 \$25.00 \$25.00 \$296.70 \$105.00 \$105.00 \$100.00 |
| Appeals to ARLA Extract Of Records Managers Certificate and Renewals Temporary Authority Fees for Hearings are a Full Cost Recovery Liquor Licencing Officer (Per Hour) Regulatory Administration Officer (Per Hour) Dog Control \$517.50 \$25.00 \$316.25 \$296.70 \$105.00 \$105.00 |
| Extract Of Records Managers Certificate and Renewals Temporary Authority Fees for Hearings are a Full Cost Recovery Liquor Licencing Officer (Per Hour) Regulatory Administration Officer (Per Hour) Dog Control \$25.00 \$25.00 \$25.00 \$296.70 \$296.70 \$105.00 \$100.00 |
| Managers Certificate and Renewals Temporary Authority \$296.70 Fees for Hearings are a Full Cost Recovery Liquor Licencing Officer (Per Hour) Regulatory Administration Officer (Per Hour) Dog Control \$316.25 \$296.70 \$296.70 \$105.00 |
| Temporary Authority Fees for Hearings are a Full Cost Recovery Liquor Licencing Officer (Per Hour) Regulatory Administration Officer (Per Hour) Dog Control \$296.70 \$105.00 \$105.00 |
| Fees for Hearings are a Full Cost Recovery Liquor Licencing Officer (Per Hour) Regulatory Administration Officer (Per Hour) Dog Control |
| Liquor Licencing Officer (Per Hour) Regulatory Administration Officer (Per Hour) Dog Control \$105.00 \$100.00 |
| Regulatory Administration Officer (Per Hour) Dog Control \$100.00 |
| Dog Control |
| |
| |
| Class D Dogs classifica Dangerous (910.00 discount in registered before 31 July) |
| Class M – Dogs classified Menacing (\$10.00 discount if registered before 31 July) \$120.00 |
| Class S – being all other dogs, including working dogs (\$10.00 discount if registered before 31 July) \$75.00 |
| Replace Tag \$8.00 |
| Micro Chipping \$30.00 |
| Dog Control Officers Time Where Rechargeable (Per Hour) \$100.00 |
| Quantity of the state of the st |
| Impounding Fees |
| First Impounding \$45.00 |
| Second Impounding \$70.00 |

| CHARGE DESCRIPTION | Incl GST |
|--|------------|
| Third and Subsequent Impounding | \$100.00 |
| Dogs Impounded After 6pm and Before 6am | \$105.00 |
| Daily Sustenance Charge | \$12.00 |
| Livestock Control | |
| Stock Impounding | |
| Horses & Cows (Per Head For First Day) | \$35.00 |
| Horses & Cows (Per Head Per Day Thereafter) | \$20.00 |
| Sheep (Per Head For First Day) | \$20.00 |
| Sheep (Per Head Per Day Thereafter) | \$5.00 |
| Driving Charges (Fee Based Upon Cost Of Shifting Stock To Pound (Minimum Charge \$10.00) | |
| Sustenance Charges (Based On Cost Of Stock Food) | |
| Stock Droving | |
| Droving Permit | \$75.00 |
| Holding Paddock (Per Hundred Per Day) | \$20.00 |
| Livestock Control Staff | |
| Council Supervision (Staff Time Charged At Appropriate Rate) | |
| Impounding Officer (Per Hour) Where Rechargeable | \$100.00 |
| Resource Planning | |
| Deposit Payable With Full Cost Recovery: | |
| Deposit Land Use Consent Non Notified | \$450.00 |
| Deposit Subdivision Consent Non Notified | \$800.00 |
| Deposit Land Use & Subdivision Consent Limited Notified | \$2,000.00 |
| Deposit Land Use & Subdivision Consent Notified | \$4,000.00 |
| Deposit Change of Conditions | \$200.00 |
| Deposit Designation & Notice Of Requirements | \$800.00 |
| Deposit Heritage Orders | \$150.00 |
| Deposit Private Plan Change | \$6,000.00 |
| Deposit Overseas Investment Certificate /Crown Land Disposal Certificate | \$200.00 |
| Deposit for Certificate Of Compliance | \$250.00 |
| | |

| CHARGE DESCRIPTION | Incl GST |
|--|----------|
| *Administration Fee | \$100.00 |
| *Monitoring Fee | \$100.00 |
| *Bond Administration Fee | \$50.00 |
| Minimum Fee With Full Cost Recovery | |
| * Review & Signature Survey Plan - S223 | \$200.00 |
| * Review & Signature Survey Plan - S224 | \$200.00 |
| * Review & Signature Survey Plan - S226 | \$200.00 |
| * Outline Plan & Review – S176A | \$250.00 |
| Waiver to Outline Plan | \$100.00 |
| * Right Of Way Application – S348 | \$300.00 |
| NB: * = Minimum fee, additional fees may be charged. | |
| Resource Planning Staff | |
| District Planner (Per Hour) | \$135.00 |
| Regulatory Administration Officer (Per Hour) | \$100.00 |
| Chief Operating Officer (Per Hour) | \$180.00 |
| Engineering Staff at rates determined by the Engineering Manager but not less than \$100.00 per hour | |
| External Costs e.g. Consultants Are Recovered From Applicant At Cost | |
| Emergency Management | |
| Fire Permits (No Cost) | |
| Fire Fighting Costs (Full Cost Recovery) | |
| Emergency Management Staff | 4 |
| Inspections For Fire Plans (Per Hour) | \$100.00 |
| Fire Officer (Per Hour) | \$100.00 |
| Board (TAB) Venue Consent Application | |
| Application Fee | \$300.00 |
| License Inspection Fee (Per Inspection, Following Successful Application) | \$100.00 |
| Consultation & Hearing Costs Are Recovered From Applicant | |

| CHARGE DESCRIPTION | Incl GST |
|---|----------|
| Noise Control | |
| First Call to Excessive Noise | \$40.00 |
| Second Call to Excessive Noise | \$50.00 |
| Third and Subsequent Calls to Excessive Noise | \$60.00 |
| Recovery of Impounded Equipment = Actual Cost + 10% | |
| Noise Control Officer (Per Hour) | \$105.00 |
| Regulatory Administration Officer (Per Hour) | \$100.00 |

Continuous excessive noise will result in further charges up to \$1000.00

| Infringement Fees - I | Dog Control Act 1996 | |
|-----------------------|---|------------|
| Section | Description of offence | Fee (\$) |
| 18 | Wilful obstruction of dog control officer or ranger | \$1,000.00 |
| 19(2) | Failure or refusal to supply information or wilfully providing false particulars | \$1,000.00 |
| 19A(2) | Failure to supply information or wilfully providing false particulars about dog | \$1,000.00 |
| 20(5) | Failure to comply with any bylaw authorised by the section | \$500.00 |
| 23A(2) | Failure to undertake dog owner education programme or dog obedience course (or both) | \$300.00 |
| 24 | Failure to comply with obligations of probationary owner | \$750.00 |
| 28(5) | Failure to comply with effects of disqualification | \$1,000.00 |
| 32(2) | Failure to comply with effects of classification of dog as dangerous dog | \$300.00 |
| 32(4) | Fraudulent sale or transfer of dangerous dog | \$1,000.00 |
| 33EC(1) | Failure to comply with effects of classification of dog as menacing dog | \$300.00 |
| 33F(3) | Failure to advise person of muzzle and leashing requirements | \$100.00 |
| 36A(6) | Failure to implant microchip transponder in dog | \$500.00 |
| 41 | False statement relating to dog registration | \$1,000.00 |
| 41A | Falsely notifying death of dog | \$750.00 |
| 42 | Failure to register dog | \$300.00 |
| 46(4) | Fraudulent procurement or attempt to procure replacement dog registration label or disc | \$1,000.00 |
| 48(3) | Failure to advise change of dog ownership | \$100.00 |
| 49(4) | Failure to advise change of address | \$100.00 |
| 51(1) | Removal, swapping, or counterfeiting of registration label or disc | \$1,000.00 |
| 52A | Failure to keep dog controlled or confined | \$300.00 |
| 53(1) | Failure to keep dog under control | \$300.00 |
| 54(2) | Failure to provide proper care and attention, to supply proper and sufficient food, water, and shelter, and | \$300.00 |
| | to provide adequate exercise | |
| 54A | Failure to carry leash in public | \$100.00 |
| 55(7) | Failure to comply with barking dog abatement notice | \$200.00 |
| 62(4) | Allowing dog known to be dangerous to be at large unmuzzled or unleashed | \$1,000.00 |
| 62(5) | Failure to advise of muzzle and leashing requirements | \$100.00 |
| 72(2) | Releasing dog from custody | \$750.00 |
| | | |

| Infringement Fees - Bu | uilding Act 2004 | |
|------------------------|---|------------|
| Section | Description of offence | Fee (\$) |
| s 40 | Failing to comply with the requirement that building work must be carried out in accordance with a building consent | \$750.00 |
| s 42 | Failing to apply for a certificate of acceptance for urgent building work as soon as practicable after completion of building work | \$500.00 |
| s 85(1) | Person who is not licensed building practitioner carrying out restricted building work without supervision of licensed building practitioner with appropriate licence | \$750.00 |
| s 85(2)(a) | Licensed building practitioner carrying out restricted building work without appropriate licence | \$500.00 |
| s 85(2)(b) | Licensed building practitioner supervising restricted building work without appropriate licence | \$500.00 |
| s 101 | Failing to comply with the requirement to obtain a compliance schedule | \$250.00 |
| s 108(5)(a) | Failing to display a building warrant of fitness required to be displayed | \$250.00 |
| s 108(5)(b) | Displaying a false or misleading building warrant of fitness | \$1,000.00 |
| s 108(5)(c) | Displaying a building warrant of fitness other than in accordance with section 108 | \$1,000.00 |
| s 116B(1)(a) | Using, or knowingly permitting the use of, a building for a use for which it is not safe or not sanitary | \$1,500.00 |
| s 116B(1)(b) | Using, or knowingly permitting the use of, a building that has inadequate means of escape from fire | \$2,000.00 |
| s 124 | Failing to comply with a notice, within the time stated in the notice, requiring work to be carried out on a dangerous, earthquake-prone, or insanitary building | \$1,000.00 |
| s 128 | Using or occupying a building, or permitting another person to do so, contrary to a territorial authority's hoarding, fence, or notice | \$2,000.00 |
| s 168 | Failing to comply with a notice to fix | \$1,000.00 |
| s 314(1) | Person holding himself or herself out as being licensed to do or supervise building work or building inspection work while not being so licensed | \$500.00 |
| s 363 | Using, or permitting use of building having no consent or code compliance certificate or certificate for public use for premises for public use | \$1,500.00 |
| s 367 | Wilfully obstructing, hindering, or resisting a person executing powers conferred under the Act or its regulations | \$500.00 |
| s 368 | Wilfully removing or defacing a notice published under the Act or inciting another person to do so Dam safety offences | \$500.00 |
| s 134(1) | Improper Representation as Licenced Inspector | \$500.00 |
| s 140 | Dam owner failing to prepare, or arrange the preparation of, a dam safety assurance programme and submit it for audit | \$500.00 |

| Infringement Fees - Build | ding Act 2004 | |
|---------------------------|--|------------|
| Section | Description of offence | Fee (\$) |
| s 145 | Dam owner failing to comply with a direction from a regional authority to have a dam safety assurance programme re-audited and submitted | \$250.00 |
| s 150(4)(a) | Dam owner knowingly failing to display a dam compliance certificate required to be displayed | \$250.00 |
| s 150(4)(b) | Dam owner displaying a false or misleading dam compliance certificate | \$1,000.00 |
| s 150(4)(c) | Dam owner displaying a dam compliance certificate other than in accordance with section 150 | \$1,000.00 |
| s 154 | Dam owner failing to comply with a notice, within the time stated in the notice, requiring work to be carried out on a dangerous dam | \$2,000.00 |
| s 134 | Dam owner failing to classify a dam | \$500.00 |
| s 138 | Dam owner failing to comply with a direction from a regional authority to have a classification re-audited and submitted | \$250.00 |

Council

22nd June 2016



Resolution to set Rates for the year commencing 1st July 2016 to 30th June 2017

Department

Finance

Author

A Morton - Chief Financial Officer

1. Purpose

1.1 To set the rates for the year commencing 1 July 2016.

Recommendation

The Chief Financial Officer RECOMMENDS that Council set the following rates under the Local Government (Rating) Act 2002 for the financial year commencing 1st July 2016 to 30th June 2017. As detailed in the attached Resolution to set rates for the year commencing 1 July 2016. (Attached as Appendix 1).

2. Background

- 2.1 Having adopted the Annual Plan for 2016/2017, Council is required to implement the individual rates included in the Funding Impact Statement of that Plan. This report discloses the individual rates required to implement decisions made in the Annual Plan. The individual rates shown in the attached Resolution to set rates for the year commencing 1 July 2016. (Attached as Appendix 1) are inclusive of Goods and Services Tax (GST).
- 2.2 A resolution is required under Section 23 of the Local Government (Rating) Act 2002 to set the rates for the year.

3. Options

- 3.1 The options identified are:
 - a. The Wairoa District Council set rates as recommended in the attached Resolution to set rates for the year commencing 1 July 2016. (Attached as Appendix 1) under the Local Government (Rating) Act 2002 for the financial year commencing 1st July 2016 to 30th June 2017.
 - b. The Wairoa District Council do not set rates as recommended in the attached Resolution to set rates for the year commencing 1 July 2016. (Attached as Appendix 1) under the Local Government (Rating) Act 2002 for the financial year commencing 1st July 2016 to 30th June 2017.
- 3.2 The Wairoa District Council are unable to charge ratepayers the proposed rates for the period 1st July 2016 to 30th June 2017 unless they resolve to do so.
- 3.3 Failure to set rates for the period 1st July 2016 to 30th June 2017 will result in existing rates (for the period 1st July 2015 to 30th June 2016) continuing to be charged until a new resolution is passed.

- 3.4 The preferred option is Option a, this meets the purpose of local government as it will help meet the current and future needs of communities for good-quality infrastructure, local public services, and performance of regulatory functions in a way that is most cost-effective for households and businesses.
- 4. Corporate
 Considerations
 What is the
 change?
 Compliance with
 legislation and
 Council Policy
 Maori Standing
 Committee
 5. Risk
 Management
- 4.1 This will not trigger a s17a review?
- 4.2 A resolution is required under Section 23 of the Local Government (Rating) Act 2002 to set the rates for the year.
- 4.3 This matter has not been referred to the Maori Standing Committee.
- 5.1 There is reputational risk associated with not setting a rate for the year commencing 1st July 2016. There is financial risk associated with not setting a rate for the year commencing 1st July 2016 in that existing rates revenue will be insufficient to fully fund the implementation of the policies, strategies and projects for the 2016/2017 financial year as outlined within the Annual Plan 2016/2017.

Further Information Appendices

None.

Resolution to set rates for the year commencing 1 July 2016. (Attached as Appendix 1). None.

Background
Papers
References (to or
from other
Committees)
Confirmation of
statutory
compliance

None.

In accordance with section 76 of the Local Government Act 2002, this report is approved as:

- a. containing sufficient information about the options and their benefits and costs, bearing in mind the significance of the decisions; and,
- b. is based on adequate knowledge about, and adequate consideration of, the views and preferences of affected and interested parties bearing in mind the significance of the decision.

Signatories

Author: A Morton Approved by: F Power

AUG